"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, cooler to-day; fair to-morrow; light northwesterly winds.

VOL. LIX..,NO. 19,116. * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 27, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

PALLADINO TEST WON'T TAKE PLACE

Medium Wants to Earn $1,000 on Her Own Conditions, Which Are Not Acceptable.

OBJECTS TO ANY OTHERS

Strenuously, with Fist Bangings and Neapolitan Strong Words—She Is "No Pig at a Country Fair."

Eusapia Palladino, the spiritualistic medium of Naples, who convinced European scientists, like Lombroso, Richet, Morselli, Flammarion, and even Sir Oliver Lodge, that she possesses a power through which is concentrated and manipulated an intelligent, supernomal, or supernatural force, will not give a seance in THE TIMES tower. She will give it neither before the prestidigitateurs in order to win Mr. Rinn's $1,000 bill offered for the production of genuine phenomena, nor yet for the isolated, mystic delectation of THE TIMES staff, for the simple reason that the staff are neither Lombrosos nor Flammarions, neither Herrmanns nor Kellars.

THE TIMES thanks La Palladino, but it had simply offered a convenient place where the battle between the anti-Palladinoists and the pro-Palladinoists could be fought out under disinterested auspices. That is all the interest that THE TIMES had in the matter, except a natural curiosity to know how the battle would end.

And there will be no battle. This fact, after exactly a fortnight of challenges and counter-challenges, of conditions and counter-conditions, stipulations, regulations, word jugglery, and suspense, has finally materialized. A perfectly palpable material list of conditions was presented by La Palladino, from which she will not deviate, and these conditions the anti-Palladinoists cannot possibly accept. They were briefly that a single phenomenon, whether it consist of a spirit rap or the levitation of the table, must be considered sufficient for La Palladino to pocket the $1,000 offered by Joseph F. Rinn.

Even Hereward Carrington, whose scientific enterprise brought La Palladino to this country, expressed himself as "annoyed" at the lady's exactions.

"They are absurd," he said, "and I can only account for her obstinacy from the fact that she has been ill-advised by her Neapolitan friends."

Mr. Rinn was more tranquil. He said: "I never expected that she would submit to a scientific test."

How Negotiations Started.

The story of the incidents of the last two weeks which have had for their central interest La Palladino and the small room on the twenty-second floor of The Times Building forms an interesting, if not important, chronicle in the annals of modern spiritism—of the mental attitude of mediums and of profesional magicians. It is a chronicle of truth or subterfuge, of hopes triumphant or ambitions blighted—all according to the point of view.

On Thursday, May 12, Prof. Dickinson Miller, ocupying the Chair of Philosophy at Columbia University, published an article in THE TIMES which, by description and illustration, showed how La Palladino had produced raps, levitations, touches of mysterious hands, breezes, and materializations at the recent séances held in the physical laboratory of Columbia University. The explanation of these phenomena as set forth by the writer may be summed up in two words—fraud and trickery. In commenting on Prof. Miller's exposure THE TIMES of the same date said editorially:

"No one can read his trenchant analysis of her repeated and long-continued conquests without feeling that the men of science have been her willing dupes and her abettors in a sort of conspiracy to mystify society."

But La Palladino was to be heard from. In an interview published in THE TIMES on the same day she described Prof. Miller's methods as "unscientific," voluntarily proposed that she should come to The Times tower and give a séance, and gave this ingenious explanation of her revealed trickery:

"You see, it is like this: Some people are at the table who expect tricks—in fact, they want them. I am in a trance. Nothing happens. They get impatient. They think of the tricks—nothing but tricks. They put their mind on the tricks—and—I—and I automatically respond. But it is not often. They merely will me to do them. That is all."

She also quoted her European scientific investigators to show that her phenomena had apparently long since passed beyond the state when they were considered the products of fraud.

In a communication in THE TIMES of Friday, May 13, Mr. Carrington took exception to Prof. Miller's sweeping exposure on the ground that when La Palladino was not watched sufficiently she produced her phenomena by tricks and fraud; when the control was perfect, she produced genuine phenomena. Such, he stated, had been his experience and the experience of European investigators.

Challenge by Mr. Rinn.

At this point Joseph F. Rinn, for twenty years the dismay of professional mediums; W. S. Davis, an amateur medium and exposer of the pseudo-occult, and James M. Kellogg, who has performed tricks in many ways and in many lands, entered the arena with a formal challenge. They had been the main material exposers of Palladino's tricks at the Columbia séances and spoke with conviction. Mr. Rinn answered Mr. Carrington's declaration of faith by a simple statement: "To be sure, when we were not apparently watching Mme. Palladino, we got all the advertised phenomena. When the control was secure, absolutely nothing happened."

In THE TIMES of Saturday, May 14, Mr. Rinn issued this challenge:

Eusapia Palladino shall be placed in a canvas sack to be provided by me. It shall have no opening except that at the neck, and this opening shall be laced up the back, and this lacing shall be so that it can only be opened by cutting.

The sack shall be fastened to the floor, and at the end of the seance it shall show no signs of having been tampered with.

The medium shall submit to an examination by a committee of ladies to prove that she has no apparatus concealed about her before taking her place in the sack. She shall sit in a corner of the room and in the manner usual at her seances.

If, under these conditions, Eusapia Palladino shall convince an unbiased committee that she has produced supernatural phenomena, I will pay the said Palladino the sum of $1,000. This offer is to remain open for one week.

Counter-Proposal by Palladino.

This challenge was shown to La Palladino. She would not entertain the idea of a sack. She had tried it once in Venice and had nearly died. But she made a counter-proposal, offering to be tied hands and feet.

At this point entered Howard Thurston, a professional magician, a successor of Kellar, with the agreement "to forfeit $1,000 to any charitable institution named if it can be proved that Mme. Palladino cannot levitate a table without resort to trickery or fraud."

Thus Mr. Carrington gained an ally to his belief in the possibility of genuine phenomena.

The room on the twenty-second floor of the Times tower was offered for the experiment, which was expected to take

Continued on Page 8.

RACE TO DAUGHTER CHECKED.

Fog Prevents Mr. and Mrs. Chalmers from Leaving the Mauretania.

W. J. Chalmers of Chicago and Mrs. Chalmers, who have been racing since Friday of last week, when the news of their daughter's illness in Chicago reached them at Carlsbad, to arrive at her bedside before an operation for appendicitis was performed, had chartered a special train for Chicago over the New York Central lines to leave here last night as soon as the Mauretania docked The order for the train was canceled, however, it was said at the offices of the Central, when Mr. Chalmers learned that the Mauretania would not reach her pier until this morning.

The big Cunarder anchored at Quarantine about 10:30 o'clock, and it is understood that Mr. and Mrs. Chalmers had made arrangements to be taken in an automobile from the Cunard pier to the Grand Central Station and there board the special train. A blanket of fog, however, settled over the ship at almost the moment she reached the Quarantine anchorage, spoiling all their plans, as no permit to leave the ship had been provided.

Mr. Chalmers stated in his wireless message canceling the order for the special that they would take the Empire Express this morning. The operation on the daughter, Mrs. Herman Williams, Jr., is expected to be delayed until they arrive.

Up to the present time Mr. Chalmers's race by special boats and trains has cost him $1,000, exclusive of regular passage expenses. He and Mrs. Chalmers traveled by special from Reading, England, to Fishguard, where they took a powerful chartered steamer for Rosslare, County Wexford, Ireland. Here another special train waited to take them to Queenstown, which they reached in time to catch the Mauretania.

SOLDIERS DEPORT MINERS.

They Are Expelled from Durham, Ga., Without Trial for Intimidation.

DURHAM, Ga., May 26.—Twenty-eight Italian miners, who were accused of intimidating the officials o fthe Durham Coal and Coke Company's mines here and arrested this morning by State troops sent by Gov. Brown, were f orcibly deported without trial this afternoon. The arrests were made without disorder.

They claimed that the company owed them arrears of wages and they refused to return to work until they were paid.

The men left in the custody of Sheriff Germany and armed deputies of Walker County, and will be released at Chickamauga, Ga., on their promise not to return to Durham.

A clash between Capt. Meikleham of the Lindale Military Company and Sheriff Germany resulted in delaying the departure of the prisoners for more than an hour. Capt. Meikleham demanded from the Sheriff a receipt for his prisoners. The Sheriff not only refused this request, but declined to accept the custody of the men without warrants having first been sworn out charging the men with crime against the State.

Finally Col. James W. English, Jr., of Atlanta, one of the principal owners of the mines, and his attorney, Col. Earl Jackson, swore out warrants charging the Italians with riot, trespassing, &c., whereupon Sheriff Germany took charge of the prisoners. Later, Col. English withdrew the warrants, upon the promise of the arrested men never to return to Durham.

There is no apprehension of further trouble at the mines.

OUSTS CHIEF CROKER'S CLERK

Commissioner Waldo Dismisses Saul J. Rosenthal for Misuse of Office.

Saul J. Rosenhtal, a clerk at Fire Headquarters, was dismissed yesterday by Commissioner Waldo after a trial on charges of having misused his office in asking for complimentary tickets to amusement resorts at Coney Island. Commissioner Waldo said last night that a letter written by Rosenthal had fallen into his hands, and that it was upon the facts disclosed in this that the charges were brought. The letter was introduced at the trial yesterday afternoon, and Rosenthal was dismissed after a fifteen-minute hearing.

Rosenthal entered the department on June 19, 1896, and soon became a valuable aid to Chief Croker. He was made chief clerk, retaining this post until Commissioner Hayes, after a falling out with Chief Croker, transferred him to Brooklyn two years ago. With the coming of the new administration Chief Croker persuaded Mr. Waldo to bring Rosenthal back to Manhattan Headquarters, and he had been at work there until his dismissal.

Some friends of the Chief were inclined last night to think that the dismissal of Rosenthal was a blow at Croker, but most of these, even his warmest supporters, admitted that if the charges against Rosenthal were sustained the Commissioner had to dismiss him.

POLITICS IN KOHLER CHARGES.

Mayor Attacked for Bringing Them—Made a Campaign Issue.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 26.—The attempt to oust Chief of Police Fred Kohler promises to develop into a political war before the Civil Service Commission begins the hearing. Already rumors are current that the whole affair is due to his enemies, who desire to deprive him of power so that a Republican politician could obtain his place, and it is charged that Mayor Baehr has been made their cat's-paw.

It is this phase of the affair that is bringing Tom Johnson's supporters to Kohler's side and makes the ousting or retaining of the "Golden Rule" Chief almost a campaign issue. At the same time there is a likelihood of a split in the Republican ranks, for Maurice Maschke, the reputed Republican leader of Cuyahoga County, is a warm friend of Kohler, and though he is largely responsible for Mayor Baehr's nomination he will fight any effort to dismiss the Chief.

Kohler asked the Mayor to-day to let him see the affidavits filed with the charges. The Mayor declined the request, whereupon Kohler charged that he was the victim of indiscriminate accusations without any chance to defend himself.

JUDGE WARNS GRAND JURORS.

Will Face Charges If They Are Lenient to Offenders.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, May 26.—The special Grand Jury sitting in connection with the extraordinary term of the Supreme Court called by Gov. Hughes to investigate allegations of graft in this county adjourned suddenly to-day until Wednesday, following a conference of Justice Van Kirk with the jurors in which he warned them that unless they brought in proper indictments they would be made to answer charges themselves.

It has been reported that the jurors were disposed to return indictments for misdemeanors and not for felonies, as desired by Special Prosecutor Virgil K. Kellogg of Watertown.

General Change of Time Tables.
Pennsylvania Railroad, effective Sunday, May 29.—Adv.

DIRECT NOMINATIONS KILLED IN ASSEMBLY

Cobb Compromise Beaten, 94 to 46, at 1 o'Clock This Morning, After Long Filibuster.

HUGHES MESSAGE FAILS

Warns Legislature He Will Veto Meade-Phillips Bill and Demands Enactment of Measure He Favors.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Friday, May 27.—At 1 o'clock this morning the Assembly defeated the Cobb compromise Direct Nominations bill by a vote of 94 to 46. This action followed a protracted filibuster by friends of the bill, a special message from Gov. Hughes declaring that he would veto the Meade-Phillips bill, and the passage of the Cobb bill by the Senate yesterday.

The defeat administered to the Governor was more decisive than that by which the Hinman-Green bill, which abolished all conventions and went the entire distance in providing for nominations by the direct method, was beaten. The vote against that bill was 76 to 67.

Immediately after the vote had been announced Martin McCue, a Tammany member, made a motion to reconsider the vote, on which he moved the previous question. Reconsideration was voted down, which settled the fate of the Cobb bill for the present session.

The vote in detail was as follows:

For the Bill.

REPUBLICANS.

Allen, A. F.
Allen, H. E.
Barden,
Bates,
Bennett,
Brainerd,
Brown, C. F.
Cheney,
Clarke, S. C.
Colne,
Cross,
Doherty,
Feeley,
Filley,
Garfein,
Glore,
Goodspeed,
Green,
Holden,
Lansing,
Lupton,
McInerney,
Miller, J. L.
Murray,
Perkins,
Pitkin,
Reed,
Shepardson,
Sullivan,
Sweet,
Thompson,
Thorn,
Van Dlinda,
Weimert,
Wood.

DEMOCRATS.

Abbey,
Chanler,
Cosad,
Crocker,
De Long,
Evans,
Harwood,
Keller,
McGrath,
Wright.

INDEPENDENT.

Stevenson.

Total 46

Against the Bill.

REPUBLICANS.

Argetsinger,
Baumes,
Boshart,
Brown, G. W.
Burgoyne,
Callan,
Clarke, R. H.
Coffey,
Conklin,
Connell,
Dana,
Delano,
Ebbetts,
Fowler,
Goodwin,
Gray,
Greenwood,
Haines,
Higgins,
Hinman,
Howard,
Kopp,
Lachman,
Lowman,
McDonald,
MacGregor,
Marlatt,
Merritt,
Nolan,
Odell,
Parker,
Phillips, C. W.
Phillips, J. S.
Raldirs,
Roberts,
Shea,
Smith, M.
Sllyer,
Toombs,
Vicinus,
Vosburgh,
Walters,
Waters,
Weber,
Welland,
Weinstein,
White, E. H.
Wadsworth,
Whitley,
Whitney,
Wilsnack,
Yale,
Young, F.

DEMOCRATS.

Beylan,
Brennan,
Caughlan,
Donnelley,
Farrell,
Fay,
Foley,
Friend,
Frisbie,
Gerhardt,
Gerken,
Goldberg,
Graubard,
Hackett,
Hearn,
Herrick,
Hoey,
Jackson,
Josephs,
Levey, A. J.,
Levey, J.,
Manley,
McCue
McElliott,
McKeon,
Metzendorf,
Neuport,
O'Connor,
Oliver,
O'Neill, J. J.,
O'Neill, L. A.,
O'Neil, M. A.,
Rozan,
Sanner,
Shortt,
Smith, A. E.,
Spellacy,
Walker,
Wendel,
White, L. H.,
Zorn.

INDEPENDENT.

Donovan.

Total 94

Absentees.

Beck,
Eveleth,
Gillen,
Lee,
Miller, W. G.,
Patrie,
Trombly,
Ward,
Wilkie,
Young, E.

Total 10

Leaders Prepare for Slaughter.

If the Cobb compromise bill had smooth sailing in the Senate, where the Republican caucus rule was in full force, Minority Leader Grady absent, and all the fight taken out of the bipartisan machinists, it encountered stormy seas the moment it reached the Assembly. The bill was sent to the lower House "for concurrence" as soon as it had passed the Senate.

The Governor's message announcing that he would veto the Meade-Phillips bill, embodying the Republican machine's primary plan, reached the Assembly about the same time as did the Cobb compromise bill after its passage in the Senate.

Hughes's Message is Outspoken.

The Governor did not mince words in his message. He was merciless in his analysis of the bill. The document, which was read amid profound silence and with the members of the lower house crowding into the well beneath the Clerk's desk so as not to lose a word, was in part as follows:

I have examined the provisions of this bill and I deem it important that before the adjournment of your honorable body you should be advised of my views with respect thereto and of the fact that for the reasons stated below the bill will not receive my approval.

The bill to which I have referred is not a grant, but a denial of needed primary reform.

It provides for State-wide enrollment; but it gives to the enrolled voter who does not make politics his vocation scant opportunity for effective participation in the decisions of his party.

It provides for an official primary ballot; but its provisions is of a sort to facilitate domination by party managers and thus to protect the plans and purposes of those who seek, through the control of the nomination of party candidates, to make the administration of government serve the interests of themselves and their allies.

This measure is in the interest of a system which experience condemns and fails to give promise of relief from methods which have caused widespread and constantly increasing protest. Its good provisions are offset by those that are bad. Instead of putting party managers under suitable check and giving to the party voters the decisive voice, it places the party voters in the virtual control of the party managers.

The test is found in the situation of the enrolled voters on primary day. Under this bill what can the enrolled voter do with the elaborate machinery that is provided for

Continued on Page 2.

DEWEY'S FINE OLD MADEIRA WINE.
A delicious dessert wine.
H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 156 Fulton St., New York.—Adv.

THE KING'S FUNERAL.

The solemn splendor of this historic event will be shown in a special section of half-tone reproductions of photographs which will form part of **next Sunday's Times.**

This will be in addition to the usual pictorial and magazine sections.

Be sure to order **next Sunday's Times** early.

BEARS GET PATTEN IN $2,000,000 DEAL

Patten Crowd Said to Have Dropped 20,000,000 Bushels of Wheat in Squeeze.

TEN CENTS AVERAGE LOSS

James A. Patten's Own Losses Put at $1,200,000—Waterman of Albany Pounded by Armour Forces.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 26.—James A. Patten, almost on the eve of his retirement, was forced to "take the count" to-day in one of the liveliest bouts he has ever had with the bears on the Board of Trade. The big speculator acknowledged defeat by throwing over several million bushels of September wheat at quotations said to average fully 10 cents a bushel under the purchase price. Many of his followers likewise suffered losses, which in the aggregate amounted to a large sum. The total loss sustained by Patten was $1,200,000, and by his friends $800,000, according to brokers' estimates.

Excitement ran high on the Board of Trade when it was learned that the Patten crowd was on the run, and the pit began to fill with offerings. Brokers literally fought to execute orders on a market in which prices were declining in a sensational manner. September wheat, before the noon hour, had dropped 4 cents under the close yesterday, selling at 93¾ cents. This was 10 cents a bushel lower than it was selling about two weeks ago.

For several days the bears, encouraged by favorable reports relative to the growing crops, have pounded the market relentlessly. They took the stand that Patten for once was wrong in his judgment, and, as the saying goes on the Board of Trade, they "went gunning" for the Patten line, which at one time was supposed to aggregate at least 12,000,000 bushels.

At first the Patten crowd resisted these attacks, but their position was so weakened by the steady drop in prices that the decision to abandon the bull side of the market was reached at a conference held early in the week. Since then the wheat has been thrown into the pit by the millions of bushels, the selling movement culminating in to-day's remarkable slump.

Not content with stampeding the Patten forces the bears, led by Armour and Lichstern, attacked the position of T. H. Waterman, the Albany miller, in May wheat, forcing the price of that delivery down from $1.10⅛ to $1.06¼. The Armour house is said to have bought altogether in the neighborhood of 1,000,000 bushels of actual wheat, which will be delivered to Waterman next Tuesday. The Eastern man and those behind him are said to be ready to take in the wheat and pay for it. Waterman is an old-time trader, who successfully squeezed the shorts by boosting September wheat last year. The Armour forces, it is said, have been working night and day in order to get wheat down from Duluth in time for delivery on May contracts.

On the closing dealings September wheat slumped to 93 cents and May went to $1.05. These prices, so brokers declared, marked the end of the most disastrous bull campaign in which Mr. Patten ever has engaged. The bears were jubilant after the close of the session, and talked excitedly about the "glorious victory" they had won. Pit observers declared that Patten and his following held at one time 20,000,000 bushels of September wheat. Of this amount Patten and his brother George were credited with holding between them 12,000,000 bushels. The wheat is said to have cost all the way from $1.01 to $1.07 a bushel, the price averaging about $1.05.

The same wheat was sold out from 98 cents down to 93 cents, at an average of probably 95 cents, making the net loss 10 cents a bushel, or $1,200,000 for the Pattens and $800,000 for those associated with them in the deal.

Patten's losses to-day are reckoned to be the heaviest which any one operator has suffered on the Board of Trade since Joseph Leiter's "corner" was smashed by the late P. D. Armour.

AMES TRIAL SECRET.

Court-Martial of Officer in the Philippines to Open on Tuesday.

MANILA, May 26.—The court-martial of Lieut. Col. Robert F. Ames of the Twelfth Infantry, U. S. A., will open next Tuesday. The proceedings will be behind closed doors. At the head of the court will be Brig. Gen. John J. Pershing, commander of Fort William McKinley, and Brig. Gen. Daniel H. Brush, commander of the Department of the Visayas.

Ames is charged with conduct unbecoming an officer and to the prejudice of military discipline. On the night of last March 12 he gave a dinner at his home, at Fort William McKinley, his guests including Lieut. Clarence M. Janney and the latter's wife. In the course of the evening the Janneys quarreled, and the Lieutenant shot and killed himself. An investigation by an army board of inquiry of the circumstances leading up to the tragedy resulted in accusations against Ames.

Ames has been in the army for thirty-six years. He is a native of Rhode Island.

DECORATION DAY AT ATLANTIC CITY.
Three hours from New York via New Jersey Central. In addition to regular service, extra trains will leave Atlantic City for New York, May 30th, at 5:30 and 7:30 P. M. BUFFET PARLOR CARS! Diner on 5:30 train.—Adv.

FRENCH SUBMARINE SUNK WITH 27 MEN

The Pluviose Sent to the Bottom Off Calais by a Channel Ferry Steamer.

RAPPINGS HEARD BY DIVER

But It Is Feared Delay in Rescue Will Be Fatal—Marine Minister Hastens to Calais.

PARIS, Friday, May 27.—A dispatch to the Matin from Calais says that chains have been attached to the submarine Pluviose, sunk off Calais yesterday afternoon by the Dover-Calais steamer Pas de Calais.

A dispatch to The Journal says a torpedo boat destroyer has reported that a diver who succeeded in reaching the Pluviose heard rappings in the interior.

CALAIS, May 26.—A French submarine, the Pluviose, with all her crew aboard, lies to-night in thirty fathoms of water.

She was sent to the bottom of the English Channel at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon by the cross-channel steamer Pas de Calais, which, crowded with passengers bound from Calais for Dover, struck the partly submerged Pluviose when about two miles from the harbor.

Accounts differ as to the cause of the accident. Admiral Fournier has expressed the opinion that the submarine attempted to pass beneath the steamer, while other officials think that the Pluviose, after a long dive, came up by chance under the paddle wheels.

The shock of the contact brought the passengers to the steamer's rails. The Captain, thinking the vessel had struck a submerged buoy, stopped the engines. Almost instantly the hull of the submarine was seen rolling about, as thought trying to right itself.

A boat was hastily launched, but the sailors rapped in vain against the metal sides of the submarine, and the foundering craft, which seemed to have been hard hit, turned partly over and disappeared. The passengers of the Pas de Calais were horror struck.

Signals of distress from the Pas de Calais, which was making water rapidly, brought two tugs to the scene and the steamer returned to Calais. Later a torpedo boat destroyer put out and anchored near the spot where the Pluviose had gone down.

Within an hour or two a wrecking vessel was also lying near the destroyer, and her crew were making hasty preparations to send down divers to locate the submarine, entombed in which are three officers and twenty-four men.

A powerful undercurrent balked the divers in their attempt to reach the Pluviose, and if the imprisoned men are not already dead, it is almost certain that the delay will prove fatal.

The submarine lies in many fathoms of water, and the divers were only able to descend a short distance. Powerful dredges and machinery will arrive from Cherbourg in the morning, when all efforts will be centred in a final attempt to reach the ill-fated craft and bring her to the surface.

The general fear is entertained that the Pluviose received a vital blow from the paddle wheels of the Pas de Calais and that some of her plates were crushed. Even if the crew succeeded in closing her water-tight compartments they will not be able to survive for any great length of time. Of the three officers in the Pluviose one was Commandant Prat of the Submarine Division of Calais.

The Pluviose left Calais thirty minutes before the time when she came under the paddle wheel of the Pas de Calais.

PARIS, May 26.—The Minister of Marine started for Calais on receiving word of the accident to the Pluviose.

Admiral Fournier states that the Pluviose attempted to pass underneath the Pas de Calais.

Torpedo boat destroyers have been dispatched to the scene from Dunkirk.

The submarine was of the Laubeuf type. Her length was 160 feet, and her displacement was 398 tons.

The development of the submarine type of war craft in recent years has been attended with many accidents and considerable loss of life. The most recent disaster before that of yesterday was the foundering of the Japanese Submarine No. 6 in Hiroshima Bay. The crew of fourteen were lost. When the vessel was raised there was found in the conning tower a message from the commanding officer which told the story of the tragedy, the responsibility for which was assumed by the writer.

The French Navy has suffered severely, five of its submarines having been sunk or badly damaged. One French crew was rescued after living in compressed air for seventy-two hours.

The Russian Delfin sank at her moorings and twenty-one men were drowned.

The Kambala, also Russian, was rammed by a cruiser off Sevastopol and sank. Several of her men were killed.

One British submarine has been sunk and explosions have occurred on two others, causing the deaths of fifteen men.

The French losses are as follows:

The Farfadet sank off Bizerta, Tunis, July 6, 1905. The crew were saved, but the vessel was lost.

The Lutin sank off Bizerta after an explosion; Lieut. FFepoux, the commander, and fourteen men killed; Oct. 17, 1906.

The Algerian sank at her moorings at Cherbourg Jan. 11, 1907; no loss of life.

Submarine X became unmanageable off Cherbourg Jan. 11, 1907; saved by a torpedo boat.

The Gymnote struck a rock off Toulon March 5, 1907; saved without loss of life.

The Italian submarine Foca was blown up while cruising in the Bay of Naples April 26, 1909. Eight of the crew were killed.

The American Navy has not escaped. One man was killed and several were injured in Mare Island navy yard when a barge to which the submarines Grampus and Pike were moored blew up on Sept. 18, 1908.

The crews of the American Viper, Cuttlefish, and Octopus were injured by inhaling poisonous gases on the trip from New York to Norfolk on Oct. 10, 1908.

BARK WRECKED; 15 DROWNED.

British Vessel Swanhilda Lost Off Terra del Fuego—Captain Dead.

PUNTA ARENAS, May 26.—The British bark Swanhilda has been wrecked on Staten Island, the southeast extremity of Terra del Fuego, and Capt. Pyne, his wife, and thirteen others have been drowned.

The Swanhilda sailed from Cardiff on March 15 for the west coast of South America.

No details of the disaster have been received here.

Vacation and Outing Season here. Hudson River Day Line open. Music.—Adv.

KITCHENER AS VICEROY.

English Paper Says That the Appointment Is Practically Settled.

LONDON, Friday, May 27.—According to The Western Morning News, it is practically settled that Lord Kitchener will be the next Viceroy of India.

The Western Morning News, published in Plymouth, is one of the most influential provincial daily newspapers in England.

SWITZERLAND SHAKEN.

Earthshock Throughout the Country—Most Severe at Berne.

BERNE, May 26.—An earth shock was felt throughout Switzerland this morning.

The movement was most pronounced in the vicinity of this city, where household furniture was in some instances overturned.

BOOKMAKERS KILL JOCKEY.

Roumanians, Enraged by Pulling of Horse, Riddle Rider with Bullets.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 26.—According to a Bucharest dispatch, in the course of a race meeting at Braila, a jockey named Gallas was seen to pull his horse. This caused excited protests, in the midst of which several bookmakers drew revolvers and fired at Gallas, who was riddled with bullets and fell dead.

The murderers fled, and so far have not been discovered.

WIRELESS VIA PIKE'S PEAK.

Station to be Relay Point Between Atlantic and Pacific.

DENVER, May 26.—According to information received here, a wireless telegraph station will be established soon on the top of Pike's Peak.

It will be used as the midway transmitting and receiving point in an effort to send wireless messages from the Atlantic to the Pacific Coast.

PRAISE FOR NEW KING.

J. Kendrick Bangs Has Doyle's Authority for Calling Him a Strong Ruler.

John Kendrick Bangs, the writer, arrived yesterday on the White Star liner Adriatic. He said that Sir Arthur Conan Doyle had asked him to dispel in America any belief that King George was not "up to the mark."

Sir Arthur told him to say that the new King was the strongest and biggest man ever seen on the British throne.

He is familiar with the resources and the needs of his country and is interested in the things worth while.

REFUSED HER AGE; INDICTED.

Nebraska Woman Must Answer for Thwarting Census Enumerator.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 26.—Because she refused to give her age to the census taker, Miss Sarah E. Peck, head of the Normal Department of Union College, has been indicted by the Federal Grand Jury.

Miss Peck, the enumerator declares, not only refused to tell her age, but when he asked her if she had been married or divorced, told him his inquiries were impertinent.

CONNERS CALLS A MEETING.

Democratic State Chairman Is Expected to Retire Next Thursday.

William J. Conners, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, issued the long-awaited call for the next meeting of the body last night. It will be held at the Hoffman House next Thursday.

Mr. Conners has been in the city for several days, transacting private business. He refused last night to add anything to the bare announcement of the call for the meeting. It is generally understood that he will refuse a re-election to the Chairmanship.

The Tammany leaders and the anti-Conners forces up-State have been gaining strength in their hold on the committee for a long time. Conners has been active of late, spending a great deal of time in this city, but whenever he has been approached on politics he has reaffirmed his decision to retire.

A NEW "IMMORTAL."

Mgr. Duchesne Elected by Academy to Succeed Cardinal Mathieu.

PARIS, May 26.—Mgr. Duchesne, Director of the French College at Rome, was to-day elected a member of the French Academy, succeeding the late Cardinal Mathieu.

Mgr. Louis Marie Olivier Duchesne, who was born in 1843 at St. Servan, has been for a long time a member of the Académie des Inscriptions et Belles-Lettres.

He is the author of a large number of books on Christian history, archaeology, &c., among them being "Fastes Episcopaux," "Les Premiers Temps de l'Etat Pontifical," "Etude sur le Liber Pontificalis," "Origines du Culte Chrétien," "Les Origines Chrétiennes," and "Martyrologium Hieronymianum."

Mgr. Duchesne is a Commander of the Legion of Honor.

U. S. FAVOR TO ARGENTINA.

Twenty Argentine Naval Officers to Be Taken on Our Warships.

BUENOS AYRES, May 26.—News that the Government of the United States has practically authorized the admission of twenty officers of the Argentine Navy to the American squadron is favorably commented upon here and has produced an excellent impression in all circles.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Naval officials are not yet informed that arrangements have been concluded for taking Argentine officers aboard the Atlantic Fleet, but it is admitted that the project is well under way, and it is not doubted that it will be put into execution.

The idea is to inform these officers as to the best means of training themselves to take charge of the two magnificent battleships which are to be built in this country for their Government.

THEIR NAMES DON'T SUIT.

Zmudzinski Wants to Be Schmidt and Wichnalek Victor.

John Zmudzinski of Bayonne, N. J., has asked permission in the Hudson County Court to change his name to John Schmidt. He says no one can pronounce his right name.

In Mineola, L. I., George Julius Wichnalek persuaded Judge Jackson yesterday that he should be allowed to change his name to Victor, because all his women friends and every new acquaintance he makes laugh at his present cognomen.

Wichnalek will become Victor on and after June 13.

HOTELS MT. WASHINGTON & MT. PLEASANT at Bretton Woods. Representatives at 1,180 B'way.—Adv.

DENY DEPEW STORY AS TO SPANISH WAR

Authorities in Washington Declare No Overtures Were Made to McKinley.

BUT SENATOR IS CONFIDENT

Says an "Exalted Personage," Not Spanish or American, and Still Alive, Was the Negotiator.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—On the best authority now obtainable—after the lapse of twelve years—THE NEW YORK TIMES'S correspondent is able to state that not the least intimation was ever made to President McKinley of the possibility, recently asserted by Senator Depew, that the war with Spain might have been avoided if Spain could have obtained assurance that a proposition from her looking to the independence of Cuba would be aceptable to the United States.

Among those who are in a position to know most accurately and authoritatively all that was written, said, and done during the long negotiations that culminated in the war, this new assertion is described, bluntly, as "untrue and absurd." It was pointed out to-day in the best-informed quarters that the "ultimate possibility," so far as Spain was concerned, was contained in the decree of the Queen Regent, of which Minister Polo y Bernabe notified this Government on the eve of Easter Sunday, April 10, 1898, in a note in which he added that, under the autonomic constitution, which was to be given to the Cubans, "the franchise and liberties granted to the Cubans are such that no motive or pretext is left for claiming any fuller measure thereof."

Moreover, it is made perfectly clear that when, after repeated failures to obtain anything from the Spanish Government that offered even a hope of settlement through the immediate abandonment of Cuba, this Government finally changed its demand on Spain to one for an armistice for six months to enable negotiations to be carried on without the disturbing influence of hostilities, the Spanish Government replied that it was willing to grant an armistice upon the request of the insurgents.

At last, when the Spanish Government recognized that President McKinley had been pushed to the limit of endurance by public sentiment in this country, it did proclaim an armistice, but under such conditions and with such terms that the insurgent leaders would not accept it, and even that proposition failed. And the autonomic constitution about which Minister Polo wrote so strongly was merely a shell with no kernel in it.

McKinley Opposed the War.

Among those now here who were familiar with the situation twelve years ago it is no secret that President McKinley was opposed to war, and did everything in his power to avert it. So did every man connected with the Administration. It was in Congress that the war sentiment developed to the point where President McKinley could not control it. It was learned this afternoon that direct intimation was made to him only a short time before his final message asking for authority to act was sent in that unless he sent the message very soon Congress would act of its own acord without a message.

The situation had been canvassed very closely in both houses, and those in favor of recognizing the independence of the Cubans knew they had the votes to pass the resolution. One of the Senators said to an important member of the Administration: "You seem to forget that it is Congress which has the power to declare war, and it can do so without the advice of the President."

It was said this afternoon by a gentleman who is thoroughly familiar with what was going on in the Spring of 1898 that if Mr. McKinley had not sent his message to Congress when he did send it, the declaration of war would have come anyway within a very short time.

Senator Depew, however, is not in the least shaken in his view of what might have been accomplished. He explains that his "personal knowledge" of what was really going on came through his association with a certain "exalted personage," who remains unnamed and unidentified, but who possessed powerful "ramifications" and had a great interest in the maintenance of peace and Spanish honor. It is an extraordinary story which Senator Depew now tells in elaboration of the brief remarks he made in the Senate.

Mr. Depew's Story.

He realizes that the official records of the negotiations before the war all sustain the commonly accepted theory that war was declared by this country only after every effort to induce Spain to yield the concessions which were finally wrung from her by force had failed.

He does not believe, however, that the official records of the State Department bear in any way on his explanation of this country's rush into war. He considers that the only outlet left to the Spanish Government at the time, aside from a necessarily disastrous war, would have been the unwritten but absolutely reliable assurance from this Government that subsequent Spanish proposals for the relinquishment of Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippines would be accepted when finally Spain was ready to present them through the ordinary channels.

As these preliminary negotiations had to be underwritten to effect their purpose of saving the face of the ruling classes in Spain, Mr. Depew thinks it only natural that the official correspondence on the subject that might in the end be made public to the Spanish people should all point to Spain's seemingly irrevocable intention to fight to the end. Mr. Depew did not refer to-day to the fact that Porto Rico and the Philippines did not enter into the discussion until after the war was practically ended.

That this country did propose to Spain just such conditions as he believes Spain was indirectly proposing to us, and that Spain rejected them, is a matter of diplomatic history perfectly well known to Mr. Depew. But his point is that the ruling classes in Spain realized that, should it appear that without a fight the Government had surrendered to the United States, a revolution would have broken out at once, which would have meant the overthrow of the existing Government.

Spain's Alleged Plan.

Spain's desire, according to Mr. Depew, was, after receiving assurances from this Government, to proceed to educate the Spanish people to the idea of relinquishing the colonial possessions from reasons of economy and other reasons that would be natural even without the threats of the United States to compel such action.

That being the case, it was absolutely necessary, says Mr. Depew, that there should be no record of the preliminary negotiations, that they should in no sense be diplomatic, and that when the proposals were finally made by Spain they should come as if dictated solely by her own colonial policy, modified by changing conditions. The negotiations must have been such that, if anything did come of them the preliminary stages could be lost in oblivion, with the practical results alone remaining without a

trace of Spain's humiliation to anger the haughty Spanish people. They must also have been such that should they fail—as they did fail—both the Spanish Government and the third party, acting as intermediary, could deny absolutely that any negotiations had ever been contemplated.

"Those negotiations had to be such," said Mr. Depew, "that in either event all parties concerned could deny that they had existed—as they have been denied."

How these mysterious unwritten negotiations that everybody except himself seems to have forgotten, were conducted, and how they failed through Mr. McKinley's lack of personal hold on the country, Mr. Depew consented to tell THE NEW YORK TIMES to-day. It is an interesting story, and, for the indirectness of diplomatic intrigue which it sets forth, it rivals the novels of the elder Dumas. The chief character in the story, as Mr. Depew tells it, is an "exalted personage," who is nameless—for obvious reasons, as political speakers say in quoting a "high authority."

It was this exalted personage who undertook to keep all preliminary negotiations out of print, and to cover all connecting links between the desire of the rulers of Spain to avoid a war and the demand of the United States that Spain withdraw herself from a valuable colonial field. Out of friendship for Spain—though he was not a Spaniard—and a desire for peace with America—though he was not an American—this exalted personage volunteered to obtain from the United States such assurances as would enable the Spanish Government to prepare its people for relinquishing practically all their colonial possessions. He failed, according to Mr. Depew, because Mr. McKinley was not strong enough to hold this country in check until the Spanish plan could have been carried into effect.

Mr. Depew believes that he failed in spite of the fact that President McKinley was perfectly aware that all that was gained by the war could have been gained in a few more months of peace. This failure Mr. Depew attributes to personal weakness in Mr. McKinley's character, and to the overwhelming desire of the American people to "lick Spain," whether the licking were necessary or not.

"A Roosevelt Was Needed."

"It would have taken a Roosevelt or a Jackson to hold the country from war," said Mr. Depew, "and I am not certain that they would have succeeded. I have often wondered what would have happened if the President had gone before the country with a plea for peace—but even that would have been violating the confidence of the personage to whom I have referred, and absolutely frustrated the Spanish plan of having Spain's surrender seem a mere development of her domestic policy."

All efforts to induce Mr. Depew to name the exalted personage who directed the negotiations failed. At times Mr. Depew spoke of him as if the Senator had been in personal conversation with him on the subject at issue, and as if there were other private citizens who also had his confidence. Other references might have indicated that the whole matter was conducted at long range and that, through what Mr. Depew called his "ramifications," the exalted personage had got into communication with private citizens on this side who, in their unofficial capacity, could discuss the whole matter freely with the President.

"The personage to whom I refer," said Mr. Depew, "was neither an American nor a Spaniard, but an exalted personage interested in the peace of the world. He is still living," he added, after a pause, so that eliminates the late King of England and the late Pope Leo XIII.

Senator Depew explains the feasibility of the plan the exalted and unknown personage was trying to carry out altogether by the pride and ignorance of the Spanish people. The people—and here he meant the people as opposed to the ruling classes—did not mind being beaten in war, they did not even care for holding the colonies. But their self-respect demanded that no surrender be made without a fight.

"This pride of the Spanish people," said Mr. Depew, "was well understood by the personage to whom I have referred. He went therefore to the rulers of Spain and pointed out to them what they easily admitted—the hopelessness of a war with a Nation of the unlimited wealth and population of the United States. He recited the facts that the colonies had been a steady drain of men and money on the Mother Country for 300 years, and that they would certainly so remain for many years to come unless some steps were taken to get rid of them. He also pointed out the eagerness of the American people for war, and then indicated what still seemed the only outlet for the Spanish from the situation."

This eagerness of the American people constituted the real difficulty in the negotiations proposed by the exalted personage, as, in Mr. Depew's opinion, it resulted in the end the failure of those negotiations. The Spaniards feared, said Senator Depew, that impossible conditions would be demanded of them, and that even should they yield to all demands their troubles would not be ended.

"The truth is," said the Senator, "that it was not that we wanted Cuba or Porto Rico. We wanted to lick Spain. It had been so long since we had licked anybody that we wanted to see whether we could do it."

Realizing the attitude of the Americans as well as the pride of the Spanish, the exalted personage used every precaution to conceal every step he took in the interest of peace, so that by no chance could it be said afterward that the Spanish Government had yielded to American demands. Everything was prepared for subsequent denials.

"This personage," went on Mr. Depew, "who is in a high place and has many ramifications, got in touch with persons here in whom he had absolute confidence. To them he outlined his plan and obtained their co-operation in setting the matter before the Government of the United States. You see in that way there could be none of the records that would have come into existence whether the proposals had gone diplomatically from Spain to the United States or from Spain through a third power."

"How did the Spanish proposition actually get before President McKinley?" Mr. Depew was asked.

"There was no proposition from any power to any power," Mr. Depew answered quickly. "There was simply a plan put forward by this disinterested personage through private channels. But there was no misunderstanding about it. The President realized the situation fully."

"The President learned of this whole matter directly through you, Senator?" Mr. Depew was then asked.

"I would not say that," answered Mr. Depew, slowly. "I don't want to put myself in that position."

Exactly how long before the outbreak of war these informal negotiations began Mr. Depew did not remember. He said, however, that from a diplomatic point of view the time left Mr. McKinley for satisfying his own people was short, and that fact added to his difficulties in mastering the situation.

"Like everything else Spanish," said Mr. Depew, "the proposal took form late."

What the Spanish were willing to yield if only time were allowed to them to yield gracefully makes up a surprising list as told by Mr. Depew. They were willing, he said, to give up their power in Cuba, preferring to make her an autonomous State, like Canada, but ready in the end to set her free entirely or even to cede her to the United States. As to Porto Rico, said Mr. Depew, they did not care about the island at all, and would have ceded it without hesitation. The Philippines the Senator thinks the Spanish considered in the same category with Porto Rico. He did not say exactly how long he thought it would have taken for the Spanish Government to carry out this plan, but he seemed to think that a comparatively short time would have sufficed for the Government to convince the people that the course proposed was the only logical one, and that the United States was in no sense driving Spain to concessions.

"Lord Salisbury said after the Cleveland message to Venezuela," added Mr. Depew, "that then was an expedient time for Great Britain to go to war with the United States. Well, he lacked as Prime Minister in one direction exactly the sort of influence that Mr. McKinley as President lacked in another. He could not drive his country into war, and the President could not hold his country at peace."

Of course, the most interesting part of all this is the personality of the great unknown exalted personage, and the original description Mr. Depew gives of him greatly reduces the number of possibilities. From Mr. Depew's references to his "ramifications" it would appear that a potentate of some sort was meant, though there was nothing to indicate whether he was a Prince spiritual or temporal. If spiritual, it might have been the Pope, but Leo was reigning at the time referred to, and Pope Leo is now dead. Archbishop Ireland, whose efforts to preserve peace were conspicuous, is ordinarily considered an American prelate, and that would put him outside the description, but as a matter of fact the Archbishop was born in Ireland. Mr. Depew, it must be remembered, did not become Senator until the year following the outbreak of the war. The Archbishop at that time was almost constantly in Washington, and was a familiar guest in official and diplomatic society, working with all his might to stave off a war.

Queen Victoria is known to have been personally interested in the welfare of the Spanish monarchy, but her death, like that of her son, King Edward VII., puts her outside Mr. Depew's description of his exalted personage, who is neither American nor Spanish nor dead. King Humbert of Italy is dead, though he, too, was especially friendly to Spain. This list leaves, besides the possibility that the Archbishop on behalf of Pope Leo was himself the exalted personage referred to, scarcely any one except Emperor William and the Emperor of Austria. The latter's friendship for the royal family of Spain was unusually warm, and his namerises first to mind here when mention is made of outside efforts to ward off hostilities which every one knew would be disastrous for the little kingdom. But to men in public life here who remember the incidents of the Spring of 1898, and who knew them at first hand, the puzzle of the unknown and mysterious personage gives place in interest to the bare question whether or not any proposals of the sort recalled by Senator Depew were made to President McKinley.

Senator Lodge was at that time junior Republican on the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, and he was on good terms with the White House. He said today he knew of no proposals of peace, official or unofficial, diplomatic or otherwise, made by Spain or by a disinterested personage, that ever reached President McKinley. He expressed the belief that the President had never received any such proposals.

"I only know what the President told me," said Mr. Lodge with a smile. "All our proposals were rejected flatly by Spain. Then we went to war."

Senator Cullom of Illinois is now Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, and at the time of the Spanish war he was one of its senior members. He said to-day simply that he had absolutely no recollection of any proposals that showed the least possibility of obtaining concessions from Spain. He, too, referred to the rejection by Spain of all American proposals.

WILL TEST TAXIMETERS HERE.

Inventor Will Operate Fifty Under Police Supervision.

J. W. Jones, Vice President of the American Taximeter Company, who is the inventor of the taximeters used on most of the taxicabs in New York City, announced yesterday that on Tuesday he would make an extensive test of the taximeters in this city, his object being to prove to the public that the taximeters were all right and that if a person was cheated it was generally the person's own fault. Mr. Jones also said he wanted to let everybody know how to keep from being overcharged by dishonest chauffeurs, and would endeavor to educate them into the secrets of the taximeter.

The test next Tuesday will involve between forty and fifty taxicabs that will be selected at random about the city and then, proceeding to Central Park, will be put through the test. Police Commissioner Baker has granted permission for the tests, and police officials will accompany the cars.

"The American Taximeter Company," Mr. Jones said last night, "which supplies the meters, and the taxicab companies, which use them, are as anxious as the public can possibly be to prevent the collection of overcharges by dishonest chauffeurs from persons renting taxicabs in New York. In my opinion, there are very few among the 1,700 drivers of taxicabs in the city who are dishonest, and on them should the blame be placed for any erroneous impression that the meters do not register correctly or are tampered with.

"The main trouble has come through the public not knowing the facts in regard to taximeters. Tariff 2, which is the charge for three or four persons, is sometimes charged instead of Tariff 1, which is the charge for one or two persons, because the person or persons using the cab do not look at the tariff registered by the driver when he starts. A person riding inside the cab may figure on a certain tariff and not take into consideration that the cab may have stopped along the way and a different rate charged than that he expected on account of the time thus taken out. In other cases a charge may be made for baggage when none has been carried. If the passenger watched the meter this could not be. It is also possible for a driver not to pull down his 'Vacant' or 'For Hire' sign and at the end of the trip make the statement to the passenger that the meter is out of order. He makes a charge to suit himself and puts the proceeds in his own pocket.

"If the police know the rates that should be charged and the passengers know them, in case of a dispute there should be no necessity of taking both the passenger and the driver to the station to have it settled. The driver alone should be arrested."

DIRECT NOMINATIONS KILLED IN ASSEMBLY

Continued from Page 1.

the primary? Can he express his choice as to a single candidate of his party for public office? Not one. Can he say whom he desires to be the party candidate for a State office, or for election to Congress, to the State Senate or Assembly, or even to any of the offices within his own county? Not at all. He is invited to participate in the selection of a host of delegates about whom in ordinary cases he will know nothing, and of whose choice of candidates he has no satisfactory assurance.

I shall not attempt to enter into a consideration of the minor imperfections of the bill, to which I have referred, as in my judgment it is structurally unsound and should not be treated as a proper measure of reform.

I desire again to direct the attention of your honorable body to the gravity of the questions involved and to express the hope that before adjournment you will provide for a suitable measure for the correction of primary abuses and thus respond to what I believe to be a just and urgent demand of the people of the State.

It was not until three hours after the Governor's message had been received that the Cobb bill was taken up in the Assembly. With it was an emergency message from Gov. Hughes for its immediate passage. Assemblyman Green moved that consideration be postponed until today in order that the members might acquaint themselves with its provisions. Majority Leader Merritt oposed the motion.

"In order to rebuke the Chief Executive of this State for his inordinate and indecorous haste in vetoing a bill which was not yet before him, I move that we proceed at once to consider this measure," said Mr. Foley, one of the Tammany members.

Assemblyman Jesse S. Phillips, one of the Wadsworth lieutenants, spilled the vials of his wrath over Gov. Hughes.

"We have here the shameful spectacle of a Chief Executive so far forgetting himself as to indicate what he would do to a certain measure before that measure has reached him," shouted Mr. Phillips. "Nothing like that has ever occurred in the history of our State."

The motion to postpone consideration was defeated, 50 to 89. Majority Leader Merritt moved that the bill be taken up on the order of second reading and final passage.

It was then that Assemblyman Bates of New York announced that he knew nothing of the provisions of the bill and would avail himself of the rule that on the request of one member any measure before the House on second reading must be read and considered section by section. A howl of protest and dismay rang through the Assembly Chamber. It was after 8 o'clock, and the bill consists of 140 printed quarto pages. Several members sought to persuade Mr. Bates, who is one of the newer members, to desist. He persisted, and Speaker Wadsworth, with an air of disgust, ruled that the bill must be read.

Ray B. Smith, the clerk, began reading it. The rapid, low monotone could be heard only a few feet from the rostrum.

In the Senate the Cobb bill came up just before the noon recess, but an objection to its consideration made it necessary for the Committee on Rules to provide a special set of rules to pave the way for its passage. After the recess the bill was passed, after less than an hour's debate, by a vote of 34 to 19.

A Few Days In the Country

¶ Pass this end of May holiday in the country—an ideal time for a few days' recreation. A special Decoration Day rate from Saturday to Monday is advertised by many of the best class resorts. These may be found under the classification of Country Board on Page 12.

FAILS TO ADVANCE TAFT TRAVEL MONEY

Executive Wanderlust Denounced in House When Exhausted 1910 Allowance Comes Up.

TAWNEY BLAMES DEMOCRATS

Names Nine Governors Who Invited President and Says They Now Want to Make Him Pay Board.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—The traveling expenses of the President and the disclosure of the fact that the Executive has exhausted his $25,000 allowance for the fiscal year 1910 were subjects of heated debate in the House this afternoon, which finally resulted in a point of order being sustained against the provision making the 1911 traveling allowance of $25,000 "immediately available."

The President must pay his own expenses from now until July 1 unless the "immediately available" clause is restored by the Senate and eventually accepted by the House. This though Speaker Cannon, who was upon the floor while the House sat in Committee of the Whole, joined in the debate and read a lecture to those who would curtail the President's travel money.

Representatives Fitzgerald of New York and Bartlett and Hardwick of Georgia were especially critical in their remarks. Commenting on the fact that the President's 1910 travel appropriation had been exhausted, Mr. Fitzgerald said:

"When this was discovered it would have been more to the President's credit if he had shown sufficient strength of character either to decline some of these invitations or to pay his own expenses after exhausting his appropriation.

"The country does not approve of this wanderlust which has filled its Chief Executive. When Congress is not in session there may be occasions when the President should visit the whole country, but no one ever imagined that the President would spend most of his time away from Washington—or, at least, a great part of his time away from Washington—when Congress is in session."

Representative Cullop, Democrat, of Indiana, reminded the House that when the President's salary was increased from $50,000 to $75,000 it was the intent of the House that the latter amount should include all transportation expenses. Republican members in reply denied that such action prohibited Congress from appropriating additional amounts if it saw fit.

Had Mr. Tawney, after stating that the President's travel allowance for 1910 was exhausted, contented himself with asking that the 1911 allowance be made available, the item might have gone through as drawn. But instead he began to criticise the hosts of the President.

"The nine Governors of the States of Texas, Arkansas, Colorado, Mississippi, Louisiana, Montana, South Carolina and North Carolina, and Indiana, extended invitations," said Mr. Tawney. "Republicans invited him as well as Democrats, but Republicans are not opposing this appropriation.

"The eleven Democratic Senators," he went on, "who invited him to visit their States were from Louisiana, Mississippi, Georgia, Tennessee, Missouri, South Carolina, Florida, Colorado, and North Carolina. There were twenty-five Democratic Representatives who extended invitations."

Mr. Tawney later charged Representatives Taylor of Colorado and Bartlett and Hardwick of Georgia, with having ridden in the President's private car while he was on his swing around the circuit.

Both Georgia members retorted hotly that they had paid their own fare, declining the President's invitation to ride free.

"If it is suggested that any member of this Congress who has been the guest of the President in a social way incurs a political obligation which must be reflected in his vote on this floor, I scorn the insinuation, and repudiate the idea," shouted Mr. Hardwick. "I do not believe the President would stand for any such talk. The gentleman from Minnesota rang me in wrongly on this proposition. Where did the gentleman get the names of the President's guests?"

"From the secretary to the President," responded Mr. Tawney.

"So it appears that the secretary to the President undertakes to furnish ammunition to be used on an occasion like this," rejoined Mr. Hardwick. "I am astounded that such should be the case."

Speaker Cannon, for whom the House has declined to appropriate $2,500 for automobile maintenance, had this to say:

"The President is the Executive of a great Government of 90,000,000 people; the greatest and most prosperous Government on earth. So far as power is concerned under our Constitution he has more of power and more of responsibility than any other executive on earth save alone the Czar of all the Russias.

"I think this great people, where sovereignty resides, is interested in meeting, so far as his duties will render practical, the Chief Executive. If I had my way and it were practical I would be glad to have every Representative see something of this country for which he legislates.

"You may say that he does not have to do it, but the President, if he performs his functions, really must play host for 90,000,000 people, from the Washington standpoint. If I had my way I would have his salary not $75,000, but at least $100,000."

BIG BLAZE IN JERSEY CITY.

Oil and Meal Plant at the Lackawanna Tracks Destroyed.

A spectacular fire destroyed the five-story plant of the New Jersey Oil and Meal Company, at Tonnele Avenue and the Lackawanna Railroad tracks, Jersey City, last night. A valuable new stock of oil-extracting machinery, valued at $200,000, and about sixty barrels of linseed oil and large quantities of meal were consumed. Three alarms were sent in. The blaze from the burning plant was so glaring that the crowd of several thousand that gathered on the near-by embankment of the railroad could plainly read the names on the tombstones of the old St. Peter's Catholic Cemetery, on the other side of the railroad tracks.

The fire, which was discovered by the watchman, Michael Dowd, is thought to have started on the second floor of the building and soon gained headway through the entire plant. Two tanks of linseed oil, each containing 80,000 gallons, had been left near the plant and were connected to it by distributing pipes. The pipes were cut off, however, and the flames prevented from reaching the tanks. The fire was got under control in two hours, after several firemen had been temporarily overcome by the dense smoke.

Manufacturers Wholesalers

Not ONE of the scores of our tenants believed our $10,000 to $20,000 a year economy fitted HIS case—till he investigated. YOU don't think so NOW—but write and FIND OUT. A postal may save you $10,000 to $20,000. Ask us "HOW?"

Bush Terminal Co.
100 Broad Street, New York City

POOLROOM A MISNOMER.

Mayor Forbids Its Use by Police to Describe a Betting Resort.

Mayor Gaynor sent a letter to Police Commissioner Baker yesterday directing him to see that the use of the name "poolroom" as applied to gambling houses and places where bets on horse races are received be discontinued in official reports. The letter reads:

Office of the Mayor,
May 26, 1910.

Sir: In reports of your Inspectors on betting and gambling places to which I have directed your attention, and especially on those against which you obtained warrants, they are called "poolrooms." The result of the police calling them poolrooms is that the newspapers give them the same name, and this has been going on for years; and the result of this is that it is supposed all over the State and country that "poolrooms" and "pool selling" exist in this city. In this way the city is undeservedly given a bad name.

The undeniable truth is that immediately on the going into effect of the Constitution of this State in 1894, which contained a provision forbidding poolselling all poolrooms and pool selling immediately ceased in this city, and there have been none since. If there had been even an isolated case, I desire you to refer to it. There have been all along betting and gambling places, which is very different. The keeping of places for betting on horse races, or on anything else, is forbidden and made a crime by the Penal Law. To keep a poolroom or sell pools is also prohibited and made a crime thereby. The two offenses are entirely different. Betting bears no resemblance to pool selling.

I recently asked an eminent Professor of Cornell University what the people there thought when they read in newspapers published here that a "poolroom" had been entered by the police—whether it gave them the impression that there were still poolrooms and pool selling in this city, notwithstanding the prohibition of the Constitution of 1894. "Why, certainly," he responded, "how can we think otherwise? We suppose you have had pool selling here all along. How could we understand otherwise when your police officials and newspapers are continually announcing raids on 'poolrooms'?" Be so good as to instruct the officers and men of your force to cease reporting pool selling and poolrooms when they only mean betting on horse races, and rooms for that purpose. Two or three sensational newspapers here started this misnomer. It should no longer be followed by the police force. Do not call betting pool selling, or betting rooms pool rooms, but by their real names. Very truly yours,

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.
WILLIAM F. BAKER, Esq., Police Commissioner.

The Mayor declared that he was convinced that pool selling had stopped in the city.

PALLADINO TEST WON'T TAKE PLACE

Continued from Page 1.

place when suitable conditions had been arranged. Arranging for this occupied several days and involved several meetings of the anti-Palladinoists, Messrs. Rinn, Davis, and Kellogg, and the pro-Palladinoists, Messrs. Carrington and Thurston. Their conversation tunefully ran the whole gamut of mediumistic and magical lore.

The only jarring note was the observation of a psychologist that Mme. Palladino's phenomena were matters for the psychological and physiological laboratories rather than for the keen eyes of professional magicians. Mr. Carrington thought so, too; Messrs. Rinn, Davis, and Kellogg did not; Mr. Thurston was doubtful.

THE TIMES of Tuesday, May 17, contained a formal proposal in Italian signed by La Palladino. A translation of this proposal read:

In the interests of science, but with no particular desire to confuse those incredulous persons who imagine that they believe that all the phenomena expressed through me are the result of trickery and deception practiced by me I will submit myself to the following test:

1. A proper and complete examination of my person and apparatus that shall satisfy the most skeptical.

2. My legs tied to the legs of a chair with cords and attached to a nail in the floor, and my upper arms bound to my body, my wrists being bound with cords, leaving them ten or twelve inches apart; other cords to attach my wrists to the wrists of the sitters on my right and left.

Under these conditions I promise nothing. However, as under these conditions I have already succeeded in having good phenomena, (supernormal or supernatural phenomenal expression,) I naturally believe that similar expression will be the result of resorting to them again.

Mr. Rinn accepted this proposal with certain reservations and with certain stipulations later to be agreed upon.

Meanwhile the work of preparing the room in the tower for the projected séance went merrily forward.

Terms of the Seance.

Here is a manifesto issued by Mr. Rinn as the result of a conference held by him and his friends on the afternoon of Tuesday, May 17. Hitherto it has not been published in entirety, only those points appearing in THE TIMES of the next morning which were agreed to by Mr. Carrington. Mr. Carrington objected to the personnel of the referee committee and of the circle. The manifesto says:

TERMS OF THE TEST SEANCE TO BE GIVEN BY EUSAPIA PALLADINO FOR JOSEPH F. RINN ON SUNDAY, MAY 22, 1910, AT 8:30 P. M., IN THE NEW YORK TIMES BUILDING.

Master of Ceremonies—Hereward Carrington. Committee decided upon to pass upon phenomena produced are Prof. Joseph Jastrow, the Rev. Henry Frank, and Howard Thurston.

A two-thirds vote of the committee shall be necessary to decide if the medium has produced phenomena under the conditions outlined below, and is entitled to the reward of $1,000 offered by Joseph F. Rinn for the successful production of psychic phenomena under test conditions as follows:

1. The seance must not begin until it is evident to J. F. Rinn and others that the fastenings are adequate safeguards against deception on the part of the medium.

2. Spirit raps are not to be considered evidential, since any one in the company may secretly produce them, and Eusapia Palladino would get the credit for them.

3. When the conditions are so poor that we cannot judge whether the medium herself is producing the phenomena, such phenomena are to be considered non-evidential.

4. Stout twine or tape shall be used for tying the medium, not rope.

5. The medium cannot dictate the nature of the method of fastening.

6. If at any time the nature of the control has been impaired, Eusapia Palladino shall be requested to rectify it.

7. It is expected that any person present detecting fraud shall state the fact and make objection.

8. Since J. F. Rinn has been forced by the medium to abandon his original proposition, (lacing her inside a canvas sack with only her head exposed,) and has been obliged to accept Eusapia Palladino's conditions, it is agreed that she shall produce at least four out of the following seven phases of the phenomena which are customary with her at seances to be successful:

(a) Complete levitation of the table without contact.

(b) Spirit hands shall appear out of the cabinet at her back while Eusapia Palladino's hands and feet are controlled.

(c) The small table thrown out of the cabinet and landed upon the seance table.

(d) Stool thrown out of the cabinet.

(e) Stool shall move along the floor from cabinet to J. F. Rinn.

(f) Strumming of instruments that were placed in the cabinet.

(g) Breeze from scar in Eusapia Palladino's forehead.

Table tipping, movements of the cabinet curtains, and all manifestations occurring under bad conditions are to be considered non-evidential.

THE NEW YORK TIMES, in conjunction with Hereward Carrington, is to furnish the paraphernalia for the seance with the exception of the cord or tape with which the medium is to be tied. The only persons to be allowed within the circle proper at the seance are Eusapia Palladino, Prof. Joseph Jastrow, the Rev. Henry Frank, Howard Thurston, Hereward Carrington, W. S. Davis, James L. Kellogg, J. W. Sargant, Adolph Benevy, J. F. Rinn, the official stenographer, the official photographer, and a representative of THE NEW YORK TIMES, who shall act as interpreter. Anybody else it may be deemed necessary to have present must be kept apart in some way to be devised by the committee so that they cannot come in contact with those within the circle. The tying of the medium shall be done by Kellogg and Davis subject to the approval of Rinn and Sargant.

Eusapia Palladino shall have as control on her left side W. S. Davis and seated next him on the left J. F. Rinn. J. L. Kellogg shall occupy the seat nearest the medium on her right side and act as control on that side, with Adolph Benevy seated next to him on the right, and J. W. Sargant shall occupy the end seat at the table facing the medium.

J. F. Rinn shall deposit a certified check for $1,000 with the committee before the commencement of the seance. In case any person selected to take part in the seance does not appear J. F. Rinn shall have the right to select another in the place of the absent one.

Objections by the Medium.

When this manifesto was shown to La Palladino she objected to the personnel of the referee committee and to their deciding vote. She suggested that the committee be composed of four persons selected by her and four by Mr. Rinn. She accepted Articles 1, 2, 3, 5, 6 and 7 in the Rinn manifesto, but stipulated that spirit raps and levitations should be considered evidential, and that the production of a single phenomenon which could not be explained should give her the $1,000.

If her wishes in these respects were subscribed to she said she would give the seance in The Times Tower room on the evening of Sunday, May 22. If they were not subscribed to she would be glad, she was even anxious, to give a seance with members of THE TIMES staff as participators and witnesses.

An interview published in THE TIMES of Thursday, May 19, La Palladino talked about the comet and made two significant remarks. She explained why she desired the usual mediumistic paraphernalia in her séances. She declared that all mediums used trickery when they had the opportunity. She said:

"You do not dig a hole with a broom, you do not paint a picture with a hoe, you do not write a letter with a cane. You may do wonderful things with the broom, hoe, and cane, but not dig holes, paint pictures, and write letters. For these things you need a spade, a brush, and a pen, just as in order to produce my 'buoni fenomeni,' I need the table, the cabinet, and the other things."

She was asked: "And do all mediums play tricks?" And her reply was:

"All mediums trick—all! And it is not so easy to catch them. I say this from personal experience—tutti i mediums truccano—tutti! E non è poi tanto facile di accorgersene, lo dico per esperienza personale."

THE TIMES of Friday, May 20, printed the story of a séance held in La Palladino's apartment on the previous Monday evening for the benefit of a New York Sunday newspaper. Spirit raps, levitations, spirit hands, the blowing of the cabinet curtain, and ghastly apparitions furnished the evening's entertainment. Even John, the medium's chief "control," got in his deadly work, bringing consternation to the company and wrecking the table.

First Postponement.

By Saturday, May 21, the arrangements in the tower room were completed, save for the paraphernalia to be brought by Mr. Carrington. The appearance of the room and its dimensions, appointments, &c., were described in the next morning's TIMES. In an interview appended to this description La Palladino again objected to the personnel of the committee, and to Mr. Rinn's proposal that she must produce at least four of the seven phenomena designated under the eighth article of his manifesto in order to win the thousand dollars.

"I cannot agree to produce anything," she said, "even a single phenomenon is not a matter of personal volition."

She was willing, however, to accept Mr. Rinn and Mr. Davis as her chief controls. "The other three must be distinterested persons, absolutely disinterested." She continued:

"If Mr. Rinn and his friends insist that there be no one at the table who might aid me in producing phenomena, is it too much for me to insist that there be no one at the table who might, by physical force, prevent the phenomena from being produced? Such force as I have been able to concentrate and direct—whatever that force may be—might even be unable to lift the table upon which five muscular men were bearing down with all their weight and strength."

On Sunday morning—the morning of the day set for The Times tower séance—La Palladino was personally communicated with and declined to give the séance that evening on what seemed to be plausible grounds. She said she would hold the séance on the evening of Tuesday, May 24, with the anti-Palladinoists in the circle, provided conditions could, in the meantime, be arranged. Otherwise she would hold the séance without the anti-Palladinoists and under her offered conditions.

Plain Challenge by Mr. Rinn.

THE TIMES of Monday, May 23, contained communications from Messrs. Rinn and Carrington, each giving a summary of the preceding events. Mr. Rinn contended that he was really anxious to lose his $1,000 if by so doing he could establish the truth of the existence of a new force hitherto unknown, and he added:

"I deny absolutely that she has any power of levitation, and I will give her $2,000 if she will cause a small block of wood, placed on the top of a large table, to float suspended in the air a few inches above the table for a few moments without contact."

Mr. Carrington in his letter, declared that Mr. Rinn's committee of three with a two-thirds vote to settle the case was not without prejudice. "Certainly," he added, "Mr. Rinn does not intend to lose his thousand dollars."

A letter in Italian was sent to La Palladino, a translation of which reads as follows:

I hope to have the seance Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. If the prestidigitateurs shall accept your conditions they will be present, otherwise if they do not accept, they will not be present, unless you so desire it.

As I have already written you the other day it would be well if you were to remain in complete rest until Tuesday evening.

It should be added in explanation of this letter that La Palladino asserts that she is unable to give good séances on successive evenings. She, however, ignored this advice and gave a private séance on Monday evening arranged for by Mr. Carrington, but later canceled by him. Nevertheless, in spite of his remonstrance and his failure to be present, she held the séance.

Unacceptable Conditions.

On Tuesday evening all was ready for La Palladino in the tower room. Mr. Carrington in the afternoon had brought hither all the necessary paraphernalia—the cabinet curtains, two stools, a toy piano, a mandolin, a toy flute, and the medium's table. The curtains were to be strung in the presence of Mr. Rinn.

By 8 o'clock Messrs. Rinn, Davis, Kellogg, Carrington, and Thurston had arrived. The flashlight photographer was ready with his camera. The stenographer was ready with her notebook and several sharp-pointed pencils. The atmosphere was congenial, almost charitable. The anti-Palladinoists were ready to grant anything reasonable. They wanted genuine phenomena. That was all.

By 9 o'clock La Palladino had not arrived. By 9:30 the assemblage went down the elevator.

This is what had happened: Just before the departure of the person who was, by mutual agreement, to bring La Palladino to the Times Building he had received the following epistle (in English and by special delivery) from Dr. Antonelmo Vecchio, who, it will be recalled, figured largely in the account of the successful séance published in THE TIMES of last Friday:

"Mme. Palladino has turned to me your letter of yesterday, and she has asked me to communicate to you that she will be ready for the promised séance when the following conditions shall be accepted:

"I. The committee, which will be present at the seance, must be composed of eight persons, four from Mr. Rinn and four from Eusapia. Those of Mr. Rinn will sit with Eusapia at the table.

"II. Each phenomena must be immediately sifted, discussed—if it is necessary—and registered; after that there must be no further discussion of any kind.

"III. The room, the table, and the material with which the cabinet will be constructed must be examined and accepted by all eight.

"IV. The seance cannot be longer than one hour and a half.

"V. Before the sitting the medium must be searched by a committee of ladies.

"VI. Stout twine or tape shall be used for tying the medium to a nail fixed in the flood, or to the legs of the chairs or her sides.

"VII. The levitation of the table and the raps must be considered as evidential, if it cannot be proved that there is fraud in providing them.

"VIII. The sitting must be considered as true if only one phenomenon of levitation is produced, and in said case Mr. Rinn will forward Mrs. Palladino $1,000.

"IX. Must be accepted the tystological language of the medium.

"X. The decision must be undersigned by the committee immediately after the seance.

"XI. The light must be regulated according to the desire of the medium and of the table.

"If in the period of two days the above conditions suggested by Mrs. Palladino are not accepted she will consider herself free from any promise previously made.

"Anticipating hearty thanks for the attention which I hope will be given to this letter, believe me, respectfully yours."

Still, She Wouldn't Come.

Notwithstanding the discouraging aspect (Mr. Rinn had already declined to accept raps and levitations under her conditions or to give up his money on the production of a single phenomenon) the person who was to fetch La Palladino continued on his way, for this reason: She had already promised to give a séance on that evening in The Times Tower—with the anti-Palladinoists, if an agreement were reached in time in regard to conditions, or, without them, if an agreement were impossible.

He found La Palladino. She declined most emphatically to give a seance that evening. She declined with equal emphasis—made eloquent and vociferous with a choice array of Neapolitan expletives—to have anything more to do with American sleight-of-hand men. They could keep their $1,000 and be welcome—more than welcome.

This was said in words for which the English language offers no equivalent. And then, in excellent Italian, she added a courteous request that she come on the following Sunday evening to The Times Tower room and give her séance before the members of THE TIMES staff and their scientific friends. With her hand on her heart that she would keep her word she swore.

As to Messrs. Rinn, Davis, and Kellogg and other professional medium trappers and magicians she would have none of them. Her Italian lapsed into the more feverish Neapolitan again. Even the presence of Mr. Thurston—Mr. Thurston, who had wagered $1,000 on her ultimate genuineness—was not to be allowed.

And This, She Said, Was Why.

Her reasons for this change of front are logical, possibly impressive. She said:

"Am I a prize pig, to be made an exhibition of—to have persons bet on what I can or cannot do? I who was known and believed in by that caro Lombroso? Sicuro, no—certainly not!"

"That may be right," she was told, "but why do you draw out just now? Everything is prepared. They are waiting. It will not look well if you do not appear. Come down to the Times Building, and if the conditions are not right, if things do not suit you, you need have no séance. If you do not come at all they will say you are afraid. They will say, 'Eusapia ha paura.'"

"I will not come, it is impossible—impossible," declared La Palladino. "I do not wish to come—not to-night. I have been thinking. Suppose we come to an agreement about the conditions, and the American magicians sit at the table, and something happens—suppose I produce good phenomena. Then it is all registered and the facts are published. For a moment, I triumph I have satisfaction?"

"Yes, you triumph and have satisfaction surely."

"Not at all," declared La Palladino. "Not a bit," and she made the table creak with the blows of her fist. "The next day, the next week, somebody will say that one of the magicians helped me produce my phenomena, and that I paid him to do it. No, no, I am not to be caught that way. Would I not still be the gainer if I paid him one, two, three thousand dollars to do that dishonest thing? And for that very reason I do not wish Mr. Thurston to be at the table or in the room when I give my séance in the Times Tower. For then people might say that he, who is skilled in the arts of the magician, had helped me—helped me!"

She paused and then continued very seriously: "I begin to understand that if I were to accept any conditions, which would make my séance seem like a contest, it would look as though I were to do things which they bet I could not do. I would degrade myself if I accepted a challenge of that kind—I, who, in Europe, have only the greatest scientists for my investigators, and not the jugglers of the country fair."

There'll Be No Contest.

Last evening these two questions were asked La Palladino:

"Do you still hold to your proposal that a single phenomenon, which cannot be explained by the committee, gives you the thousand dollars reward?"

"Do you still consider that so-called spirit raps and the usual levitation of the table be considered evidential?"

Or, in her own language:

"Insiste Ella sempre nella sua condizione che un qualunque fenomeno che non possa venire spiegato dal comitato le da diritto al premio di mille dollari?

"Insiste Ella, ancora che i cosi detti rumori o colpi degli spiriti e la usuale levitazione della tavola siano considerati evidenti?"

To each of which questions she replied the same: "Si, io insisto sempre," ("Yes, I shall always insist on them.")

WOMAN'S ATTACK KILLS A BURGLAR

Invalid Hurls a Missile at Him and He Drops 50 Feet, Breaking His Neck.

SHE'S UNDISTURBED BY IT

Tenement Neighbors in Great Excitement, but Mrs. Gittermann Suffers No Ill Effects.

After having forced a burglar from her apartment through the open window to a fall of fifty feet below, which killed him, Mrs. Joseph Gittermann, who is known in the apartment house at 296 Delancey Street, where she lives, as an invalid, went light-heartedly out to do some shopping yesterday morning.

Mrs. Gittermann, who lives in an apartment on the fourth floor of the building, got up about 3 o'clock yesterday morning to take some medicine. As she stepped from her bedroom she saw a man's silhouette outlined in the open window. She screamed and picked up the first object that met her hand and hurled it at the man's head. The man, who afterward proved to be weaponless, attempted to get out of the window to the fire escape.

Mrs. Gittermann continued the pursuit, and as the particular window at which the fire escape was located was not the one through which the burglar was making his escape he was soon dislodged and fell to death.

By this time Mr. Gittermann, who works at night, and was in his first sleep, was awakened. The courtyard soon filled with excited men and women. At every window heads appeared and the fire escapes were crowded. Policemen Edwards and Henner of the Delancey Street Station ran into the place and made their way to Mrs. Gittermann's apartments, from which the loudest screams were coming. She admitted them and pointed to the courtyard below, where the body of the man lay.

Edwards and Henner hastened below and found the body of the burglar. An ambulance surgeon who arrived said that he had died of a broken neck. A search of his pockets revealed pawn tickets and papers showing that he was Louis Gratch of 138 Eldridge Street. He is said to have been a painter by trade, but the police suspect that he may have had some connection with other recent burglaries on the east side. His body was taken to the Morgue.

CUMMINS DEFEATED IN SENATE

**But Power of Commerce Commission to Suspend Higher Rates

A Couple of Sets of Tennis

on one of these warm spring days—will put you even with the world again.

If you feel like tennis stop in and look at our tennis goods. Everything from shoes made to stand the strain of fast footwork, to rackets built for those who really play the game. See especially our imported English "Wilding"—cheap at $10.00—and our V L & D rackets—with earned reputations.

We are also specialists in fine imported and domestic Guns, Rifles and Ammunition.

Von Lengerke & Detmold

Fifth Ave. & B'way Between 23d & 24th Sts.

REASONS WHY

THE BROOKLYN WAREHOUSE & STORAGE CO.

Deserves Your Patronage

I. OUR STORAGE RATES:

Furniture $4.00 a month per van.
Motor Cars $5.00 a month.
Silver Trunks $1.00 a month.

DRY COLD STORAGE:

Furs and Clothing 2% own valuation.
Rugs and Carpets 3% own valuation.

II. OUR FIRE PROOF BUILDING Assessed at $625,000.00, which is higher than any other Furniture Warehouse in Greater New York.

335-355 Schermerhorn St

Nevins Street Station on Subway.

Telephone 4045 Main.

The Masterpiece of the Confectioner's Art

Huylers

OH! YOU DEAR!

When you were engaged Why not now?

CARPET CLEANSING

By Compressed Air In Fire-Proof Building

FIRE-PROOF STORAGE

For Household Goods

T. M. STEWART

438-442 WEST 51 ST.

Formerly 326 7th Ave. Founded in 1863.

RING UP 5567 COLUMBUS

American Bank Note Company

Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

C. H. PEPPER

Has removed his retail show room to 120 and 122 West 31st Street.

Telephone 5289 Madison Square

LINOLEUM

WISSNER PIANOS

WAREROOMS

56 5th Av., Cor. 15th St., New York.

538-540 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

White Mountains of New Hampshire

New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad

Boston & Maine Railroad

The Ideal Vacation Resort

For rates, literature and time-tables write, telephone or call 171 Broadway, N.Y. City Tel. 5121 Cortlandt.

LONG SANG TI

293 Fifth Ave., near 31st St., N. Y

CHINESE CURIO COMPANY

We are offering an exquisite array of true interpretations of old

CHINESE EMBROIDERIES

which represents many unique designs, embellishing Oriental ideas. Send for Illustrated Catalogue T.

OLD CROW RYE

"Reg. U. S. Pat. Off."

GUARANTEED TO BE

PURE RYE WHISKEY

UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

7-20-4

R. & SULLIVAN

10c CIGAR

Factory output now at rate of 24,000,000 annually. 36th year of continued increased sales. Factory—Manchester, New Hampshire.

STEPHEN M. HOYE announces the removal of his LAW OFFICE from 49 Wall St. to 244 5th Av. 'Phone 1261 Madison Square.

CURTISS POSTPONES START FROM ALBANY

Aviator Loses Favorable Day for Flight to Battery—May Try This Afternoon.

SAYS HE WILL FLY LOW

Hopes to Make Poughkeepsie Under Two Hours, New York in Two More —Machine Not Yet Ready.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 26.—Through twelve hours of constant work upon his aeroplane to get it in shape for its proposed flight down the Hudson to New York Glenn H. Curtiss, the aviator, convinced a large gallery of Albany residents to-day that aerial navigation, so far as getting readily aloft is concerned, is still far from a perfected science. By his delay Curtiss lost a favorable day for a flight.

Mr. Curtiss's five mechanics swarmed upon his machine early this morning and ceased work only when the darkness made it impossible to continue. The aviator, who had directed the task at intervals, said as he left his craft for the night that there was still eight hours' work ahead of him before it would be ready to test in a preliminary flight.

The best he could promise for to-morrow was that he might take the air for a short time in the afternoon, and that if the going was good aloft he might eliminate his preliminary experimentation with rudder and elevators and head out directly down the river to a farm near Poughkeepsie, where a flag is flying to direct him to a cache of gasoline and oil. This farm near Poughkeepsie is to be the first stop on the flight to New York for The New York World prize of $10,000.

For twenty minutes just at sunset Curtiss brought his machine out of the two-pole tent where it has been assembled on the tide flats of Van Rensselaer Island, just outside the Albany city limits. It was then ready for flying except that harmonies have still to be established between the front and rear rudders, and that the "ailerons," as the small movable planes between the main planes are called, had not yet been put in place.

Curtiss started his engine several times for the delectation of the multitude which assembled in automobiles, in carriages, and on foot. As the big wooden propeller blade picked up its thousand revolutions a minute it forced a spurt of air out behind it which turned straw hats into gliders by the score and sent them spinning toward the Hudson.

Satisfied with Engine.

The engine worked perfectly, causing Curtiss to remark that no anxiety was left to him on that score and that if he should be dropped into the Hudson in trying to negotiate the biggest American flight yet attempted it would not be because his engine had gone back on him.

The view of the biplane as it was wheeled out from under the tent covers gave aeroplane enthusiasts their first opportunity to see what changes the experiments of the last eight months have produced in the Curtiss machine as compared with the "June Bug," with which he camped out on Governors Island through Hudson-Fulton week without attempting any flight of consequence.

The present craft has departed materially from the slight lines and small dimensions then maintained. Four feet have been added to the planes at each end. Black balloon cloth, a permanent contribution to aeroplaning made by Capt. Baldwin, the balloonist, has replaced the earlier combination of silk and brown varnish. The front elevating planes have been enlarged, as have also the size of ailerons and the rear rudder. The machine altogether presents the most formidable appearance of any in which Curtiss has yet appeared before the public.

"I shall fly close to the water all the way down," said Curtiss last night, "and if I'm upset I shall count on my five airbags and two tin airtight compartments to keep afloat. My hydroplane attachment in front will force the machine to skim along on the surface until by the loss of speed and momentum it gradually settles to a depth of about two feet, just the tips of the lower plane and half the propeller blade projecting above the surface. All I will have to do will be to stand up on the seat to keep my feet dry and wait for help.

"If I am compelled to do that this trip it will probably cause me to lose the event, as I cannot start again from the water, and I have little faith in being able to tow the craft ashore in condition to take the air at once from land."

The Times Special Train.

A special train consisting of a fast locomotive and a single coach is kept in readiness in the New York Central yards here for THE NEW YORK TIMES, prepared to leave at a moment's notice to accompany the aeroplane on its journey. Mr. Curtiss said he could promise to keep it company so long as it went no slower than forty-five miles an hour. W. S. Randolph, General Passenger Agent of the Central, said that the man-bird would have to exceed a mile a minute to leave the locomotive in its rear. From the train a bulletin service to THE TIMES on the progress of the flight will be maintained. Mrs. Curtiss, who was an interested spectator during the work of preparation to-day, will be a special guest aboard the train, and will thus have an opportunity of seeing her husband win or lose a flight which it has long been his ambition to undertake. Mr. Curtiss retired to-night immediately after ceasing work upon his aeroplane at 8 o'clock, leaving a call at the desk in the Ten Eyck Hotel, where he is registered, for 5:30 o'clock to-morrow morning.

According to Mr. Curtiss's calculations, he should reach Poughkeepsie about an hour and three-quarters after leaving Albany. At Poughkeepsie, or rather on the Gill farm three miles south of the city, he plans to stop to take on twelve gallons of gasoline and to replenish his oil and water supply.

He said that, provided no unforeseen accidents requiring immediate attention occurred to any part of his machine, not more than fifteen minutes would be needed for this Poughkeepsie stop. His tanks once refilled Curtiss said he hoped to reach New York two hours after leaving the Gill farm. His present intention is to land at Battery Park, or if the cross wind currents from the skyscraper district are too strong to permit him to effect a safe landing there, then at Governors Island.

When Curtiss arose at 4 o'clock this morning a single look out of his hotel room window convinced him that an early morning flight was out of the question. The wind was blowing in gusts at the rate of from twelve to fifteen miles an hour, fishtailing from southwest to northwest. He went back to bed, did not get up again until 8 o'clock, and only after a leisurely breakfast crossed over to Van Rensselaer Island and the tent in which his fifty horse-power biplane was being assembled.

Curtiss Drives a Bargain.

Mr. Curtiss concerned himself hardly at all with the preparations going on inside of the tent, where four mechanics had been busy all night getting the machine ready. Instead, the Hammondsport aviator paid careful attention to gauging local atmospheric conditions, and completed his arrangements for starting his machine on a large tilled field, whose owner wanted $100 for the privilege, but finally reduced his demands to $5.

This matter attended to Mr. Curtiss went back to his hotel, saying that unless the wind abated considerably with an almost entire change of direction he would not attempt to fly. His mechanics, meanwhile, stuck to their tasks, till 3 o'clock this afternoon, when Curtiss appeared again on the island. The wind at that time, however, was blowing still at a rate that the aviator considered too dangerous for going aloft in an aeroplane. It was then announced that no flight would be made until to-morrow, with a probable start at 4 o'clock, but this plan was changed again later.

Inspection this afternoon of the country over which Curtiss intends to fly from Albany to New York revealed in what hard luck the aviator was playing. For whereas at Albany the wind was blowing at a fifteen-mile rate and constantly shifting direction, five miles south of Albany saw the smoke from chimneys going straight up in the air and not a leaf on a tree stirring. From that point to Poughkeepsie atmospheric conditions were almost ideal and the course over which Curtiss will travel essentially a safe one for him.

Just before Castleton, five miles south of Albany, is reached the Hudson River becomes 400 to 450 yards wide and flows in almost a straight line through a valley which is flat and over a mile in width. What few hills there are average but seventy-five feet in height on the east bank and perhaps twenty-five feet higher than that on the west side of the stream.

From that point to Schodack Landing, thirteen miles south of Albany, the valley widens constantly, with the river, over which Curtiss is to fly, almost in its centre. The banks at this point are comparatively flat, and the Hudson pursues a course deviating but little from a straight line. South of Schodack Landing the country becomes more diversified, with rolling hills and knolls abutting on the river and the stream narrowing slightly. Small islands are frequently met.

Rocky Banks After Nineteen Miles.

At Stuyvesant, nineteen miles from Albany, the borders of the river become steep and very rocky, with only the tracks of the New York Central on the east between the water and the rock. But the river is wide, although slightly tortuous. After a few miles of this topography the country again becoms flat for considerable distances back on each side of the river, which is here over a quarter of a mile wide.

Safety demands, five miles further south, that the aviator who would continue to New York shall travel at least 500 feet high, for the steep, rocky banks of the river, it was evident, caused queer wind swirls and baffling air currents. But a short distance further on return may be made to a lower level of flight, and at Hudson, twenty-eight miles south of Albany, the river, considerably more than a mile wide, flows in sweeping curves of large radius around numerous but flat capes.

The Catskills begin to loom up on the west bank, but at a considerable distance back from the river. Between the river and the mountains is a wide, level stretch of country, though the east bank is steep and rocky. At Linlithgow, thirty-five miles south of Albany, the hills along the river increase in height to 800 or 1,000 feet, easing to grass-covered knolls on the river border. Two miles further on even these foothills disappear, and the valley becomes once more perfectly flat and over two miles in width.

At Staatsburg, ten miles north of Poughkeepsie and thirteen miles above the Gill farm, where Curtiss expects to replenish his gasoline, oil, and water supply, the course of the river becomes very crooked, and the stream runs between hilly banks that are steep and not over a quarter of a mile apart. Alternately from Staatsburg to his stopping point the river widens and narrows, but the hills increase, if anything, in height and abruptness and cause dangerous cross currents of air.

Although the distance by railroad between Albany and Poughkeepsie is sixty-nine miles, and the centre line of the river channel is the same, it is likely that, instead of traveling more than this, Curtiss will be able to make numerous aerial short cuts and still keep constantly over the Hudson. The river shore is on the east bank a constant series of bays and indentations, and a great gain in the distance flown can be made by traveling on the hypotenuses of the triangles made by the sides of the bays.

Passing Poughkeepsie Curtiss will have to fly over the famous railroad bridge across the Hudson, whose top is 212 feet above water. At the height which he will have to maintain, therefore, the aviator will be well above the level of most of the surrounding hills and just about even with the city proper. This will enable him to make a broad, turning swoop to the Gill farm without the menace of passing close to the chimneys of any factories or near dangerous structures.

The landing place where he will replenish his supplies has been well marked by Curtiss. A series of flags on both sides of the river, starting about two miles north of the Gill farm, denotes the approach to the landing site, and there is hardly a likelihood of the aeroplanist running past the farm by mistake.

Once past Poughkeepsie and on the second leg of his voyage, Curtiss will have to face the hardest atmospheric conditions the course supplies. Starting only a little way south of Poughkeepsie, the highlands of the Hudson, and then, in turn, the Palisades, will reflect wind currents which will tax the aviator's skill and courage.

Course Through the Highlands.

It is a well-recognized aerial condition of this section of the Hudson Valley that the wind changes direction and force with almost every mile of the route. Small motor boats have reported endless troubles time and again in navigating this stretch of the river because of these irregular and gusty air currents. And these irregularities of the air at water level are tremendously exaggerated a few hundred feet above the river's surface.

From Newburg south to Nyack Curtiss will sail over deep water and a rather tortuous channel. At times the stream narrows until it runs like a millrace between its rocky walls to broaden a mile further on until it resembles more nearly a large lake than a river. At Nyack, where the Hudson reaches its extreme breadth, the hills abutting on it lessen in height and become more regular in conformation.

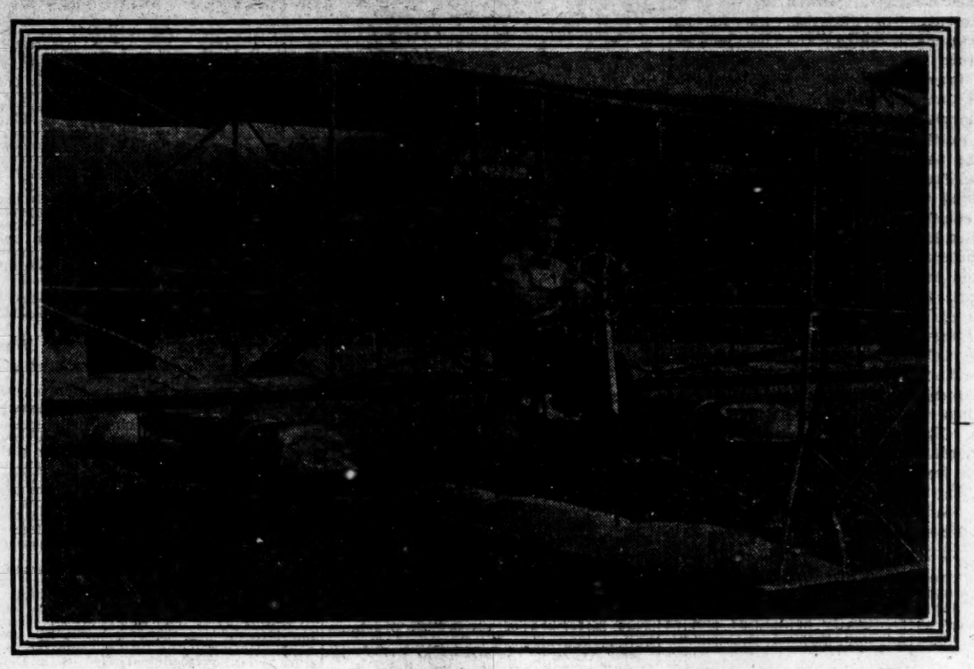
Just south of Tappan, on the west bank, the Palisades begin, presenting an almost unvarying height all the way to New York; they are faced on the east by a chain of hills that also maintain a practically constant level. The Hudson, too, pursues a much straighter course from Nyack south, and grows constantly broader after swirling past Tappan. It is not believed that river traffic will in any way bother Curtiss until he arrives in the neighborhood of the Fort Lee ferry.

From that point on Curtiss will have to pass over a constantly shifting panorama of moving vessels, whose smoke clouds and hot air exhausts will inevitably cause peculiar wind currents. This condition will require a cool head and a machine perfectly under control.

When Wilbur Wright flew up the Hudson from Governors Island to Grant's Tomb last September he found that the passing steam traffic below him gave him one of the hardest tasks of his long aeronautical experience. Only a few days ago, viewing the scene of his daring efforts from the Times tower, Mr. Wright said that if he had it to do over again he would not make the attempt at less than 3,600 or 4,000 feet altitude. Only by soaring to this height, he said, could an aeronaut be reasonably safe in traveling above the harbor craft.

Curtiss's work south of Poughkeepsie is, therefore, cut out for him almost from the moment he leaves the Gill farm until he accomplishes a landing. Barring a few straight stretches above the river, he will have to fight his way against freaky currents with dangers crowding below him.

BIPLANE CURTISS WILL USE IN ALBANY-NEW YORK FLIGHT.



Shows Floats with Which It Is Equipped to Prevent Sinking in Case of Fall into the River.

TELLS OF AIRSHIPS' FUTURE.

Maxim Declares They Will Figure Largely in the Next War.

Hudson Maxim, President of the Aeronautical Society, at a meeting of the society at the clubrooms, 1,999 Broadway, last night, predicted that "aviation has opened up the sky as a battlefield for the next great war." The subject of his address was "Aeronautical Warfare." He dealt fully with aviation in its growth and development.

He pointed out that there were three broad spheres of usefulness for aviation—commercial travel, sport, and war, but that the latter sphere would occupy the attention not only of the inventors, but also of the military authorities throughout the world.

HUGHES SIGNS PARK BILLS.

State Enabled to Accept Gifts of Mrs. Harriman and Others.

ALBANY, May 26.—Gov. Hughes to-day signed the Odell bills to enable the State to accept gifts of land and money offered by Mrs. E. H. Harriman and others for park purposes and providing for an issue of $2,500,000 bonds by the State, which was one of the conditions imposed by the donors.

FULLER GETS $5,000 POST.

Gov. Hughes Appoints His Secretary a Water Supply Commissioner.

ALBANY, May 26.—Gov. Hughes to-day appointed his secretary, Robert H. Fuller, a member of the State Water Supply Commission at an annual salary of $5,000 and expenses. He will succeed Ernest J. Lederle, who resigned to become Health Commissioner of New York City. The term is until 1894.

Mr. Fuller's nomination was sent to the Senate, where it was immediately confirmed.

WOMAN A CITIZEN NOW.

Passaic Newspaper Editor the First to Be Naturalized in New Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., May 26.—Mrs. Maria Emma Lindenstruth, editor and publisher of The Passaic Wochenblatt, a German weekly, to-day became a citizen of the United States, and has the honor of being the first woman in New Jersey to take out citizenship papers. She is a widow, and has no children.

Because of the fact that her business and property are in this country she decided last February to become a citizen. Soon after the announcement that she had made application for the papers she received offers of marriage from a Brooklyn broker, a New England lawyer, and a retired New York merchant. These she declined. She had no difficulty in passing a naturalization test.

SPECIAL No. 2

110 Gray Striped Cassimeres Reduced from $22 & $25 to

$14.50

Enough loose change slips thru your fingers without missing this opportunity, too!

HENRY MORITZ

Clothes for Young & Old Youths

1241 BROADWAY, (30th & 31st Sts.)

SUITS tailored to order from the finest of materials. Deliveries made promptly.

BERGDORF & GOODMAN CO

Custom Tailors to Women

32 WEST THIRTY-SECOND STREET

Every man should own a suit of blue serge, no matter how many other suits he possesses.

There are days when your "fancy" suit palls on your taste; when, for some reason, you seem to feel the need of an air of well-dressed conservatism.

That is the "psychological moment" for the suit of blue serge. But in every condition and under all circumstances, let it be a good one.

We start our prices for Blue Serge Suits at $17.50. Below that figure—and certainly it is modest enough—our standard for quality does not permit us to descend.

But at that price and up through the scale to the $35.00 Suits, you can select your Blue Serge Suit with the confidence that rightfully accompanies our label in the coat.

And even into garments of a fabric so familiar as the perennial blue serge, our designers are able to conjure an individuality that is sadly lacking in the average.

Blue Serge Suits for Men

at 17.50 to 35.00

lined with mohair or silk.

Panama & Bangkok Hats for Men—special value at 5.00

Superior grades that are scarce even at a considerably higher price than ours

PERUVIAN PANAMAS are of "tissue weight and woven of clear fibre that requires no bleaching—a process which is always injurious.

PHILIPPINE BANGKOKS are the lightest of known headwear. Woven of threaded bamboo, they are cool, dressy and durable.

Panama Hats

an extensive assortment of higher grades up to $25

Tennis, Golf & Outing Caps

The most approved designs and materials, 50c to 2.50

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th.

ANTI-BETTING BILLS GO TO THE GOVERNOR

Directors' Liability and Oral Wagers Measures Pass—Racing May Stop Sept. 1.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE KILLED

Senate Passes Election Reform Measures, Rapid Transit Amendment, and Whitman's Conspiracy Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 26.—To-morrow at noon the Legislature will adjourn sine die, and before to-day's session closed the work of the year was practically finished.

The strategy of Senator Grady and other members of the minority failed to prevent the passage by the Senate of the Perkins bill, which makes the Directors of racing associations liable for gambling on race tracks. It is the most drastic of the four measures directed against professional betting, and during its consideration in committee it was freely stated that its enactment would mean the closing of every race track in the State. The bill now goes to the Governor.

The Assembly passed the Agnew bill, aimed at oral betting, which, according to the courts, was not prohibited by the Agnew-Hart legislation of two years ago. The new provision is that any person who makes book or sells pools, "with or without writing," is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for a year. A third bill in the anti-race track gambling series—that applying to all gambling and bookmaking at race tracks, the penalties for such offenses committed in poolrooms or gambling houses—will be pressed to final passage in the Assembly to-morrow. The only bill now remaining where it cannot be acted upon is that making the publication of racing odds a misdemeanor. This, it was said to-day, would be held in the Assembly Rules Committee.

It was said that racing in New York would probably be stopped Sept. 1.

Woman suffrage had its last chance to-day, and the Senate refused to discharge its Judiciary Committee from further consideration of the proposed constitutional amendment for the passage of which the suffrage societies had kept up a continuous fight throughout the session. Senator Newcomb of New York led the fight in the Senate to-day in behalf of the suffragists. He was supported by Senators Bayne of Richmond and Hill of Erie. Speeches in opposition were made by Senators Travis and Caffrey.

Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch of New York, representing the Equal Suffrage Society, was seated among the visitors in the Senate chamber during the proceedings. She was accompanied by other suffragists, and listened intently as Senator Caffrey criticised them as "women who abandon their homes and families" to come here to annoy Senators who are trying to transact public business.

Senator Brackett voted against discharging the committee, saying that he had introduced a bill which would solve the suffrage question if it were passed. He referred to the measure providing for a referendum giving women an opportunity to express at the polls next Fall their desire as to voting.

The motion to take the bill from the committee was beaten by a vote of 16 to 30.

The New York County Republican Committee's bill providing for the better identification of voters in New York City was passed to-day under a suspension of the rules.

"This is a bill no New York Democrat would dare vote for," Senator Grady said. "If he does so vote, he will be hanged when he gets home."

The bill provides that watchers and challengers from any part of the city may be engaged for any district, and also makes it the duty of the Inspectors to compare the signature of the voter as it appears on the registration books with that on the poll list.

A series of bills favored by the Corrupt Practices Association were passed by the Senate to-day. One limits the expense of candidates for nomination at a primary, as in the case of candidates at the regular election. The most important bill is directed against the payment of poll workers. It requires that the names of those who may be paid as poll workers must be posted in a conspicuous place at the polling place before election day.

The Legislature made a new record in the passage of the Agnew-Smith bill amending the Rapid Transit act, which is designed to give additional power for the construction of terminals. It authorizes the city, through the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate, to lease tracks in a subway to a company other than the corporation which operates the subway.

Officials from District Attorney Whitman's office made personal appeals to members of the Senate to-day in behalf of the conspiracy bill which the District Attorney has urged in order that he may prosecute cases under the anti-trust law.

The Brough bill requiring dance halls to obtain licenses, which was passed by the Senate last week, went through the Assembly to-day in spite of attempts to kill it with amendments.

The Assembly passed the Wainwright bill for the compulsory compensation of workmen engaged in dangerous trades, and it now goes to the Governor.

The Assembly passed the Phillips bill applying the provisions of the corrupt practices acts to primary elections.

RACING UNTIL SEPTEMBER.

Then the Law Against Oral Betting Will Take Effect.

In view of the Agnew law, prohibiting oral bookmaking, which goes into effect on Sept. 1, and the Perkins bill, making Directors of racing associations criminally responsible for violations of the anti-betting law, and which goes into effect as soon as signed by the Governor, it was stated last night by a Director of the Coney Island Jockey Club that the Sheepshead Bay track might be closed on Sept. 1.

He characterized the ePrkins bill as unjust, in that it might permit "a publicity-seeking Assistant District Attorney" to place all the Directors of the club under arrest on a flimsy pretext, but said that racing meetings will be held until Sept. 1, since the only betting now carried on is oral, for which, he said, the Directors could not be held responsible.

Stern Brothers

are now showing extensive assortments of

Men's Furnishings

Including many exclusive novelties in

Seasonable Shirts,

for all occasions, in Madras, Cheviot, Mercerized Materials, Flannel and Silk, At prices ranging from $1.45 to 6.50

Also a line of Imported Russian Cords and Jacquard Fabrics, In new effects, equal to the best Custom Made Shirts, 4.50

Pajamas,

embracing new and desirable effects in Madras, Cheviots, Mercerized materials, Light Weight Flannels and Shantung Silks, $1.45 to 9.75

Neckwear,

including High Class Novelties in Silks, Knitted Crochet and Washable Four-in-Hands, Bow Ties, to tie or made up and the most popular Open End Shapes, from 50c to 2.50

Suspenders,

representing the best known makes, from 50c to 3.00

Belts,

in black, tan, grey, etc., in correct widths, with Gilt, Bronze, Nickel, Oxidized, Gun Metal and Novelty Buckles, from 50c to 2.95

West Twenty-third Street

DAY OF SPORTS

Otherwise Decoration Day means **you** are going to do something out-of-doors—Would suggest

BASEBALL, TENNIS, GOLF, SHOES, "SNEAKERS," SHIRTS, SWEATERS, JERSEYS, CANOES, DUCK HATS, CROQUET, HAMMOCKS, FIREARMS, AMMUNITION, CAMP GOODS.

"Only the best" sold here and in a courteous manner. Call, 'phone or send for 120 page picture catalog free.

ALEX. TAYLOR & CO.,

ATHLETIC SPECIALISTS,

16 E. 42 St., Opp. Ho. Manhattan

Phones 3292-3 Murray Hill.

Andrew Alexander

Men's Shoes for the Holiday

Every need for dress or sport ready for quick selection, $3 to $10. A special attraction for men who wear sizes 7 and 7½B are some sample shoes representing $6 to $8 grades, in the newest shapes, hardly two pairs alike, at $5 a pair.

SIXTH AVE. AT NINETEENTH ST., NEW YORK.

The New Booklovers Library

offers you for a small sum the books you wish to read, but do not care to own. No fees, or fines, or other charges. The books are fresh, clean and inviting. All the latest novels and works of fiction worth while.

Write or call for our new catalogue and for information.

The Booklovers Library
5 East 23rd Street, New York.
Metropolitan Building.

COMPARISON

That's how we learn true values. "Good," "Better," "Best" are merely stages of education. You can only *know* by experience. Reputation is built upon comparison. That's why

HOTEL ASTOR COFFEE

has educated scores of thousands of people unto knowing what *real* coffee looks like and tastes like. They know what a wonderful, fragrant berry it is when properly aged and scientifically roasted. How deliciously smooth, rich and stimulating. There is only one coffee-excellence and that's a brew made from Hotel Astor Coffee — the famous blend that connoisseurs buy.

It costs 35 cents a pound, either whole berry, ground or pulverized. Packed in one or three pound sealed tins.

B. FISCHER & CO.
Importers
New York

SNUG-AN-EZY SHOES

EASE Where Others Squeeze

Snug-An-Ezy Shoes are snug where they should be snug, and comfortable where comfort is needed.
—with the latest fashion
—because of the Snug-An-Ezy patent last.

1365 BROADWAY
Bet. 36th and 37th Street

The Great American Saddle
THE WHITMAN

for ladies and gentlemen.
Known the world over.
Lightest, safest. Stylish. Sore backs impossible. Everything from
Saddle to Spur
Interesting Catalogue free.
THE MEHLBACH SADDLE CO.
Successors to the Whitman Saddle Co.
106T Chambers Street, New York.

Library Bureau
Card and filing systems
316 Broadway

COUNTRY BOARD NEAR PHILADELPHIA. Board in the most beautiful section of Pennsylvania this Summer. You will get the most desirable accommodations by inserting a Country Board Wanted advertisement in The Public Ledger of Philadelphia

VICHY CELESTINS

Natural Alkaline Water

A delightful table water with highly medicinal qualities

'Ask your Physician'

Owned by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government

Not Genuine without the word

CELESTINS

CAMBRIDGE DEGREE FOR MR. ROOSEVELT

Great Enthusiasm in the Senate House as It Is Conferred on Him.

WINS UNDERGRADS' HEARTS

Ex-President Wants Football Reformed so as to Draw Mollycoddles' Teeth—Teddy Bears Much in Evidence.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CAMBRIDGE, England, May 26.—Ex-President Roosevelt to-day received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Cambridge University, and in return for the compliment "preached"—his own word—for twenty minutes to the youth of the 'Varsity.

The Colonel said he immensely enjoyed a day which brought him into contact with the youth of England, and the long-continued applause with which the university men—it is an insult to an English university student to call him a boy—received their visitor's homily indicated that they, too, enjoyed it.

Mr. Roosevelt, who left London by the 9 A. M. train, accompanied by his wife and Mrs. Longworth, was met at Cambridge station by the Vice Chancellor of the university, the Rev. Dr. Arthur James Mason. Here the first English hurrahs he has received fell upon his ears, for his previous public appearances in this country have been in the character of the United States special envoy at ceremonies too mournful for cheering. He heard several others in the course of the day.

Before luncheon Mr. Roosevelt visited Emmanuel College, where John Harvard was a student, and saw the rooms Harvard occupied and the few relics preserved of him, one being his signature on a deed.

Teddy Bear's Welcome.

The Dons and students of Emmanuel were gathered in the quad to greet the Colonel, and a "Teddy bear" had been placed in a sitting posture, with his right paw extended in the visitor's path. Mr. Roosevelt laughed heartily and made pretense of shaking the outstretched paw.

After luncheon in Pembroke Hall, where most of the dignitaries of the university gathered, and where the traditional observances of a "hall" repast were followed, Mr. Roosevelt donned the scarlet and crimson gown of a doctor of laws and proceeded to the Senate House to receive the degree. The ceremony was divested of much of its customary spectacular effect by the fact that all the members of convocation were wearing black gowns, owing to the national mourning, except the Vice Chancellor and the Public Orator, Dr. J. E. Sandys.

The latter presented Mr. Roosevelt for the honorary degree in a Latin speech which aroused the admiration of the Dons by its Ciceronian phrasing and evoked the applause of the undergraduates by its neat references to the Colonel's rough-riding and lion hunting exploits and generally strenuous life. Mr. Roosevelt smiled and nodded his head as the Public Orator spoke of his natural "spolia egregia" (Latin for "big game") and his "vita strenua."

When the ceremony was over the undergraduates who crowded the galleries called for a speech, but Mr. Roosevelt shook his head and, in the wake of the Chief Marshall and the mace-bearers of the university, marched out of the Senate House, stopping en route to make a grab at another huge "Teddy bear," which, by an ingenious arrangement of strings held by undergraduates in the gallery, was performing a series of fantastic gyrations in the air above his head. The formal ceremonial was ever and youth must have its fling. Nobody was shocked, and nobody enjoyed the fun more than Mr. Roosevelt.

At the Cambridge Union.

But what the Colonel enjoyed most of all, perhaps, was his meeting with the undergraduates on their own ground, so to speak, that is to say, in the hall of the Cambridge Union, which is a combination of club and debating society. It has given not a few celebrities to English public life, among them Lord Macaulay, Lord Lytton, Sir W. Vernon Harcourt, and Lord Alverstone.

The Vice President of the Union proposed the distinguished visitor as an honorary member, mentioning that one of the three honorary members already enrolled was Oliver Wendell Holmes, and the Secretary seconded the motion, which, when put by the President, was carried by acclamation.

Then Mr. Roosevelt talked to the gathering for twenty minutes. It was not a set speech. He won his audience in the first few words by referring to some verses published in The Gownsman, a 'Varsity publication, which began:

The Lion and the Unic[illegible] will scatter for their lives
When the mighty big-game hunter from America arrives.
But his progress in the jungle is as nothing to his fame
In the copybook-Cum-Sunday-chapel missionary game.
Oh! we're ready for you, Teddy, our sins are all reviewed.
We've put away our novels and our statues in the nude.
We've read your precious homilies, and hope to hear some more
At the coming visitation of the moral Theodore.

The rhymester went on to say:

"Seriously, Teddy, we're proud to have you here, for you've done some pretty decent things without delay or fuss, and you're full of grit inside you, and that's what appeals to us."

Mr. Roosevelt's Talk.

Mr. Roosevelt obeyed the poet's closing injunction to "give the go-by to the Sunday chapel-missionary game," and, though he told his audience he was going to preach, it was by no means a somniferous sermon he delivered. His text was simply, "Do to the utmost of your ability what you have to do, and your life will be a success."

Everybody, he said, could not be a great poet or do the hundred-yard dash in 9⅘ seconds, but everybody could develop to the fullest the abilities he possessed and thus contribute to the sum of successful human endeavor.

The Colonel illustrated his thesis by references to athletics, his African big-game shooting, and his political career. In the course of his first term as President, he said, at a meeting of the Cabinet, one of his colleagues was enlarging on the disagreeable phases of public life. "Let there be no mistake about me, gentlemen," observed the President. "I like my job and intend to keep it for another term if I can."

But Mr. Roosevelt did not inform his Cambridge audience whether he still liked the job and wanted yet another term. In fact, when one of the speakers at the Union referred to him as the next President of the United States the Colonel smiled as inscrutably as the Sphinx he contemplated in Egypt.

American football was one of the things that Mr. Roosevelt touched upon. He expressed the hope that the American college game could be made less homicidal, for he did not think killing was a normal accompaniment of football. He wanted it made less dangerous, not because he was a sentimentalist, to draw the "mollycoddles'" teeth, but because he wanted to deprive them of a good argument against the sport.

Throughout his speech Mr. Roosevelt was frequently applauded and at its close he was cheered enthusiastically.

Until Monday, when Mr. Roosevelt returns to London, he will be a guest at the country houses of Arthur H. Lee and E. N. Buxton, the celebrated big-game hunter.

Thomas Nelson Page and a party of ladies had seats at the ceremony of conferring the LL. D. degree on the ex-President.

MR. TAFT UNABLE TO COME.

Has Another Engagement for Day of Mr. Roosevelt's Arrival.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—President Taft will not attend the home-coming celebration in honor of ex-President Roosevelt in New York on June 18.

The President had been urged to attend by representatives of the Republican Club of New York, who first suggested the celebration. On the day the ex-President sails into New York Harbor President Taft will be at Villanova, Penn., receiving the degree of Doctor of Jurisprudence from St. Thomas College, the Catholic institution at that place.

NAVAL PARADE FOR ROOSEVELT.

Commodore Smith of the Reception Committee Announces the Plans.

Plans for a naval parade when ex-President Roosevelt comes home on Saturday, June 18, were announced yesterday by Commodore R. A. C. Smith of the Reception Committee. He has appointed twelve Vice Commodores to command the twelve divisions of the parade, with Frederick P. Dalzell, Commodore, in active command. These are the Vice Commodores:

Capt. G. A. White of the Albany Day Line, Eugene F. Moran of the Moran Towing and Transportation Company, Frederick Coykendall of the Cornell Steamboat Company, Samuel L'Hommedieu of the White Star Towing Company, M. J. Tracey of the Tracey Towing Line, Capt. R. J. Barrett of the Barrett Towing Line, James J. McGuirl of the Shamrock Towing Line, Capt. J. F. McLeod of the Merritt & Chapman Wrecking Company, Capt. Joseph Peene, Jr., of the Ben Franklin Line of Yonkers; Charles E. MacWilliams of the MacWilliams Line, and J. N. Emery of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad.

The boats will assemble at the Narrows at 8:30 o'clock, the line extending from a point below Quarantine to beyond Robbin's Reef Light. Here they will remain until the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria drops anchor at Quarantine and Mr. Roosevelt boards the revenue cutter Androscoggin, which has been put at the service of the Reception Committee. The Androscoggin will pass through the flotilla, followed by the Commodore's tug, Dalzelline.

EXPULSION OF JEWS FROM KIEFF BEGUN

Three Hundred of Poorest Families Driven Away on Wednesday.

MUST RETURN TO THE PALE

Pitiful Scenes—A Little More Mercy for the Well-to-Do, but They Are Put to Great Expense.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 26.—The exodus of Jewish families from Kieff has commenced. The total departures from that city up to last night were 300 proscribed families, belonging exclusively to the poorest classes.

The expulsion is attended with harrowing scenes. The exodus results from the order of the Russian Government that all Jews who cannot establish a legal claim to residence outside the Pale must return forthwith to the confines defined in the original Jewish segregation law. The Pale is formed of the Polish provinces and the Ukraine.

The scenes in the streets of Kieff yesterday were affecting. The evicted Jews were veritable paupers, lacking all means of sustenance. For the moment the Jewish families possessing some means were left undisturbed.

Throughout the day a straggling train of wagons passed out of the city gates, carrying the miserable household effects of the banished. All was confusion. Sobbing women, clinging to their little ones, and sad-faced men were alike escorted outside the town limits and told to return to the places of their birth.

Different procedure is adopted toward the Jews who have some wealth. They, however, are put to great expense, being obliged to return to their native towns to obtain new permits for a visit to Kieff on the ground of urgent personal business. These permits are issued for limited terms, and so require frequent renewal, at the mercy of the police officials.

The authorities explain that part of the number being expelled are recent arrivals in Kieff and that the expulsion is an annual occurrence, following the customary Spring influx of Jews from surrounding localities who try to gain a foothold in Kieff.

The authorities add that heretofore many of the incoming Jews have succeeded in gaining residence through connivance with minor police officials, but that this year strict orders have been given that each case be thoroughly investigated.

PRISON FOR BELLE MOORE.

Court Sentencing Her Says She Was Not Engaged in White Slave Traffic.

Although he gave her the maximum term of imprisonment allowed by the statute, Judge Crain in sentencing Belle Moore yesterday said that no evidence had shown her to be guilty of selling girls into "white slavery." The judgment of the court was confinement in Auburn prison for not less than two years and six months nor more than five years. A stay was granted pending an argument next week before Supreme Court Justice Erlanger on an application for a certificate of reasonable doubt.

Belle Moore was the mulatto woman who accepted $120 from an agent of the Rockefeller Grand Jury for her part in persuading two women to go with him to Seattle. Her trial was notable for having brought out the seasonable age and sophistication of the "girls," and the fact that the agents almost vied with Belle Moore in persuading them to be "sold."

E. H. R. Green to Live Here.

DALLAS, May 26.—It was announced here to-day that E. H. R. Green, President of the Texas Midland Railroad and son of Mrs. Hetty Green of New York, will take up his residence in the East to assist his mother in her financial affairs.

1887 Brill Clothes—Ready to Wear. 1910

Men's Holiday and Dress Wear of standard quality at minimum cost

For every day wear, an excellently tailored, finely woven blue serge suit, half lined, at $25; or a BRILL TWENTY suit, in gray homespun, blue serge, fancy blue worsted, or any seasonable fabric and coloring you prefer. There are no better suits at $20.

Wool crash suits, in several shades of gray, and the U. S. TRUE BLUE serge suit, at $15; linen crash 2-piece suits, at $6 and $7.50; white flannel and white serge trousers, plain or with pencil stripes, at $5, $6 and $7; and the Cluett "Chevy Chase" outing shirt of light white cheviot, half sleeves, with soft collar attached, at $1.50.

Topped by the best Panama hat you can get north of the Isthmus at $5; or a real $5, $4, or $3 Sennit, Milan or Mackinaw straw hat (wise purchase) at $1.95.

Cool Coats, 50c. to $7.50.
Sole leather suit cases, $5.
Automobile dusters, $1.50 to $10.

Brill Brothers
CLOTHIERS 4 CONVENIENT STORES
Harlem Store Open Evenings.
279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St. 125TH STREET, cor. 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., nr. B'way. 47 CORTLANDT ST., nr. Greenwich.

LEARN ABOUT A DESK.

"The Influence of a Desk" is the name of our free booklet. Sounds interesting, and it is—and valuable too. Write for it.

CHARLES E. MATTHEWS
OFFICE FURNITURE
275 Canal St., Just East of Broadway
Tel. Spring 1239

SPECIAL No. 3
67 Scotch Cheviots from $28, $30 & $32 to
$17.50
Recipe for success: Grab opportunity around the neck and don't let go!
HENRY MORITZ
Clothes for Young & Old Youths
1241 BROADWAY,
(30th & 31st Sts.)

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

Here are special Decoration week values offered just at the beginning of the Spring holidays away under price—that more may have an opportunity of knowing of the superior excellence of Smith Gray clothes.

25.00 BLUE SERGE SUITS, 18.50.

The fabrics are woven from all-Austrian wool, soft, pliable, non-shiny, in those deep, lasting, cool, marine blue shades, specially priced because of a fortunate fabric condition; in all sizes and popular models for men and young men.

22.50, 25 & 27.50 MIXTURE SUITS, 18.50.

One, two and three of a kind, and several regular lots specially priced; smart worsteds, velours and cassimeres; included are many of our very best styles—all the new grays, black and white fancy weaves, and fancy blue shades; sizes and models for men and young men.

22.50 BLUE SERGE SUITS, 15.50.

These are full weight serges of doubly ply yarns, guaranteed to withstand wear, tear, and the elements. No serge suit at any price can give greater service or greater comfort. All models and sizes for men and young men.

20 & 22.50 MIXTURE SUITS, 15.50.

Included are suits of all popular fabrics and shades—worsteds in grays, steel, stone and blue shades; velours and cassimeres in grays, black and white, and fancy weaves; pin checks, stripes and various other checks. These are regular lots specially priced.

Motor clothes for owners and chauffeurs.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Lord & Taylor

Cold Storage

For Furs, Wearing Apparel, Automobile Robes and Oriental Rugs

In this department we have exceptional facilities.

The Plant Is On Our Own Premises

It is equipped with every modern detail to insure complete protection and in charge of practical furriers.

The goods are thoroughly cleaned by Vacuum and Compressed Air Systems

Before Being Put in Storage.

Insured Against

Loss by Theft, or Damage by Fire or Moth.

Furs Repaired and Remodeled

at Special Prices During Summer Months.

Broadway & 20th St., 5th Ave.; 19th St.

This Week at Aeolian Hall

A Few Exchanged Pianos with Pianolas

At Rare Prices

Characteristic of the high quality of pianos now on special sale at Aeolian Hall—in combination with that greatest of all piano players, the Pianola—are:

A Bradbury Piano and **Pianola**—costing originally $600 at **$250**
A Sterling Piano and **Pianola**—costing originally $625 at **$315**
A Steinway Piano and **Pianola**—costing originally $800 at **$425**

And many others at prices averaging *half the original cost—for the two instruments—Piano and Pianola—*

On Terms to Suit YOU

Responsible for these remarkable values is today's great demand for Pianola Pianos—*pianos with the Pianola built into them*—exclusively the product of The Aeolian Company.

Thus, at Aeolian Hall, there are constantly being received—from New York's finest homes—Pianos and Pianolas, *separately*, in exchange for the combined instruments.

Many times this exchange is made when the separate instruments are practically new.

Always, the exchanged pianos and Pianolas on sale at Aeolian Hall are of musical value *equal to new.*

And the proof of this is that:

The full guarantee of The Aeolian Company is given with all of these instruments. They may be judged in the home, then returned if unsatisfactory.

This guarantee is your protection.

And, at this week's prices you may own both a piano and a Pianola at the ordinary cost of one of these instruments.

It will pay you to investigate. Visit Aeolian Hall today—*or at your earliest convenience.*

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

The Largest Manufacturers of Musical Instruments in the World

Open Until 6 O'Clock Every Day, Including Saturday 362 Fifth Ave., near 34th St.

"CLOTHES THAT FIT"

We will Open our New Store on May 27 with a fine array of hand made, up to the minute

MEN'S CLOTHES

that have many **vital points**, but the most important one is "FIT." No matter how attractive the pattern may be or how good the cloth, the effect is lost by a bad fitting garment.

Our aim will be to give more attention to the fit than most custom tailors do. All garments are made on our premises. Not a garment will leave this shop until it has passed a critical examination.

For this week we will place on sale all
$25.00 Men's Hand Tailored Suits at $15.00
$18.00 Men's Hand Tailored Suits at $10.00

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK.

Philips
High Grade Clothes
205 Broadway
NEAR FULTON STREET

SPECIAL No. 4
140 Blue & Gray Cheviots & Worsteds
$11.75
I put myself in the George Washington class when I say these suits are worth $18.
HENRY MORITZ
Clothes for Young & Old Youths
1241 BROADWAY,
(30th & 31st Sts.)

AMERICA leads the World pre-eminently in the superiority and skill of her dentists
Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
has been prepared by an American dentist since 1866. It cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath.

Still He Thought And Still His Wonder Grew
How our four floors could carry all they do in equipment for MOTOR BOATS and YACHTS. We've everything you can possibly need at MONEY-SAVING PRICES. Better consult us before you weigh anchor.
ALSO MOTOR BOAT OUTFITTERS.
Camp Outfits,
Fishing Tackle,
Auto Supplies,
Yacht Tenders,
Awnings for City and Country Homes; Yachts also.
Hopkins
119 CHAMBERS ST.

Where to Go
New Jersey Central
EXCURSIONS
HARD COAL - NO SMOKE - COMFORT
$1 Lake Hopatcong
EVERY SUNDAY
and Decoration Day, May 30th.
Leave West 23d St. 8:50 A. M.
Leave Liberty St. 9:00 A. M.
$1.50 Mauch Chunk
NEXT SUNDAY, MAY 29TH, and Decoration Day, May 30th.
Leave West 23d St. 8:20 A. M.
Leave Liberty St. 8:30 A. M.

Consult DR. FORTH About Your EYES — NO CHARGE.
Eye Defects—Eyestrain positively permanently corrected by the DR. FORTH CONTROL METHOD. No Drugs—no drops. Indorsed by physicians everywhere. Eyeglasses, everything for the eyes. Forth Gold-filled Reading Glasses $2.
Dr. Forth, 358 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Take Subway Ex. to Borough Hall Depot.

COMET'S VAGARIES MAY MARK ITS END

Evidences That It Is Breaking Up, Similar to Those of Others That Have Disappeared.

SEEN AGAIN LAST NIGHT

Wanderer Had the Appearance of a Star of the Third Magnitude—Twin Comet May Appear in 1986.

Halley's comet was twice visible for intervals of five minutes each last night from the Times tower. For the rest of the time when it was within the range of earthly vision it was completely hidden by heavy clouds. The wanderer had lost much in brightness, appearing as a star of the third magnitude. As on several evenings recently, a meteor was seem in conjunction with it. No tail was visible.

The comet was first seen at 8:10 o'clock, staying in sight until 8:15. It resembled a fairly bright star of the third magnitude, surrounded by a misty halo, and not a sign of a train. Undoubtedly the comet is rapidly diminishing in size and brilliancy, and will soon be beyond the unaided eye vision.

Between 8:15 o'clock and 8:20 the comet was hidden behind drifting clouds, emerging at 8:20 and remaining visible until 8:30 o'clock. Then it disappeared behind the clouds, and remained hidden for the rest of the evening.

At 9:17 a meteor, resembling a red ball of fire, was seen drifting from the direction in which the comet had appeared, and it pursued a course directly overhead, vanishing in the northwestern sky. Its motion was slow, and it apparently stayed at almost the same elevation, probably some ten or fifteen miles. It was the only meteor observed in the evening, but it presented an unusual and remarkable appearance.

May Be Breaking Up.

Is a celestial tragedy being enacted behind the curtain of clouds which have hidden Halley's comet from view? Startling rumors from more or less reliable sources have been circulating to the effect that the comet has lost its tail; that it has two tails; that its tail is some forty degrees long, and finally, that the nucleus of the comet has split in twain.

Cases of comets breaking up, dispersing, and finally disappearing are on record, the best instance being that of Biela's comet. Its history is very interesting.

It was discovered in 1826 by Biela, an Austrian officer, and its return announced as due in 1832. Its orbit came within a very few thousand miles of the earth's orbit, and had the comet and the earth arrived at the nearest point at the same time there would have been a collision, the earth passing through the outer portions of the comet's head. At the return of the comet in 1832 some one started the report that such an encounter would occur, and in consequence there was a comet scare in France. However, there was no reason for alarm, as the comet passed the critical point about a month before the earth reached it, so that the two bodies were never really within 15,000,000 miles of each other.

At the next return in 1839 it was not well placed for observation, but when it duly reappeared in 1846 it had divided into two. When first seen, on Nov. 28, it presented the ordinary appearance of any newly discovered comet. On Dec. 19 it had become rather pear shaped, and ten days later it had divided. The twin comets drifted along side by side for more than four months, at an almost unvarying distance of about 160,000 miles, without showing any sign of mutual disturbance. There was, however, a peculiar interchange of what might be termed flashlight signals between the celestial comrades, the nucleus of first one and then the other glowing brightly, but on no occasion were both resplendent at the same time. When next the comet returned, in August, 1852, it was under rather unfavorable circumstances for observation, but the twins were both seen, now separated by about 1,500,000 miles, and traveling quietly in their appointed orbits. Neither of them has ever been seen again, although they ought to have returned five times, and more than once under favorable conditions for visibility.

The final chapter in the celestial tragedy was enacted on the night of Nov. 27, 1872, just as the earth was passing the old track of the lost comet. In place of the twin comets a wonderful meteoric shower took place, recurring in November, 1885, and 1892, when the earth once more passed the comet's path. The meteors of this so-called Bielid swarm in their motion through the sky are parallel to the comet's orbit, at the point where it intersects our own, and are undoubtedly composed of the fragments of Biela's comet.

Is Halley's comet approaching this stage of its celestial career? The answer to the question depends upon the confirmation of the discovery made by Dr. A. E. Douglas of the University at Tucson, Arizona. He states that the head or nucleus of Halley's comet has divided into two parts. If this statement is confirmed then we may feel assured that in the occasional glimpses we have had of the celestial wanderer we have seen it in the decline of its glorious career. On the mornings of May 6 and 13 the writer saw it in all its beauty, adorned with a train of vast dimensions, but on the morning of May 19 two fragmentary streamers were all that remained of its former splendor. In the evening sky it was seen two or three evenings later with a short fan-shaped train of about three degrees; on May 24 the train was barely perceptible and the nucleus shrunken and faded in brilliancy, and now we hear that the nucleus has split in twain.

History Traced 2,000 Years.

Is this the beginning of the shattering process which marks the final dissolution of the filmsy celestial wanderer in space? Are we gazing upon the final chapter in the career of Halley's comet? Kind Mother Earth has considerately drawn a curtain of cloud between our planet and the scenes which are being enacted in the celestial tragedy. For the past 2,000 years the comet has approached the neighborhood of the sun and planets unscathed, but finally, like the moth which has ventured once too often within range of the alluring light, it has singed its wings. A bright meteor seen on the morning of May 15 by Miss Elizabeth P. Soper of Stonington, Conn., who shared with me, though we were a considerable distance apart, the lonely vigil of that morning seemed to be the herald announcing the coming tragic event in the career of the comet. In a letter dated May 18 she remarks:

"I write to tell you of a meteor I saw on Sunday morning, May 15, at exactly six minutes past 2. It was so wonderful I am surprised to have seen no mention of it in the newspapers. It came from the northeast, circling toward the southwest very slowly, and I feel sure it was a minute and a half before it passed from view. The meteor was very large, bright red, passing the tail of the comet, and leaving a red streak behind that was wider in some places than in others. I called my mother and sister, and together we watched this streak, which remained visible for half an hour after the meteor had disappeared."

On May 19 the writer observed a meteor in the direction of the eastern sky, plunging swiftly in a northeast direction. It was visible for a fraction over five seconds. It resembled at first a pear-shaped ball, three times as large as Venus, leaving a streak some five degrees in length as it flashed downward. Another meteor was observed the same evening by the writer and two other observers between 2:40 and 3 A. M. Unfortunately in the excitement of the moment the writer failed to make a note of the exact moment of the apparition. The meteor was seen coming from the same direction as the one which was observed at 2 o'clock, and from the momentary glimpse obtained by the writer it was apparently tinged with blue.

On the evening of May 25, when the comet appeared as a hazy mist with a short fan-like train, four more meteors flashed into view. The first was seen at 8:25, and it left a bluish streak in its wake as it flashed from near the comet in a westerly direction. It passed between the twin stars Castor and Pollux, flickering out a few degrees above the northwestern horizon. Three other meteors followed it in the same general course across the sky within the next few minutes. Were these meteors the celestial heralds announcing a future display some seventy-five years hence, of what might be termed Haneids, the scattered fragments of Halley's comet, a repetition of our experience with Biela's?

This may be too early a date for the final disintegration, and at the next return in or about 1986 twin comets may greet the eyes of astronomers, but it is only a matter of time when the comet or comets will finally go to pieces. One feels as safe in making this prediction as Halley did when he called upon candid posterity to acknowledge that his prediction of the return of Halley's comet in 1758 had come true. The writer as confidently predicts that if Halley's comet continues in its present course of dividing in two and losing its tail and apparently scattering celestial fire rockets along its track it will doubtless not survive more than two or three centuries at most. "Candid posterity" can alone verify this prediction, which has the charm at present of being "beyond our ken."

MARY PROCTOR.

Prof. Todd Finds Comet Normal.

AMHERST, Mass., May 26.—Observations of Halley's comet, made to-night by Prof. David Todd at the Amherst College Observatory, indicated that the comet's head is again normal. No trace could be seen of the projection from the head reported by Prof. Wendell of Harvard or the division of the head announced by an Arizona observer. The tail to-night was 30 degrees long.

GOOD VIEW AT HARVARD.

Projection from Comet's Head, Seen Recently, Has Disappeared.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 26.—The "jet" which was seen by Harvard astronomers projecting from the nucleus of Halley's comet on May 23 and 24 had entirely disappeared to-night. For the first time since the comet went into the western sky weather conditions to-night permitted a satisfactory view for several hours.

Prof. O. C. Wendell of the Harvard Observatory, in giving out a statement based on his own observations and those of Prof. E. C. Pickering and others, said that the nucleus, measured photometrically with the large telescope, was found to be of 6.43 magnitude, which as compared with a magnitude of 6.57 two nights ago shows the nucleus has grown slightly brighter.

No indication of any division of the nucleus was seen to-night. In fact, the head of the comet was found to be quite sharply defined and starlike.

SAVED WIRE CO.'S ASSETS.

Receivers Wise and Nathan so Report and Court Approves Accounts.

Supreme Court Justice McCall approved yesterday the accounts of Homer Wise and Harold Nathan, the New York receivers of the National Steef and Wire Company, who were appointed in 1907. They stated in their petition that the liabilities of the concern were $1,783,898, with net nominal assets of $7,800,000 and small visible ones.

The creditors have already received 30 per cent. of their claims and an additional 10 per cent. will be paid to them. The New York receivers now have in their possession $9,375, which the court gave them permission to turn over to the principal receivers of the company in New Haven. The New York receivers asserted that by their administration they had saved $848,000 to the creditors and that the real estate and plant of the National Wire Corporation, a subsidiary concern of the National Steel and Wire Company, had been sold to the United States Steel Corporation for $850,000.

COL. KNOX A GLOBE GIRDLER.

Saw Roosevelt and Reports That the Ex-President Is Enjoying Himself.

Col. and Mrs. Edward M. Knox, who have been making a tour of the world, returned home yesterday on the White Star liner Adriatic. Col. Knox said that one of the pleasantest experiences of his long tour was his meeting with Col. Roosevelt, who he reported was enjoying himself and in the best of health and spirits.

Col. Knox and his wife sailed from San Francisco on Sept. 25. After calling at Hawaii they visited Japan, China, and India, and from there they made a tour of Europe. They were entertained by royalty in China and by the Viceroy in India. Altogether, said Col. Knox, it was a most enjoyable and interesting trip.

In the course of it he picked up many art objects, which he will add to his collection at Ridgefield, Conn.

The WILD OLIVE

A Remarkable New Novel by the Author of
THE INNER SHRINE

The Chicago Journal, in a column-long review, says: "THE WILD OLIVE," a second novel by the anonymous author of "The Inner Shrine," is so much more interesting than the earlier book that this reviewer is now inclined to ascribe to the unknown author those qualities that only the most ardent partisans of that writer insisted on as characteristic of the first novel. "THE WILD OLIVE" has a broader basis of plot, a finer conception of character and a higher idealism than was apparent in "The Inner Shrine."

"THE WILD OLIVE" is a story in a new setting, a story that seizes the reader from the first chapter—a story of great vigor and delightful charm. The scene opens in the Adirondack wilderness, with a fugitive from justice, young and a gentleman, running through the woods at night. Looking through a cottage window, he recognizes the judge who condemned him—innocent. A girl's form outside beckons him to follow. The story rushes on, carrying the youth into rehabilitated manhood, and the girl to the height of emotional sacrifice and final triumph.

Splendidly Illustrated by Lucius Hitchcock
Post 8vo, Cloth, $1.50

Ready at Last in Book Form
HARPER & BROTHERS

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Bathing Suits
Bathing Accessories & Beach Outfits
for Women

A complete department devoted exclusively to every detail of Bathing Apparel; Months of preparation have made this collection the largest and most comprehensive we have ever brought together. The models are exclusive, practical and designed with discrimination relative to materials as well as workmanship. No suit of scant measure or doubtful quality can by any possibility find place in our stock

Suits from 1.98 upward to 50.00
Shoes from .25 upward to 3.00
Caps from .10 upward to 3.50

SPECIAL—FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
Princess Bathing Suit with separate worsted Tights, 5.95
Of fine, heavy, lustrous mohair in black or navy, new semi-princess open front model, trimmed with bands of taffeta silk. Separate tights of fine worsted.

FOR FRIDAY & SATURDAY, MAY 27TH & 28TH.
We shall present an entirely new assortment of
Summer Suits and Dresses
for Misses and Small Women

Tailored Suits, sizes 14, 16, 18 years.
Of imported linen or repp; full pleated skirt and new length coat. Handsomely tailored models. All colors, as well as white or natural. Exceptional value at 7.95

Dresses for Misses, sizes 14, 16, 18 years.
Of French linen, gingham, chambray, figured lawn or dimity in a wide range of the season's newest models. Some have low collars in smart combination colors; others have high collars,
at 5.95, 7.95, 9.75 and 12.50

Wool Suits for Misses, SIZES 14, 16 AND 18 YRS.
to close out at greatly reduced prices
at 12.50 reduced from 25.00
" 19.50 " " 35.00
" 24.00 " " 55.00

Washable Dresses for Girls
SIZES 6 TO 14 YEARS
Of French ginghams, lawns, chambrays and percales. A wide range of the newest models, including Russian, Dutch or high neck or regulation sailor models,
at 1.95, 2.95, 3.95 and 5.95

White Dresses for Girls
SIZES 6 TO 14 YEARS
Of lingerie, Persian lawn or batiste; elaborately trimmed with fine laces and embroideries,
at 4.95 and 6.95

To close out—Coats for Girls
Of French or storm serges, worsteds or fancy imported mixtures. The season's newest models are included in this assortment. Sizes 6 to 14 years.
Value 10.50 at 4.50
Value 20.00 at 7.50

B. Altman & Co.

MEN'S SUMMER UNDERWEAR
WILL BE ON SALE THIS DAY (FRIDAY), AT THE FOLLOWING ESPECIALLY LOW PRICES:
WHITE MADRAS COAT SHIRTS AND KNEE DRAWERS, AT 38c. EACH
WHITE MADRAS COMBINATION SUITS AT 90c. PER SUIT
WHITE COTTON SLEEVELESS SHIRTS AND KNEE DRAWERS AT 45c. EACH

HOSIERY FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN
MEN'S MERCERIZED LISLE THREAD HALF-HOSE IN TWO-TONED EFFECTS, USUALLY 50c. AT 28c. PER PAIR
WOMEN'S LISLE THREAD HOSE, BLACK, TAN OR WHITE, AT 32c. PER PAIR $1.75 PER HALF DOZEN PAIRS
USUALLY $2.70 PER HALF DOZEN PAIRS
WOMEN'S PLAIN BLACK SILK HOSE WITH COTTON SOLES, USUALLY $1.35 . . . AT $1.00 PER PAIR
CHILDREN'S COTTON SOCKS, WHITE OR TAN GROUNDS, FANCY TOPS, USUALLY $1.50 AT $1.00 PER HALF DOZEN PAIRS

B. Altman & Co.
ARE DISPLAYING SEASONABLE TRAVELING ACCESSORIES
INCLUDING OUTERGARMENTS IN VARIOUS MATERIALS AND STYLES FOR MEN, WOMEN, MISSES AND CHILDREN; STEAMER RUGS, SHAWLS AND LOUNGING ROBES; AUTOMOBILE CAPS, BONNETS, VEILS AND GOGGLES; GLOVES AND UMBRELLAS; FITTED TRAVELING CASES OF LEATHER; HAMPERS OF LEATHER AND WICKER; THERMOS BOTTLES; RIDING AND DRIVING EQUIPMENTS.
Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

NAHAN FRANKO AND ORCHESTRA, RESTAURANT, EIGHTH FLOOR
31 Years Leaders of Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK

1,500 American Made Rugs
New Shipment of 1,000 Crex Rugs, 10,000 Yards of Carpet and More Than 25,000 Yards of Matting Just Arrived from the Mill.
Fourth Floor.

THESE are days of remarkable interest and activity in the RUG MART at the SIMPSON CRAWFORD COMPANY STORE. We are very busy sending Rugs to all sections for Summer homes, whether in the country, on mountain slopes, or else to seaside places.

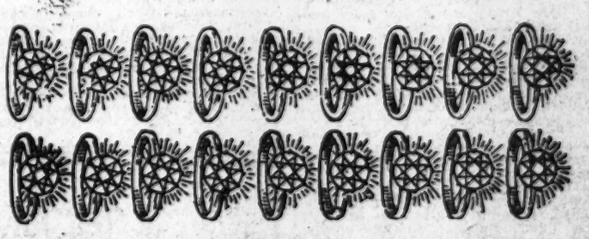
It is distinctly to your profit to buy Rugs, Carpets or Mattings at Simpson Crawford's. Our stocks are enormous; always carefully chosen, and always allowing the customer every concession that arises from purchasing from the mills on a tremendous basis. In the matter of Oriental Rugs we are importers, wholesalers and retailers.

In the specialized list arranged for to-day's selling we have included Royal Wilton Rugs, the best 5-frame Body Brussels Rugs, Rag Rugs, and a big shipment of Crex Rugs direct from the mills in Minnesota.

Royal Wilton Rugs, size 9x12, valued at from 38.00 to 42.00, at $32.50
Size 8.2x10.6, valued at 35.00 to 37.00, at 28.50
Best Five Frame Body Brussels Rugs, valued at 30.00, size 9x12, at 23.75
Size 8.3x10.6, same quality as above, valued at 27.00, at 21.50
Seamless Axminster Rugs, size 9x12, almost ½ inch thick, valued at 35.00, at 22.50
Size 8.3x10.6, valued at 28.00, at 19.50
Size 6x9, valued at 18.00, at 12.00
All Wool Reversible Smyrna Rugs, size 9x12, valued at 24.00, at 17.00
Size 7.6x10.6, valued at 18.00, at 12.45
Size 6x9, valued at 12.00, at 7.50
Tapestry Brussels Rugs; size 9x12, valued at 18.00, at 12.75
Size 7.6x9, valued at 12.00, at 7.85
Crex Grass Rugs. The ideal Summer rug; for town or country use. Size 9x12, valued at 9.00, at 7.45
Size 8x10, valued at 8.00, at 5.85
Size 6x9, valued at 5.50, at 3.85
One by Two yards, valued at 1.50, at 1.00
9x12 Old Fashioned Rag Rugs, also known as Log Cabin Rugs and Fireside Rugs. This is one of the most serviceable and artistic rugs for Summer homes. Valued at 15.00, at 9.75

750 Rolls of Japanese and Chinese Matting
Hundreds of yards of 116 warp China Matting. Regular .45 to .50 yard grade, for this sale, yard at 27c
Extra Fine Japanese Matting with detached figures, new goods, imported to sell at from .40 to .45 yard, for this sale, yard 25c
5,000 Yards of Wilton Velvet Carpet, in a large assortment of two-tone greens, and wood shades. Suitable for halls and stairs. Valued at 1.35 yard, at, a yard 1.10
500 Royal Axminster Rugs, size 36x72; valued at 5.50, at 3.45
SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO., SIXTH AVENUE'S FINEST STORE

EXTRA! TO-DAY
DIAMONDS
½ Carat $29



To-day, Friday, May 27th
I shall offer a special lot of ladies' SOLITAIRE DIAMOND rings at $29 EACH. There are just eighty of them. The diamonds weigh a full HALF CARAT EACH, guaranteed blue-white and have all the FIRE AND LUSTRE of $260.00 gems. In fact, they might easily be taken for a diamond ring WORTH AT LEAST $75.00. Every one will be sold with the understanding that the money will be refunded if it can be duplicated by any retail jeweler FOR LESS THAN $50.00.
Cutting diamonds received direct from the London Syndicate in their rough state enables me TO UNDERSELL RETAIL JEWELERS who must buy from wholesale jewelers. My prices are about ONE-HALF LESS than they can offer the same grade for. My refund agreement is as good as a GOLD BOND to protect you AGAINST LOSS.
Observe these WEIGHTS AND PRICES of a few other SPECIAL DIAMOND RINGS also offered on the above date, with the same agreement—i. e., your money back if you wish.

16 Diamonds, 3½ carats	$300	15 Diamonds, 1¾ carats	$135
12 Diamonds, 2 5-64 carats	145	16 Diamonds, 2½ carats	150
7 Diamonds, 2⅛ carats	175	5 Diamonds, 1⅝ carats	100
16 Diamonds, 3¼ carats	200	6 Diamonds, 2⅞ carats	350
16 Diamonds, 3 3-32 carats	275	3 Diamonds, 1⅛ carats	75
3 Diamonds, 1¾ carats	39	7 Diamonds, 2¼ carats	210
19 Diamonds, 1¾ carats	125	2 Diamonds, 1 5-64 carats	90
3 Diamonds, 2 1-64 carats	49	14 Diamonds, 1¼ carats	60
7 Diamonds, 1¼ carats	100	10 Diamonds, 1 1-16 carats	58
48 Diamonds, ¼ of a carat	12	18 Diamonds, 1 1-32 carats	34

CHARLES A. KEENE, Importer & Cutter of Diamonds 180 Broadway New York
Founded 1881—Near Fulton St. Subway Station
LONDON, 80 Holborn Viaduct. PARIS, 44 Rue Lafayette.
AMSTERDAM, Sarphatistraat 33 ANTWERP, 90 Rue du Pelican

HEIKE LETTERS NOW USED AGAINST HIM

Sugar Trust Secretary Wrote Gerbracht Frankly About Customs Weights Concealed.

ANOTHER BOSTON LETTER

Speaks of Conversation with President Thomas and Tells How Weights Should Be Adjusted.

The Government drew its net of evidence tightly yesterday around Charles R. Heike, Secretary and Treasurer of the Sugar Trust and the chief defendant in the trial before Judge Martin and a jury in the Criminal Branch of the United States Circuit Court, and the five men who are charged with operating the sugar-weighing frauds on the Williamsburg docks of the trust for many years prior to November, 1907. The other defendants are Ernest Gerbracht, former Superintendent of the Williamsburg Refinery; James M. Bendernagel, cashier at that refinery; Harry W. Walker, the assistant dock boss at Williamsburg, and two checkers named Voelker and Halligan.

It was shown yesterday, by his own letters and from the mouths of his immediate subordinates, that Heike had the most intimate knowledge of every detail of the bookkeeping and accounting methods at every one of the trust's refineries, and that so far as the Williamsburg refinery was concerned the lower weights of sugar imported which the Government weighers recorded on the false scales were used as the basis of all the melting records on sugar bought on invoice weights, as distinct from landed weights. This classification covered a very large part of the dutiable sugar imported by the trust.

More Refined Than Raw Sugar Reported.

The Government's evidence of yesterday's session also disclosed that the false weights returned from the Government scales were definitely recognized at 117 Wall Street, and that by orders of Heike adjustments were made by adding certain allowances when it came to making up the statements of refinery operations with sugar handled in this way. More than this, in some years, according to charts which the Government's experts made up from data obtained in Heike's office, the Williamsburg refinery actually turned out more refined sugar of the grades handled by this method than the Government's weighing records showed to have been entered upon its piers.

Heike's letters—and his counsel, John B. Stanchfield, referred to him as the "prize letter writer of the company"—as introduced in evidence yesterday contained open references to the Government weights and the actual weights, and one of these epistles, addressed in 1904 to Supt. Frank G. Turner of the Boston refinery, referred to a conversation upon the handling of these melting accounts with Washington B. Thomas, now President of the American Sugar Refinery, who was then Vice President and the controlling influence in the Boston plant.

There was another phase of yesterday's testimony which attracted considerable interest. It was demonstrated that the trust's organization provided for just such a handling of refinery accounts as THE TIMES told of some months ago in its disclosure of the bonus system that prevailed throughout, whereby all the elements of cost, including price of raw sugar, duty, labor, &c., were debited against each refinery and the proceeds of the sales of refined sugar credited.

Reconstructed the Lost Statements.

A competition in results was thus created, and while the Government's testimony did not go to the actual payment of the bonuses, Heike's letters, as introduced, referred specifically to the competition, to the interest of the late H. O. Havemeyer in the results, and to his own intimate knowledge of the actual details.

The so-called technical statements giving the results of refinery operation as reported to Heike supplied a feature of yesterday's evidence. These statements, the defense conceded, were not in existence at the present time, and the Government undertook to build up the structure of fact they contained by presenting the work of its experts, who had reconstructed them from the sugar company's books. It came out after counsel for the defense had bitterly cross-examined the witnesses who had done the work of reconstruction that at Heike's orders the technical statements, at least up to the close of 1908, had all been destroyed.

Two junior employes of his office testified to this. One, William A. Bryant, an office boy who took care of Heike's records, declared that on March 9, 1909, he destroyed a package marked "technical statements, 1908," under Heike's direction, and reported their destruction to his superior. This, it was conceded, happened four days after the termination of the trial in which the trust was convicted as a corporation of the sugar weighing frauds. Another employe, Arthur Wallen, testified that for twelve or thirteen years he had been, from time to time, called upon by Heike to destroy these technical statements, his last orders to this effect covering the technical statements for 1908, coming from Heike early in December, 1908. The defense conceded that the prior trial of former Sugar Trust employes for the weighing frauds began late in November, 1909, and lasted until about the middle of December. Heike's indictment came in January, 1910.

Eventually Joseph P. Montgomery, "melting clerk" in the trust's Wall Street office, was put upon the stand. He identified the books in which he kept a record of the work of the Williamsburg Refinery from 1901 to 1908, and explained that the term "melting" was used to cover all the results produced from handling the raw sugar received at a given refinery.

"Did Mr. Heike see those daily reports?" asked Mr. Stimson.

"Yes," replied the witness, "he asked to see them every night."

Montgomery explained that he made up monthly statements of all the raw sugar entered at the refinery, and in red ink he made adjustments on some importations, according to figures received from another clerk named Schneiter. The Government paused long enough to call Schneiter, and have him say that he derived his authority from Heike.

Just how these variations worked out appeared from a table that Montgomery presented, showing in the case of Java sugars, imported subject to duty on the invoice weights, the so-called "original weights" representing the returns of the Government weighers, and added weights put on pursuant to Schneiter's memoranda to bring the "original weights" up to the true weights, and the estimated value of the added weights.

Record of the Juggled Accounts.

Here are the figures submitted by Montgomery, showing how the false figures resulting from the weighing on the falsified Government scales were built upon to agree with the invoice sugar from Java during the years 1905 and 1906, and in the latter part of 1907, and thus make the refinery records correspond to those of the trust proper:

Date of Statement.	Original Weight.	Added Weight.	Value of Added Weight.
1905:			
April 30	1,272,750	43,791	$2,121
June 3	902,128	24,805	1,201
July 1	3,283,258	110,517	4,966
Sept. 2	22,174,407	965,495	35,845
Sept. 30	39,745,830	2,311,525	83,727
Nov. 4	83,880,100	2,233,598	128,145
Dec. 2	42,766,708	1,077,283	41,149
Dec. 30	10,481,537	472,576	17,424
1906:			
Feb. 3	2,626,679	22,297	609
March 31	265,799	10,849	398
Sept. 1	5,040,851	107,543	4,220
Sept. 29	21,314,626	670,424	27,134
Nov. 3	52,314,826	1,946,672	79,309
Dec. 1	27,001,806	919,564	37,822
Dec. 29	23,181,471	273,976	10,869
1907:			
June 1	1,888,667	14,846	582
Oct. 5	36,235,127	820,000	32,969
Nov. 2	51,882,060	1,330,423	53,359
Nov. 30	46,145,594	733,734	29,206
Dec. 28	32,874,979	197,44-	8,326

With this system of keeping accounts outlined before it, the jury, which has already heard how Heike made out the checks to pay duty to the Government according to the refinery weights and received the rebates when an original estimate of duty was greater than the false weighing showed, was in a position to appreciate some of Heike's letters. One of the most frank recognitions of the operation of the system was contained in a letter to Gerbracht, which ran as follows:

Sept. 24, 1897.

Dear Mr. Gerbracht:

The clerk of the Insurance Inspectors who went over to your refinery to see the weight books of the Indiana came back with the report that the weight books had all been destroyed, and when he expressed surprise that they could not be seen by him he was told that it would require a special annex to be built if we were to keep the weight books for inspection. As the Indiana did not arrive until Sept. 13, which was ten days ago, it seems, at best, that the annex would be very small to keep weight books for ten days; and as there were no duties paid on these sugars there could under no circumstances be any harm in showing the weights, as there could be no comparison with Custom House weights.

An Attempt to Scuttle a Ship.

It is very unfortunate that so little attention is paid to the things required to collect insurance claims, and it is extremely difficult to get a settlement under the circumstances. The Insurance Inspector is always entitled to see the ship and you should not have allowed the Indiana to go away until the man had been there to inspect her and see the cause of the damage. It is true that you sent word at once to the office, but it seems that the young man had gone on his vacation and the one in charge of his work had not been properly instructed, but under the circumstances you might have sent even a second or third request for the Inspector to come over, or you could have telephoned me to send him. It is particularly necessary with these Sandwich Island cargoes, because there is always a considerable part damaged by what we call "sweat damage," so that the mere presence of damaged bags on the dock does not show that the underwriter is liable for them.

I may say that I was well aware that an attempt had been made to scuttle the ship at Hilo, but the Captain particularly stated in his letter, sent from that port, that the sugar was not damaged, as the water did not reach up to the dunnage, and the protest which he filed here in New York to account for the damage stated that it was due to extremely rough weather on the passage to New York, and that the water got in through the hatches and along the masts. It was to verify these statements that the insurance man ought to have seen the ship. They asked me to see the weight book because they thought that some of the drafts might have been lighter than others, which would indicate that some of the bags were empty or stock and washed out, which is always a good evidence of salt water damage. Yours truly,

C. R. HEIKE.

Heike Writes of the Weights.

The Turner letter was even more enlightening, for in that, besides mentioning Mr. Thomas, the trust's Secretary-Treasurer discusses at some length the differences in weights and their causes, "first the desire of the Superintendents to make as good a showing as possible, and, second, the liberal weights and tares which we receive from the Custom House, and which, of course, we do not undertake to correct."

This is the letter:

December 24, 1904.

Mr. Frank G. Turner, The American Sugar Refining Company, Boston, Mass.:

Dear Sir: I spoke to Mr. Thomas the other day in reference to a change we wish to make in your melting account in order to have it conform with the melting account of the other refineries, and which will facilitate the comparison of the workings of our several houses.

I made a change in New York several years ago, when we found that cargoes of sugar melted at our refineries showed larger losses in weight than it was reasonable to expect. That the difference was not due to actual losses was shown by the technical statements, which frequently gave large gains in the percentage of crystallizable sugar. If you have looked at your technical statements you will have noticed the same at the Boston refinery. The month of July showed a gain of +0.84, September 0.37, and October 0.58.

These differences are due to two causes. First, the desire of the Superintendents to make as good a showing of their working as possible; second, to the liberal weights and tares which we receive from the Custom House and which of course we do not undertake to correct. These Custom House weights are generally taken as a basis for the meltings.

To charge the meltings on the proper basis we have adopted the following system: Of each lot melted, I compare the number of pounds reported as melted with the actual number for which we paid, and if there is any difference, I charge the melting account as follows:

As Heike Balanced the Weights.

1. On sugar bought on landed weight, refinery is charged with the full number of pounds for which we have paid.

2. On sugars bought on invoice weight—that is, on invoices from foreign countries—I allow to the refinery:

(a) On Java sugars, a loss of 1 per cent.; that is, if the refinery weight would show a loss of 2 per cent., I add the 1 per cent. to the meltings.

(b) On sugars from Cuba, the invoices of which are rendered in Spanish pounds, I allow the refinery the difference between Spanish and American pounds. That is, I charge to the refinery the full number of pounds for which we have paid.

(c) Sugars from English West India Islands, (Jamaica, Antigua, Barbados, &c.,) I allow a loss of ½ per cent.

(d) On beet sugars I allow a weight of ¾ per cent.

I make these changes in the office in New York, and I do not alter the accounts at the refinery, as it does not seem to me desirable that there should be two sets of weights on the books of the refinery. One set, for instance, representing the Custom House weight, on which duty is paid, and another set, representing melting weights, giving a larger number of pounds.

It will be most convenient for you, after your statement of raw sugar melted has been completed, to add these differences to each list.

The correction of that technical statement I shall make here in New York.

Yours very truly, C. R. HEIKE,
Secretary.

The remainder of yesterday's session was largely given over to the reading of extracts from letters written by Heike at different times in the last fifteen years. These all contributed to the demonstration of his intimate knowledge of every detail of refinery operation, and produced his remark, already referred to, that President H. O. Havemeyer, while not informed as to all the bookkeeping, was deeply interested in the results. It moved Mr. Stanchfield to bring out on cross-examination that one of the Government witnesses had examined between 17,000 and 18,000 letters of Heike, and to remark that Heike was the prize letter writer of the company.

The Government will close its case in the first hour of this morning, and then the defense will begin. It is anticipated that two and possibly three of the minor defendants will enter pleas of guilty without putting up any further fight. The Federal Grand Jury, to which Oliver Spitzer testified after he had told his story in court, did not return any indictments yesterday.

JUDGE J. W. CRAGEN INDICTED IN QUEENS

Gresser's Former Secretary Is Charged with Having Raised Vouchers for Stamps.

RELEASED IN $6,000 BAIL

Four Counts Against Him, In Which He Is Accused of Stealing Nearly $1,000.

Judge John M. Cragen of the Municipal Court of Queens County and former Secretary to Borough President Lawrence Gresser, was indicted by the Queens County Grand Jury yesterday on four counts charging grand larceny in connection with the present graft investigation in the borough. He immediately adjourned court at Elmhurst when he heard of the indictments and gave himself up. He was arraigned before Justice Garretson and held in $6,000 bail, $1,500 on each count.

The charge against Cragen involves the raising of vouchers for postage stamps for use in the Borough President's office while he was Secretary there. Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick, who has been conducting the Queens graft investigation, brought out the fact in a report to the Mayor some time ago that twenty-one vouchers for stamps had been raised from $5 to $50. The misappropriations totaled $945.

The indictment of Judge Cragen is the most important development so far in the Queens investigation, and caused a stir in the borough last night. Cragen has been a close political follower of President Gresser for some time, and was elected to the Municipal Court bench on his ticket last Fall. This had the indorsement of the Hearst organization, and ran independent of both the regular Republican and Democratic nominations.

Commissioner Fosdick in a recent report to the Mayor said that a determined effort was made to obtain the vouchers from the Controller's office after the investigation began and later from his own office. He said that one of his clerks had been approached on the street and told that he would be liberally rewarded if he would abstract the documents from the Commissioner's files.

Further light was thrown on this yesterday when the Commissioner sent another report to the Mayor on the matter, in which he recommended the discharge of Frank O'Meara and Alexander McConnell, junior clerks in the Controller's office. He says in their behalf that both are young men, and that their dismissal would undoubtedly be sufficient punishment for them.

He Approached a Clerk.

It seems that McConnell is the man who approached the clerk in the Commissioner's office and attempted to get him to obtain the stamp vouchers, and that he is a friend of O'Meara, to whom Louis McNally, the young clerk in the Borough President's office, to whom Cragen is alleged to have attempted to shift the responsibility for the changed vouchers, first went for assistance. The Commissioner's report says:

> Louis McNally, the office boy or clerk in Cragen's office, upon whom Cragen attempted to shift the responsibility, called at my office yesterday and made a complete confession of his part in the affair. He stated that in order to protect Judge Cragen he had perjured himself in his testimony before the Grand Jury and that the forgeries had actually been committed under the direction of Mr. Cragen himself. After a consultation with District Attorney De Witt it was decided to reserve his testimony until the trial of Cragen.
>
> McNally threw considerable light on the attempted bribery of the junior clerk in my office. It appears that at the direction of Cragen he came over to the Controller's office to procure, if possible, the receipts for postage stamps attached to the vouchers. He sought out a friend of his, Frank O'Meara, a clerk in the Controller's office, and related the whole circumstances to him, putting the blame on himself, and asking O'Meara to help him to procure the receipts. O'Meara informed him that he himself was not in a position to get the vouchers, but gave him a note of introduction to Alexander McConnell, another clerk in the Controller's office, who is assigned to the record room in the Hall of Records, where the vouchers are kept.
>
> McConnell informed McNally that the vouchers were in the possession of the Commissioner of Accounts and that he was not in a position to procure them. It seems, however, that an arrangement was made whereby for some remuneration McConnell was to procure the receipts from a representative from this office. McConnell is the man who approached the clerk from my office and promised him the money for the receipts. He was identified by the clerk in question and under cross-examination admitted his guilt.

Mayor Will Take No Action.

When Mayor Gaynor was asked yesterday if he would take the matter to the Appellate Division in Cragen's case, he replied:

"I don't think it will be necessary. I don't think he will try to continue to sit as a Judge. No Judge ever did this, to my recollection, after having been indicted."

After adjourning court Cragen, in company with ex-Sheriff Meyerrose of Queens, for whom he served as counsel during his term, and Clarence Edwards, his counsel, went to the Court House in Long Island City, where he gave himself up to District Attorney De Witt. The bail bonds were drawn and signed by John H. Hicks, a contractor, and brother of James P. Hicks, ex-Superintendent of Highways in Queens and one of the Democratic leaders in Long Island City.

When the Grand Jury reported to Justice Garretson yesterday morning they handed up a bundle containing in all twenty-five indictments, some of which were for crimes not connected with the graft inquiry, although it is rumored that other graft indictments were found, but are being withheld for the present.

Two months of graft hunting in Queens has resulted in the indictment of six men to date. Indictments for grand and petty larceny against Cornelius J. Jordan, an employe of the Water Department, and for forgery against John J. Dunn, a foreman in the Sewer Department, were returned by the April Grand Jury. Last week ex-Sheriff Matthew J. Goldner, who held the post of Superintendent of Sewers for four years under ex-Borough President Joseph Cassidy; Cornelius J. Burke, former Superintendent of Sewers under Gresser, and Robert Kreuscher, a hotel keeper and Democratic leader of Rockaway Beach, were arraigned on graft indictments.

Made in Scotland

from Spanish Seville oranges—the only kind that have that sharp, slightly bitter, appetizing *zest*. No preservatives. Makes a good breakfast better.

Keiller's "Since 1797" **Marmalade**

SUSPEND HUTTON & CO. OF STOCK EXCHANGE

Employment of a "Business Getter" Held to Violate Rule Against Splitting Commissions.

PAID CLERK $1,500 A MONTH

Governing Committee Lays Off Firm's Board Member for a Year—Concern to Stay in Business.

The suspension of the firm of E. F. Hutton & Co. of 35 New Street for violation of that part of the constitution prohibiting division of commissions, which was generally though unofficially known after the two hours' session of the Governing Committee on Wednesday night, was announced from the rostrum of the Stock Exchange yesterday nearly an hour after the market opened.

The firm, which has been conspicuous in the recent dull markets by reason of the phenomenally large business done, made a statement promptly after the announcement of its board member's suspension denying the charge of "splitting commissions," but admitting that it had paid a salary of $1,500 a month to an employe who had brought in large accounts in the last three years.

The Exchange officials, backed by the sentiment of the more conservative houses, have taken the stand that this practice is in effect "splitting commissions," an offense for which the penalty may be expulsion or suspension for five years. The money to pay the business getters comes out of the commissions received from their friends. The Exchange has no check on the use made of these large salaries, and the understanding is general that in many cases "business getters" hold their clients by rebating to them part of what they themselves receive.

It was said yesterday that the vote by which Franklyn L. Hutton, board member of the firm, was suspended was very close, not because there was opposition to penalizing the employment of "business getters," but because of peculiar circumstances in the case. It is said that Mr. Hutton was convicted on his own testimony, he having voluntarily gone to the authorities with the admission that he was paying a man $1,500 a month for bringing in big accounts, seeking advice as to whether it was against the rules. It was this frankness, according to the stories yesterday, which kept his punishment down to one year's suspension.

The rule of the Exchange about commissions is explicit. It says:

> Commissions shall be charged and paid under all circumstances upon all purchases or sales of securities dealt in upon the Exchange and shall be absolutely net and free from all and any rebatement, return, discount, or allowance in any shape or manner whatsoever, or by any method or arrangement, direct or indirect.

The Stock Exchange's action was accompanied by this statement of the charges:

> The said firm of E. F. Hutton & Co. entered into an agreement during the early part of the year 1909 with one Hosmer J. Barrett, who was in the employ of the said firm, to pay said Hosmer J. Barrett a salary of $1,500 per month because of the fact that this firm had profited by business sought or procured for it by the said Barrett during the preceding three years in the sum amounting to about $30,000 per year, and said firm paid Barrett this salary in accordance with the agreement from May 1, 1909, to April 26, 1910, and Franklyn L. Hutton, through the said firm of E. F. Hutton & Co., thereby violated the constitution of the Stock Exchange.

E. F. Hutton & Co. made a statement as soon as the news of the suspension was officially announced, in which they explained that they had denied the charges of a violation of the "commission splitting" rule, but that the Governing Committee "had seen fit to apply the rules governing commissions" to their employment of Barrett, and had "construed it as a violation of the commission law." The statement went on to say:

"Any evasion of the commission law was of a technical nature, and not intentional, and there has been no splitting of commissions, as has been rumored."

The firm will continue in business.

The suspended firm has had among its customers in the last few years some of the most sensational plungers in stocks, including Jesse L. Livermore and J. Brandt Walker. Recently it has been active in cotton speculation. Hosmer J. Barrett has been known in the Street as a man with many friends among the big speculators.

SPECIAL No. 5

A few odd sizes "Society Brand" Suits, from $35 & $40

$22.50

Getting "Moritzized" is a pleasant operation that costs anywhere from $11.75 to $45.

HENRY MORITZ
Clothes for Young & Old Youths
1241 BROADWAY,
(30th & 31st Sts.)

Heinz Ketchup keeps perfectly without drugs for the same reason that it is richer and more delicious—it is made from fresh, ripe garden tomatoes by clean methods.

HEINZ TOMATO KETCHUP

F. CHAUVENET'S
Red Cap
THE RED
SPARKLING BURGUNDY
OF FRANCE
Invigorates Permanently
H. P. Finlay & Co., Ltd., New York.

ELECTRICITY—
The Silent Servant
You get BETTER electrical work and LOWEST PRICES here, than anywhere else in New York.
C. C. Bohn Electric Co.,
780 Sixth Ave., near 44th St.

HAVE YOU TELEPHONES ENOUGH?
ORDERS LOST WHEN YOUR LINE IS "BUSY" WOULD MORE THAN PAY FOR THE COST OF ANOTHER LINE OR TWO.
New York Telephone Co.,
15 Day St.

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

REPUBLIC Theatre, (Formerly The Belasco Thea.), 42d & B'way. SUN. EVE., May 29, at 8:15. DR. McIVOR-TYNDALL Will Answer the Press! "The Mastery of Fate." Marvelous Psychic Phenomena, including mind-reading, thought transference and telepathy. Tickets 50c., 75c., $1.00. Box Seats $1.50. Seats Now.

EDEN MUSEE World in Wax. King Edward Lying in State. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Hewes, the famous "White Yogi."

Half hour's perusal of The New York Times Saturday Review of Books makes you acquainted with current literature and the latest gossip of art and literary centres. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year.—Adv.

Men's Suits at $20.00

In this advertisement we are not saying a word about values. But if you are interested you will probably look about a bit. We invite the comparison, and simply want you to inspect our suits at $20 before making your final decision.

We have more than thirty different styles at this price, and they are not confined to a single set of patterns.

Two-piece Suits for Summer are already in demand, and so are Straw Hats.

Browning, King & Co

B&K TRADE MARK
Broadway, at Thirty-second Street
Cooper Square, opposite Fifth Street
Brooklyn: Fulton Street at DeKalb

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15. LAST 2 NIGHTS—LAST 2 MATS. ALL STAR CAST in CASTE

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15. "Rollicking comedy, well acted."—Herald. HENRY MILLER & COMPANY in HER HUSBAND'S WIFE.

LYCEUM B'way & 45th St., at 8:30. Last Mat. To-m'w 2:15. LAST WEEK THE SPITFIRE CHAS. CHERRY

HUDSON W. 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15. EXTRA MATINEE DECORATION DAY with THE SPENDTHRIFT EDMUND BREESE.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-morrow at 2:15. FRANCIS WILSON THE BACHELOR'S BABY.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2. SEASON'S MUSICAL COMEDY TRIUMPH. THE FANTASTICAL MUSICAL COMEDY. THE ARCADIANS

GLOBE CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S B'way & 46th. Last 2 Weeks. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-m'w 2:15. Montgomery and Stone in THE OLD TOWN.

NEW YORK B'way & 45 St. Evs. 8:15. Last Matinee To-m'w, 2:15. LAST 2 NIGHTS—LAST MAT. TO-M'W 3 TWINS with CLIFTON CRAWFORD and Original Cast. NEXT MONDAY. Seats Now Selling. THE MERRY WHIRL with JAS. C. MORTON & F. F. MOORE. SUMMER PRICES. BEST SEATS $1.

JOE WEBER'S B'y, 29th St. Last Wk. THE CLIMAX Mat. Sat.

GAIETY B'WAY & 46th ST. MAT. WED. & SAT. FORTUNE HUNTER WITH JOHN BARRYMORE

EXTRA MATINEE DECORATION DAY

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. LAST 2 NIGHTS. Whitney Opera Co. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER Last Mat. Sat. Next Mon. Eve. Four Weeks Only. Mats. Sats. Only. Shubert-Brady All Star Revival of THE MIKADO

BROADWAY Thea. B'way & 41st St. Ev. 8:15 Last Mat. Sat. Last 2 Nights. The JOLLY BACHELORS with NORA BAYES

BEGINNING THURSDAY, JUNE 2, LEW FIELDS' Production Of THE SUMMER WIDOWERS Cast Includes LEW FIELDS and IRENE FRANKLIN. SEAT SALE WILL OPEN MONDAY.

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Last Matinee Saturday, 2:20. GYRIL SCOTT LAST 3 TIMES THE LOTTERY MAN

LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Dec'n Day & Wed. 2:15. All-Star Cast JIM THE PENMAN Last 2 Weeks.

HACKETT 42d, West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Mon., Thurs., 2:15. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY Extra Mat Dec'n Day.

Lew Fields HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat., Dec'n Day, Wed. MARIE DRESSLER Tillie's Nightmare.

DALY'S B'way & 30th. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Sat., Dec'n Day & Wed. 2:20. DE WOLF HOPPER in A Matinee Idol, with Louise Dresser.

Nazimova's 39TH ST. Theatre 39th & B'way. Evs. 8:30. MME. Last 2 Nights NAZIMOVA LITTLE EYOLF.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c.-$1.50. Decoration Day Matinee, Mon., May 30. SEVEN DAYS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Prices 25c. to $1.00. Last 2 Wks. —Farewell Appearance of— ROSE STAHL as PATRICIA O'BRIEN in THE CHORUS LADY. Special Matinee Decoration Day. Bargain Mat. Wed. 25-50. Mat. Wed., Sat. 2.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Dec'n Day & Wed. 6TH MONTH. H. B. WARNER IN *ALIAS* JIMMY VALENTINE

OPPOSITE NEW ROCHELLE "45 Minutes from Broadway." GLEN ISLAND REOPENS TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) SPECIAL, NEW ATTRACTIONS OPEN TILL MIDNIGHT

3d Av. "L" to 129th St., thence Harlem Branch to New Rochelle (70 trains daily) or Main Line N. Y., N. H. & H. to New Rochelle (100 trains daily) or Subway to 177th St. and trolley or delightful short trolley trip from any part of the Bronx.

PLAZA 59th St., Mad. Av. Daily Mats. 25c. Eves. 25c, 50c, $1. 15 ALL STAR ACTS La Rose de Nuit, Arizona Joe, Barry, Lupino, others.

American W. 42 St., n'r B'way. DAILY MAT 25c. Geo. Evans, Barnold's Animal Actors, La Valera, Clark & Hamilton, Black Beauty, other features. Opens To-morrow Night with 15 Big Acts. ROOF GARDEN & ADIRONDACK CAMP. Separate Bill of 12 Big Acts, headed by John L. Sullivan, in American Theatre, beginning To-morrow Night and Every Night Thereafter. 25 and 50c.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. EVA TANGUAY, Nell O'Brien & Co., 8 Palace Girls, Howard & Howard, etc.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. MRS. EVA FAY, Al Jolson, Mr. & Mrs. Gardner Crane, Ed. F. Reynard

BRONX 149th St. 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. MISS GERTRUDE HOFFMANN and 10 other Star Acts.

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN ALL THIS WEEK, REAL ESTATE AND IDEAL HOMES SHOW MUSIC AFTERNOONS AND EVENINGS BY VICTOR HERBERT'S ORCHESTRA. Grandest aggregation of home ideas, best suburban exhibits, arts, and crafts, newest building methods. Old and new New York in Concert Hall. All tickets are good regardless of date. ADMISSION 50 CENTS.

Scuola d' Industrie Italiane
Under Patronage of H. M. Queen Margherita, exhibition of ITALIAN LACES and EMBROIDERIES, copied from old designs, adapted to modern uses by Young Women of the Italian Colony of New York, 10 to 5, 55 West 39th Street.

BRIGHTON BEACH PARK CONEY ISLAND. Let joy be unconfined, And Surcease to Sorrow; With Everything refined We open to-morrow.

CONEY ISLAND'S GREATEST DREAMLAND 50 New Shows—Free Circus Everything New But the Ocean

THOMPSON & DUNDY'S LUNA PARK THE PARK THAT MADE THE MOON FAMOUS NOW OPEN

THE NEW BRIGHTON Brighton Beach. Lillian Shaw, Bert Williams, Madam 10, a Burlesque on Madam X; Rooney & Bent, Ethel Fuller & Co., others. Daily Mats., 25c.

"The 20th Century Garden of Eden." Grand Opening To-morrow. Schenck Bros. PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK. Take WEST 130 ST. FERRY direct to Park. Airship Ascensions Every Afternoon and Night.

KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way. 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. EDWIN STEVENS Willy Pantzer Wynn & Lee, others. VALERIE BERGERE

HAMMERSTEIN'S, Adele Ritchie, Billy B. Van & Beaumont, Al Jolson, Bert Levy, "A Night in Show of Paris."

GRAND CHAUNCEY OLCOTT Next Wk—David Warfield—The Music Master.

Olympia East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. CLARK'S RUNAWAY GIRLS.

COLUMBIA. BURLESQUE. Daily Mats. 25c. B'way & 47th. Evs. 25c. to $1. Smoking Permitted.

MURRAY HILL Thea. Mat. To-day. THE MERRY WHIRL.

ROSS'S BELFAST GINGER ALE

FOR people who have a fine appreciation of a tasteful beverage—for those who know the difference between the best and its approximators, there is nothing better than Ross's Belfast Ginger Ale.

It has an individuality which sets it apart from all other ginger ales.

Sold at leading hotels, restaurants and cafes. Obtainable on almost any transatlantic liner, coastwise steamer or river steamboat. Family trade supplied by wine merchants and grocers.

W. A. Ross & Sons, Ltd., Belfast, Ireland
11 South William Street, New York

ROSS'S BELFAST GINGER ALE

Made only in Belfast, Ireland—Sold all over the world.

Tea Time Talks

Fresh Picked Tea

There's a fresh picking of "Salada" tea every week, and all the year 'round on "Salada" plantations. The Ceylon climate makes this possible. As a consequence "Salada" is always fresh from plantation to purchaser.

This is another factor in the supreme deliciousness of "Salada." Bulk tea grows old and stale rapidly. But "Salada" tea is always fresh. Its newly picked leaves and buds are packed in air-tight lead packages, to insure uniform goodness.

Bulk teas, being unprotected, cannot escape deterioration.

Yearly Sales Over 20,000,000 Packages

Ask your grocer for a ten cent trial package of "Salada" Ceylon Tea. It makes 40 cups. If for any reason your grocer cannot supply you, send us his name and address and we will deliver a trial package to you Free. Our pamphlet, "The Healthfulness of Tea," is mailed Free.

"Salada Tea Co."

Dept. L 125 West Broadway, New York

ARGUES FOR LOWER INTEREST ON SAVINGS

Bank Superintendent Cheney Says Every Bank Should Help Protect All Deposits.

THUS GUARDING ITS OWN

State Savings Bank Association Holds Its Business Session, Electing C. E. Hanaman President.

Although no official cognizance was taken by the Savings Bank Association of the State of New York of the widespread agitation for greater conservatism in distributing earnings among depositors, the bankers listened with evident approval to a strong plea by O. H. Cheney, State Superintendent of Banking, for a reduction in interest rates and the replenishment of diminishing surpluses.

It was the seventeenth annual convention of the association. Vice President Charles A. Hanaman presided in the absence of President Thomas Mulry, head of the Immigrant Industrial Savings Bank, who is ill. A resolution was adopted opposing the proposed amandment to the Federal Constitution authorizing an income tax, on the ground that such a tax would be detrimental to their depositors and "might even endanger the existence of the mutual savings bank system."

An address that received marked attention was made by William F. Dix, Secretary of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, and related to savings banks insurance. He admitted its theoretical advantages, but condemned it as impractical because of the impossibility of getting people to insure without solicitation. The Executive Committee's report demonstrated the hostile attitude of the association toward the introduction of life insurance in conjunction with savings banks.

The New President Speaks.

Charles E. Hanaman, who was elected President of the association early in the meeting, spoke briefly on the functions of the savings bank and advocated conservatism in declaring interest rates. On this point he said:

"Our institutions are not commercial in any sense. Our savings banks do not sell their services, but give it for the benefit of a certain class of citizens.

"We should cease to hold out any form of interest rate as a prize or inducement for deposits."

State Superintendent Cheney devoted most of his address to an appeal for the conservation of surplus, which he pointed out has decreased to a percentage less than one-half what it was twenty years ago, and strongly advocated a reduction in interest rates to less than the 4 per cent. now generally paid.

After disclaiming any desire to dictate the policy to be adopted by the savings banks of the State, he plunged into the interest rate question, saying in part:

"The large gain in savings bank deposits during the year 1909 has been called to your attention, and I need not dwell upon that marvelous growth. At the same time the amount of interest paid depositors was so great that the ratio of surplus to deposits decreased more than one-third of 1 per cent.

Bond Values Decreasing.

"Another factor which we cannot fail to consider in connection with this continued decrease in surplus is the reduction in earnings and the large depreciation in bond values prevalent since the first of the year.

"For the last twenty years there has been an annual decrease in the savings bank surplus, so that to-day the percentage is less than one-half of what it was in 1890. While this condition has not heretofore proved disturbing, I personally am convinced that the time has now arrived when steps should be taken to prevent a further reduction. There can be no successful challenge of the principle that every dollar of net earnings that can be distributed with prudence should be so distributed, yet is it not time to analyze present conditions and determine what real prudence demands?

"The first consideration that should be given to all savings funds is absolute safety. The surplus of a savings bank represents its margin of safety, it cannot be too strongly urged that the management of every savings bank whose deposits are increasing should carry proportionate sums to its surplus fund at every dividend period.

"Savings bank Trustees establish their institution through a fine exhibition of unselfish devotion and disinterested philanthropy, but when the bank's deposits grow some Trustees are attacked with the 'grow big' fever.

Duty Owed to All Banks.

"I believe in the call of ambition, but when men engaged in a purely philanthropic enterprise begin to scheme how to take business away from what they call rival institutions it is time to scrutinize their real motives.

"Will you have fulfilled your duty to your own depositors if you do not help protect them through the protection of the depositors of every other savings bank in this State?

"It has been stated that 90 per cent. of our savings banks wish to reduce their 4 per cent. interest rate until their surplus is properly restored, but, owing to the refusal of others to adopt the same course, nothing can be done.

"It is my opinion that under present conditions only a limited number of our savings banks are in a position warranting a continuance of the 4 per cent. rate. Yet even if I were a Trustee of one of these institutions with sufficient surplus I would consider it my duty to the individual depositors of my bank to help strengthen the whole savings bank system by voting to reduce the prevailing rate, for a time, at least.

"I commend this important question to your association, convinced that you will give it your further earnest consideration. Upon its proper solution depends the continued confidence of our citizens."

Extending Savings Bank System.

Pierre Jay, Vice President of the Bank of the Manhattan Company, discussed "Savings Bank Extension," advocating an extension of savings bank opportunities into the smaller communities. He explained the difficulties and discussed the practicability of establishing branches of already existing institutions. He gave the experiences of savings banks in other States as a basis for encouragement.

Secretary Dix of the Mutual Life Insurance Company based his arguments against life insurance by savings banks on the human equation, and cited at length the experiences of England, Massachusetts, and other places where the system had been tried. He said in part:

"Savings bank insurance as in vogue to-day, means industrial insurance with the elimination of the agent. Industrial insurance is expensive because it is like buying coal by the bucketful. It is necessarily expensive because of the cost of collecting so frequently such small premiums.

"Savings bank insurance is expected to do away with the large proportionate cost of the agent and give the insured more protection for his money. It is devised to teach the wage earner to be provident, and if it could teach the workingman systematically to save a portion of his wages its influence for good would be enormous."

Good in Theory Only.

Discussing the difficulties of industrial insurance administration, he said of savings bank insurance:

"On the theoretical side it is hard to find any argument against savings bank insurance. The man of small wage commonly believes that he cannot afford to carry any of the regular, old-line forms of insurance, and the small amount he could save would, if merely left in the savings bank, hardly suffice to provide for more than the immediate needs of his family when bereaved by his death of their chief item of assets. A wage earner, by systematically adding to his savings bank life insurance for a number of years, could build up an insurance estate which would be considerable. Theoretically, savings bank insurance, by the elimination of agency expenses, gives the maximum of protection for the minimum of cost. No wonder it has had the interested attention of savings banks and large business corporations employing numbers of wage earners. If any scheme could be devised to make it a practical success, it would become a tremendous factor for good.

Gulf Between Theory and Practice.

"Unfortunately, however, there is sometimes a great gulf fixed between theory and practice, and that gulf, in this case, is expressed by the personal equation. The whole history of life insurance seems to show that it is human nature for a man readily to agree to the excellence of life insurance in general, but to avail himself of it only in a moment of enthusiasm, after having been hauled and cajoled and flattered and frightened into it by the resourceful agent. It is a fine thing—for the other fellow! As State Actuary Hunter has remarked. 'The elimination of the collector would be practically equivalent to the elimination of the policyholders.'"

These officers were elected: President, Charles E. Hanaman, President Troy Savings Bank; Vice Presidents—Walter Trimble, President of the Bank for Savings, Manhattan; William Feisinger, President New York Savings Bank; Robert S. Donaldson, President Erie County Savings Bank; Secretary, Frederick B. Stevens, Treasurer National Savings Bank, Albany; Treasurer, Samuel B. Styles, President North River Savings Bank; Executive Committee for three years—William J. Combs, President South Brooklyn Savings Institution; Charles E. Sprague, President Union Dime Savings Institution; David Hoyt, Secretary Monroe County Savings Bank; for one year, Casimir Tag.

FISHMEN ENJOIN CONTROLLER

Peddlers Under Bridge Declare He Favors Republicans in Allotting Stalls.

Charges of graft were again brought forward yesterday in connection with the stalls used by fish peddlers under the Manhattan approach to the Williamsburg Bridge when a lawyer representing some of the peddlers applied for an injunction restraining Controller Prendergast from interfering with the peddlers. In the application for the injunction Controller Prendergast, Superintendent of City Markets Aitken, Deputy Superintendent of City Markets Gudaker, and Collector of City Markets Phillips are accused of taking away the most desirable stall sites under the bridge from some peddlers and allotting them to others who are members of the Republican Party.

Those peddlers who object to the Controller's activity alleged yesterday that neither Mr. Prendergast nor Borough President McAneny have the legal right, which they have recently exercised, to allot the fish stalls. Lawyer Saul S. Myers of 60 Wall Street, representing several fish peddlers whom the Controller recently dispossessed from their stall sites, pointed out, in asking for an injunction, that some years ago, while the Williamsburg Bridge was being built, Section 82 of Article 6 of the city ordinances put the fish-stall sites under the bridge under the direction of the Bridge Commissioner.

Controller Prendergast denied last night that he had used his office either to swell the ranks of the Republican Party in this city or to obtain political contributions.

"I know the whole bridge fish-stall site situation is graft ridden," he said. "One of the blackmailers is an east side politician and saloon keeper. He squeezes out of the peddlers between $10,000 and $20,000 a year. He makes them buy oil and gasoline from him at an exorbitant rate."

SMITH DENIES HE'S DEAD.

Gets Court Order Restraining Business Successor from So Reporting Him.

Supreme Court Justice Davis issued an injunction yesterday restraining Samuel Friedman from declaring that Aaron Smith is sick or dead. It appeared that Mr. Smith was a photographer of some local note. His studio was at 351 Grand Street, and to him came much of the best trade of the east side. He decided, however, to move uptown to his present stand at Madison Avenue and 105th Street, and he sold out to Mr. Friedman.

Friedman received permission to use the sign and business name of A. Smith, but, according to Smith, he interpreted this permission as entitling him to placard his place of business with large posters in English and Yiddish announcing:

"This is the only A. Smith in New York, and any other place is a bluff."

"This is the real Smith, photographer. Every other Smith is an impostor."

It was also alleged that if any customers came into the Friedman store and asked for Aaron Smith they were informed that he was sick or dead, or Friedman even announced that he was the son of Aaron Smith. It was also alleged that so great was the reputation of Aaron Smith in Grand Street that other photographers, since he had removed, had taken the name of Smith, and that in order to do so legally they had received the permission of the courts to change their names to Smith. In one case cited the family name of the photographer, which he had shed for business purposes, was Morogowski.

Mr. Smith did not object to Friedman using the name of A. Smith, but did not want to be stamped as dead, and the court agreed with him.

SALTER BACK TO SURRENDER.

"Nigger Mike," Accused of Election Frauds in 1907, Returns from Canada.

Having just dropped in from Canada, Michael Salter, more familiarly known as "Nigger Mike," surrendered himself yesterday at the Criminal Court Building. He flourished as a Pell Street saloonkeeper, and was a force in Chinatown when he was arrested in the Fall of 1907 on charges of illegal registration that year in the First Election District of the Eighth Assembly District.

A $1,000 bail bond was gravely furnished at that time and that was the last seen of Salter until yesterday.

Another bond, this time for $2,000, was given immediately by Eugene Driscoll when Salter was arraigned yesterday before Judge Crain in General Sessions.

WANT HIGHER POLICE PAY.

Inspectors, Captains, and Surgeons Ask for Considerable Increases.

Several applications for salary increases in city departments will be considered by the Board of Estimate to-day.

The most important is a request from the Police Inspectors and Captains for increases in their salaries from $3,500 to $5,000 and $2,750 to $3,500, respectively.

The police surgeons also want their salaries raised from $3,500 to $5,000.

To-day

Advertisements for next Sunday's New York Times should be in The Times Building to-day.

Last Sunday's Times contained 149 columns of highest class advertising, an increase of 13 columns over the corresponding Sunday last year, a tribute of New York's leading merchants to The Times's policy of excluding advertisements which will not bear the test of scrutiny.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

AN ARROW COLLAR

with the Ara-Notch in place of the bothersome buttonhole 15c. each—2 for 25c.

Cluett, Peabody & Co., Makers

ARROW CUFFS. 25c. a Pair.

DENTIST'S GOLD STOLEN.

Burglar Got Into Dr. Keith's Office by Cutting Away Glass Door Panel.

Ross H. Keith, a dentist, with offices at 1,161 Broadway, at the corner of Twenty-seventh Street, found, when he came to business yesterday morning, that the glass panel in his door had been broken. The principal piece had been laid on the table of the waiting room, and his operating room was in disorder.

Drawers containing his instruments were scattered about the floor. From one between $25 and $50 worth of gold, which Dr. Keith used for filling teeth, had been taken. A few instruments were missing. Dr. Keith said yesterday that, as far as he could make out, the burglar had cut out the glass with a diamond, put his hand inside, and unlocked the door.

This is not the first time that Dr. Keith has been robbed, and he said yesterday that dentists are frequently the prey of burglars, who know that dentists' stock includes gold, which is readily marketable and is quite untraceable.

Schoolgirl Thieves Set Free.

The three schoolgirls, Lucy Palmeria of 215 Mott Street, Rosie Grande of 25 Clinton Place, and Rosie Pessa of 867 Broome Street, who were arrested on Wednesday night in the waiting room of the Hamilton Avenue Ferry, Brooklyn, charged with stealing $7 from Mrs. Mary Davarese, were discharged yesterday morning in the Children's Court. Mrs. Davarese did not appear against the children.

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Memorial Day Monday means two days of recreation.

Whether you recreate in town or country, we have the proper Clothes for Men and Boys all ready to put on.

Men's Sack Suits.....$18 to $42
Light-weight Overcoats...$16 to $42
Raincoats.....$12 to $35
Boys' Knickerbocker Suits..$ 5 to $14

Summer Furnishings and Hats.

We're very strong on all the newest weaves in Straw Hats.

Motor Wear for owner and driver.

Store closed Monday

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

BUNGALOW FARMS $95

$10 down, $5 monthly. In the Orange Hills, 58 minutes from New York, fare 11 cents; raise your own chickens, vegetables, and enjoy country life; near depot; 10,000 square feet of land, with 100 fruit trees planted on each acre. Call, write, or 'phone (6371 Barclay) C. NICHOLS, 258 Broadway.

This 4-room Bungalow, $365.

A Business Opportunity should be advertised in the newspaper with the widest circulation among thinking and well-to-do people. The New York Times rigidly excludes objectionable, fraudulent, and misleading advertisements of all kinds. Your advertisement will gain in prestige by publication in The New York Times.—Adv.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Barney, H. S., Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; V. Siegler, cloaks and suits; 75 Spring Street.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; J. O'Mogue, carpets; 488 Broadway; Hotel New Amsterdam.
Cahn-Coblens Company, Baltimore, Md.; A. M. Goldsmith, clothing; Hotel York.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; D. C. Drease, boys' clothing; 2 Walker Street.
Cox-Blodgett Dry Goods Company, Wichita, Kan.; T. Blodgett, dry goods; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Cadillac.
Baron Brothers Millinery Company, Dallas, Texas; J. Baron, millinery; Hotel York.
Michaels Brothers Company, Athens, Ga.; S. Michaels, cloaks; 258 Church Street.
Syracuse Dry Goods Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; R. Rous, manufacturing department; 51 Leonard Street.
Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Ed Fairbairn, knit underwear; 2 Walker Street.
Hager & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; A. C. Smith, cloaks, suits, and waists; 895 Broadway.
Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; W. Sondheim, books; 31 Union Square.
Ames, Brownley & Hornthal, Norfolk, Va.; D. B. Ames, dry goods; Hotel Grand.
Weinstock, Lubin & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; J. H. Brown, linings, hosiery, and gloves; 395 Broadway; Hotel Longacre.
Hogerdorn & Co., West Point, Ga.; Z. Hogerdorn, clothing; A. Hogerdorn, clothing; Hotel Cumberland.
Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; D. A. Richards, toilet goods; 214 Church Street.
Burnham-Stoepel Company, Detroit, Mich.; J. W. Harvey, domestics; 43 Leonard Street.
Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss A. M. Smith, notions and leather goods; Hotel Victoria.
Hailer Brothers Company, Cleveland, Ohio; Miss M. Manning, ladies' wear; 31 Union Square; Hotel Broztell.

SALESMAN wanted for Middle West territory on cloaks and suits; good man only need apply. Hirsch & Brother, 826 Broadway.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
BELTS, BAGS, AND FANCY GOODS.
Baron & Horowitz, 45 to 51 Lispenard St.
CAMP OUTFITS & SPORTSMEN'S GOODS.
Chas. J. Godfrey Co., 91 Chambers Street.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
FANCY FEATHERS and Feather Novelties.
C. Weisker & Co., 9 and 11 W. 4th, n. B'way.
HUMAN HAIR.
Milton Mayer, Importer, (Mfg. trade.) 23 W. 21 St.
LADIES' KIMONOS and Dressing Sacques.
R. Tahan & Co., "Mfrs.," 98 Washington St.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
MARABOUT BOAS, MUFFS & NOVELTIES.
Hauser & Davis, Mfrs., 59 East 8th St.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way.
Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th St.
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 37-39 Fifth Avenue.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Avenue.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th Street.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS. | EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

DECORATION DAY EXCURSIONS
VIA THE
Lehigh Valley Railroad
Black Diamond Route

NIAGARA FALLS, ...$9.00
Tickets sold, evening trains, May 27th. All trains except Black Diamond Express, May 28th and 29th, good returning until June 1st, 1910.

ITHACA, ...$8.10
Cayuga Lake Regatta.
Tickets sold, special train, May 27th. All trains except Black Diamond Express, May 28th and 29th, good returning until May 31st, 1910.

GLEN ONOKO and MAUCH CHUNK, } May 29th and 30th $1.50

May 29th and 30th and Every Sunday
BELLEWOOD PARK, ...$1.00

Special Trains leave New York for
Niagara Falls, ...May 28, 8:55 A. M.
Ithaca, ...May 27, 9:55 P. M.
Mauch Chunk, May 29 and 30, 8:25 A. M.
Bellewood Park, May 29 and 30, 8:55 A. M.

Time shown is from West 23d St. Ferry, Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts. Ferries, and Hudson Terminal via Hudson River Tubes, 5 to 10 minutes later.

OTHER ATTRACTIVE TOURS AT REASONABLE COST.
For particulars inquire
LEHIGH VALLEY TICKET OFFICES:
1460 Broadway, near 42d St.
355 Broadway, near Franklin St.
140 Broadway, near Liberty St.
Hudson Terminal, Fulton, Church and Cortlandt Sts.
Pennsylvania Ferries.
80 Flatbush Ave., B'klyn, nr. Fulton St.
Brooklyn Annex Ferry.
211 Market St., below Broad, Newark.

DECORATION DAY
Up the Picturesque Hudson
To West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point and Return
BY SUPERB DAY LINE STEAMERS "HENDRICK HUDSON," "ROBERT FULTON," "ALBANY," AND "MARY POWELL."
Leaving Brooklyn by Annex, 8 A. M., Desbrosses St. 8:40, 9:40 A. M., and 1:45 P. M.; West 42d St., 9:00, 10:00 A. M., and 2:00 P. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20, 10:20 A. M., and 2:20 P. M. Returning, due W. 42d St., 5:30 and 9:00 P. M. Orchestra on each boat.

CHARMING EXCURSIONS
Daily except Sunday. See Steamboat adv.
MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS.
DECORATION DAY AFTERNOON EXC.
To WEST POINT
STEAMER MARY POWELL.
Leaving Desbrosses St., 1:45; W. 42 St., 2:00; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Arriving West Point 5 P. M., where connection for New York is made with Day Line Steamer "HENDRICK HUDSON." Excursion fare $1.00. Return by train $1.10. Parade, Public Buildings, etc.

DECORATION DAY
Special Trips, including Tickets and Hotels.
Niagara Falls.....3 days....$15 up
Atlantic City.....3 days.... 10 up
Washington.....3 days.... 12 up
Old Point Comfort and Washington.....4 days.... 20 up
Send for descriptive circular.
Travel Tickets Only to Holiday Resorts.
THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway, 264 and 562 Fifth Av., 649 Madison Av., New York.
Tours to Europe and Passion Play.

SIGHT SEEING YACHT
AROUND MANHATTAN ISLAND.
"Halcyon" daily from Statue of Liberty Pier, near South Ferry, at 12:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.

EXCURSIONS
Lake Hopatcong, $1.00
EVERY SUNDAY
and Decoration Day, May 30th.
Leave W. 23d St. 8:50; Liberty St. 9:00 A. M.
Mauch Chunk, $1.50
NEXT SUNDAY, MAY 29TH,
and Decoration Day, May 30th.
Leave W. 23d St. 8:20; Liberty St. 8:30 A. M.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
HARD COAL! NO SMOKE! COMFORT!

Magnificent S. S. "Arabic" leaves Feb. 4; rates $400 up, including shore excursions; 71 enchanting days. Stop-over privileges. Program ready.
CLARK'S ORIENT CRUISE
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York

CALIFORNIA AND YELLOWSTONE PARK
Conducted Tour starts July 2. Itineraries ready. Frank Tourist Co., 398 Broadway, N.Y.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

BY SEA TO MAINE
The Most Charming Short Sea Trip on the Atlantic Coast.
STEAMSHIPS
NORTH LAND & NORTH STAR
TO
PORTLAND, MAINE.
Sailings Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, 5 P. M. from Pier 29, East River, N. Y.
For full information and booklet apply to MAINE S. S. CO., 290 B'way, N. Y.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE to Albany
ROUND TRIP $1.50. Good 10 Days.
ORCHESTRA.
Horses and Automobiles at reasonable rates. Leave foot W. Houston St. 5:30 P. M., foot W. 129th St. 6:00 P. M. daily. Telephone 8626 Spring.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS. | TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY

SPEND YOUR VACATION IN BERMUDA $20 AND UP ROUND TRIP

The land of perpetual Spring, average temperature 70 degrees, 700 miles out in the Atlantic Ocean, in the pure sea breezes. GOLF, TENNIS, BOATING, BATHING, FISHING and CYCLING. LILIES and OLEANDERS now in full bloom.

Tours, 5 Days, $22.50 up, 12 Days, $45.00 up

TRANSPORTATION, MEALS, HOTEL, EXCURSIONS and DRIVES INCLUDED.

By magnificent 6,000 ton Ocean Liner Well known for steadiness at sea. "OROTAVA"

Sailing every Wednesday at 10 A. M., Pier 52, North River, N. Y. Wireless telegraphy and bilge keels. Orchestra, high class cuisine; electric fans in all staterooms.

JAMAICA—PANAMA—COLOMBIA—WEST INDIES
Thence to AZORES—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
Largest and Fastest Steamers—Wireless Telegraphy.
Oruba, May 28; Orotava, June 11; Magdalena, June 25; Clyde, July 9.
TOURS {Jamaica, $85.50; after June 15, $65. Panama (including Jamaica), $115.
EUROPE {Via West Indies, $250. returning by any N. Atlantic Line.
NORWAY {By New R. M. S. P. "AVON," 11,500 tons (twin screw). During June, July and August from England, $65.
SANDERSON & SON, 22 STATE ST., N. Y., G. P. A. F. A.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
From Piers 53, 50, 60, 61, and 62, North River, New York City.

American Line
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Paul....May 25, 10 AM|St. Louis..June 11
Philadelphia..June 4, 10 AM|New York..June 18

Atlantic Transport Line
London Direct.
Min'tonka..May 28, 8:30 AM|Min'waska..J'e 11
Mesaba.....June 4, 3 PM|Min'polis..June 18

Red Star Line
Dover—Antwerp—Paris.
Kr'nland (Tu.).May31, 9 AM|Vaderland..J'e 11
Finland....June 4, 11 AM|Lapl'd (nw)..Je. 18

White Star Line
Queenstown — Holyhead — Liverpool.
Cedric.....May 28, noon|Baltic....June 11
Arabic.....June 4, 9 AM|Celtic....June 18
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Adriatic.....June 1, noon|Oceanic..June 15
Teutonic..June 8, 9:30 AM|Majestic..June 22

Also Regular Sailings between
N. Y. & BOSTON—MEDITERRANEAN.
All Steamers of the American Line, Atlantic Transport Line, Red Star Line, White Star Line Are Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signalling Apparatus, Etc.
Our Travelers' Checks Good Everywhere.
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 BROADWAY AND PIER 42, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

VACATION
A Delightful Trip via
Water and Rail
Send for copy of
"One Hundred Golden Hours at Sea"
SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.,
366 Broadway, New York.

Kronprinz Wilhelm
Sails May 31 for
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
North German Lloyd
LONDON PARIS BREMEN TUESDAYS 10 A. M.
Kronprinz Wilhelm.....May 31
Kaiser Wilhelm II.....June 7
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse..June 14
Kronprinzessin Cecilie.....June 21
Express Sailings.

German Lloyd
Plymouth Cherbourg Bremen THURSDAYS 10 A. M.
Twin-Screw Sailings
Prinzess Alice.....June 2
George Washington (new)...June 9
Bremen.....June 16
*Main.....June 23
*Bremen direct.

Lloyd
GIBRALTAR NAPLES GENOA SATURDAYS 11 A. M.
Barbarossa.....May 28
Berlin (new).....June 4
Friedrich der Grosse.....June 11
Koenig Albert.....June 18
Wireless and Submarine Signals. Independent Round the World Tours. Travelers' Checks good all over the World.
OELRICHS & CO., Gen. Agts. 5 Broadway, New York

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

All-The-Way-by-Water
Metropolitan Line Between New York and
BOSTON
An Unbroken Night's Rest from City to City Over the Most Fascinating Salt Water Route in the World.
On the Turbine Steel Steamships
YALE & HARVARD
NEW YORK TO BOSTON $4.00. Through Tickets to Eastern Commercial Centres as well as to localities in America's Summer Playground, including Coast, Mountain, Island, and Lake Resorts of Maine, New Hampshire, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, etc., etc., all routes.
SCHEDULE: Weekdays and Sundays, from New York, leave Pier 9, N. R., near foot of Rector St., at 4 P. M. Same daily schedule from India Wharf, Boston. Due either city 8 o'clock the following morning.
TICKETS AND STATEROOMS now on sale at Pier 9, North River; also at New York Transfer Co. and Principal Tourist and Ticket Offices throughout Greater New York. Through tickets on sale at nearly all Ticket Offices throughout the country. Address Gen'l Pass'r Agt., Pier 9, N. R., for Folders, Hotel Lists, etc.
METROPOLITAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Pier 9, N. R. Telephone, Cortlandt—1715.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND
FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Strs. COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.
NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 23d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and CHESTER W. CHAPIN.
NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North. Week days only, leave Pier 28, E. R., 3:45 P. M., foot East 22d St., 3:00 P. M. Steamer RICHARD PECK.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R. Steamer NAUGATUCK, 11:00 A. M., Steamer BRIDGEPORT, 3:00 P. M., foot East 22d St., 3:30 P. M.
Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

HUDSON RIVER BY DAYLIGHT
DAY LINE STEAMERS, DAILY, except Sunday, leave Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex), 8; Desbrosses St., 8:40; W. 42d St., 9; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Easy connections North, East, and West. All through rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany accepted. Most delightful one-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on down boat. Meals served at all hours. Music.
ALSO IDEAL DECORATION DAY OUTINGS
To WEST POINT, NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, KINGSTON POINT and Return. By SUPERB NEW STR. "HENDRICK HUDSON." Leaving Desbrosses St. 9:40 A. M., W. 42d St. 10 A. M., West 129th St. 10:20 A. M., returning due 42d St. 9 P. M.
STEAMER MARY POWELL
Leaving Desbrosses St. at 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M. daily, except Sunday, for Highland Falls, West Point, (returning by boat or rail), Cornwall, Newburgh, New Hamburg, Milton, Poughkeepsie, Rondout, and Kingston. Orchestra.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
The Popular Searchlight Route
PEOPLES LINE TO ALBANY
STR. ADIRONDACK or C. W. MORSE.
Pier 33, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; W. 129th St. 6:30 P. M., daily & Sunday. From Albany daily & Sunday, 8 P. M. Orchestra.
CITIZENS LINE TO TROY
New Strs. TROJAN or RENSSELAER. Pier 46, N. R., ft. West 10th St., 7 P. M. daily (Saturdays excepted). From Troy daily, (Saturdays excepted), 7:30 P. M. Sunday, steamer touches at Albany. Round trip $2.50 via both lines; 10 day limit. Comfort, speed, safety; excellent cuisine and service. Direct rail connection at Albany and Troy for points North, East, and West; horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates.

SANDY HOOK ROUTE
FOR NORTH JERSEY COAST RESORTS
New Jersey Central
Long Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, etc. Leave N. Y., Pier 21, N. R., ft. of W. 42d St., week days 9.35 a.m., 12.30, 3.15, 4.15, 7.45 p.m. Sund. 9.30 a.m., 1.00, 7.45 p.m. Leave N. Y., Pier 10, N. R., ft. of Cedar St., week days, 10.30 a.m., 1.00, 3.45, 4.45, 8.10 p.m. Sund. 10.30 a.m., 1.30, 8.10 p.m.
The High Grade Sail $1
New York Harbor Round Trip. New York to Atlantic Highlands. Passengers can make round trip on steamers leaving W. 42d St., week days at 8.55 a.m., 12.30 and 3.15 p.m. Sund. 9.30 and 1.00 p.m. Cedar St., week days, 10.30 a.m., 1.00 and 3.45 p.m. Sund. 10 a.m. and 1.30 p.m.

Special Week End Excursion for Decoration Day To All Catskill Mt. Resorts.
CATSKILL EVENING LINE
Steamers leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St. WEEK DAYS at 6 P. M.
Catskill-Hudson Coxsackie.
Phone 1098 Spring

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5:30 P. M., Pier 19, East River.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 19, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:37|Sun sets..7:21|Moon rises..10:43

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:26	9:49	3:36	3:53
Governors Island	9:29	10:02	4:13	3:46
Hell Gate	11:29	11:52	5:43	5:17

Arrived—Thursday, May 26.

SS Mauretania, Liverpool, May 21.
SS Adriatic, Southampton, May 18.
SS Alberta, Oran, May 8.
SS President Lincoln, Hamburg, May 18.
SS Mencosa, Naples, May 13.
SS Indrawadi, Gibraltar, May 11.
SS Paula, Shields, May 11.
SS Manhattan, Algiers, May 5.
SS Seminole, Turks Island, May 21.
SS Banes, Puerto Plata, May 19.
SS Proteus, New Orleans, May 21.
SS City of Montgomery, Newport News, May 25.
SS Algonquin, Jacksonville, May 23.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

		Mails Close.	Vessel Sails.
Bornu, Newfoundland	7:30 A.M.		
Prinz Sigismund, Inagua	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	
Bayamo, Tampico	——	11:00 A.M.	
Mohawk, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.	

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Deutschland, Hamburg	8:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.	
St. Paul, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	
Carmania, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	
Cedric, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	
Duca d'Aosta, Naples	——	——	
Minnetonka, London	——	9:30 A.M.	
Columbia, Glasgow	——	10:00 A.M.	
Barbarossa, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.	
Niagara, Havre	——	10:00 A.M.	
Maracaibo, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	
Coamo, Porto Rico	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	
Sibiria, Haiti	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	
Crown of Grenada, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	
Oruba, Jamaica	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.	
Concho, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.	
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.	

SAIL MONDAY.

Marowijne, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	
Monroe, Norfolk	——	3:00 P.M.	

Supplementary mails at double postage rates are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Clara	Palermo	May 17
Almirante	Kingston	May 21
Mexico	Havana	May 21
El Norte	Galveston	May 21
Madonna	Naples	May 14
Inca	Huelva	May 14
Monterey	Tampico	May 21
City of Savannah	Savannah	May 21

DUE TO-MORROW.

Philadelphia	Southampton	May 18
Amerika	Hamburg	May 18
St. Laurent	Corunna	May 16
Prins Willem III	Haiti	May 14
Sabine	Key West	May 24
Apache	Jacksonville	May 24

DUE SUNDAY.

George Washington	Bremen	May 19
Caledonia	Glasgow	May 19
Arabic	Liverpool	May 19
Europa	Palermo	May 19
Citta di Palermo	Algiers	May 15
Hesperus	Hamburg	May 15
Altai	Kingston	May 21
Queen Amelie	St. Lucia	May 21

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES,
Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....80 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO.....150 Michigan Ave.
LONDON.....67 Fleet St., E. C.
PARIS.....36 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN.....60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere, Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—By Mail, Postage Paid.
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week.....$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month.....0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year.....8.50
DAILY, per Week.....0.12
DAILY, per Month.....0.50
DAILY, per Year.....6.00
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section, per Year.....2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50).....1.00
TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50).....1.00
To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $1.95 per month. Daily, $1.35 per month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 27, 1910.

Readers of The New York Times may have Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to them in any part of Country at rate of 75c. per month, Daily Edition, 50c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers or directly to Publication Office.

A DINNER INVITATION SPURNED.

Chairman WILLCOX and his associates of the Public Service Commission ought to accept Mr. WHITRIDGE'S invitation to dinner. Certainly it is not polite, it is most unseemly, to ignore the invitation "as unworthy of recognition." Mr. WHITRIDGE would offer good victuals, we have no doubt; the vintages and the cigars would agreeably stimulate a conversational interchange of views. That would be a benefit to the community. There ought to be a good understanding between Receiver WHITRIDGE and the Public Service Commission. But no, Mr. WILLCOX talks unpleasantly about pickpockets mapping out their night's work, and "those higher up in the social scale" planning how they shall "give the public an inadequate return for its money." Then he makes the astonishing statement that "the Public Service Commission occupies the same position to the second class as the policeman does to the first class."

This betrays, it seems to us, a profound misconception of the relation of the Commission to the public service corporations. Anybody who will read the corporation laws of the State of New York, the Rapid Transit act, and the act creating a Public Service Commission will, we think, reach the conclusion that the intent of the lawmakers was to produce a homogeneous body of statutes which should, on principles of fairness and justice, fix and determine the relations of these corporations to the public they are created to serve. Why does the State grant a franchise to a railroad company? Manifestly, with the expectation that the corporation under its charter is to perform beneficial public services. For that reason exclusive rights and privileges are given to service corporations. The Public Service Commission was created to the end that, still under conditions of justice and fairness, better service should be rendered, and that wrongs and abuses should be corrected or prevented. Is it not evident that the intent of the law would be best accomplished by the establishing of relations of mutual respect, friendly business relations, between the Commission and the corporations whose business it regulates and in a large measure controls?

Chairman WILLCOX has somehow got the idea into his head that the Commission is a constabulary body. Does that mean that, in his judgment, the officers of corporations are all criminals, that they must be treated as the police treat pickpockets? That the whole duty of the Commission has been discharged when it prevents the commission of crime? Is there, then, no opportunity for the Commission to render a service to the public by encouraging corporations to increase their facilities, to extend their lines, to carry more passengers, and to provide in a greater degree public accommodation? We respectfully commend to Mr. WILLCOX and his fellow-Commissioners the exploration of that field of duty.

The dinner to which Mr. WHITRIDGE invited the Commissioners was to be given, as we remember it, as a sort of celebration of the ending of the Commission's ninth unsuccessful suit against him as a Receiver. Perhaps it was not quite tactful to introduce such a matter into a dinner invitation, but Mr. WHITRIDGE, as the public well knows, is somewhat given to having fun with the Commission. But suppose the Commissioners had overlooked that little dig and sat down at table with him. He is a reasonable man, and we think he has been trying to do his duty. Certainly he strove valiantly against countless obstacles to pay the franchise taxes of his roads, and he ultimately triumphed, though the officials did their best to baffle him. It is in a high degree probable that around that dinner table there might have been such a candid interchange of views as would have resulted in real co-operation between the Commission and the Receiver. Mr. WHITRIDGE would have laid aside his sarcasms, Mr. WILLCOX would have consented to abandon his pickpocket simile. As a result the public would have benefited.

So, too, it would be a good thing for Mr. SHONTS and Mr. WILLCOX to sit down at dinner now and then. Mr. WILLCOX says that "it is to be regretted that there is no way to compel the management of the present Subway to build extensions on terms favorable to the city." Does that mean that the Commission insists upon subways being built on terms unfavorable to the Interborough corporation? It is exactly that view of what is "favorable to the city" that has prevented the building of additional subways in this city during the last six years. In a legislative debate at Albany the other day mention was made of the "modern practice" in respect to public service corporations. The "modern practice" is to make these corporations contribute to the tax fund all the money that can be squeezed out of them. They are looked on as a source of revenue. The older and sounder view was that they are a source of public accommodation. It is immeasurably better for any community that its railways should carry in comfort and at reasonable speed a large number of passengers than that their capacity to carry passengers should be diminished by grabbing their revenues and imposing unreasonable restrictions and requirements. The benefit a community derives from adequate service is infinitely greater than any accruing to it through corporation contributions to the tax fund.

It is true, as Mr. WILLCOX says, that it is a "terrible thing" that the surface railroads of this city should be in the hands of receivers. But is it true that, as he further remarked, "this deplorable condition is due to stock-watering and enormous bond issues"? Stock-watering and enormous bond issues may have played their part in bankrupting the roads, but that does not explain the continuance of the receiverships now that dividends and interest payments are suspended. There must be some other explanation. It would not be difficult to formulate terms of reorganization which would be fair to the owners of the property and to the public. The opportunity would seem to be an inviting one. Mr. WILLCOX says that the railroads in this city "make more money than those anywhere in the United States." What is it that prevents reorganization? What has kept these roads almost three years in the hands of receivers?

AN AMBASSADOR'S PRIVILEGE.

As an Ambassador of the United States, having been specially appointed to represent his country at a King's funeral, Mr. ROOSEVELT has the privilege of bringing his personal luggage into port without examination. The Treasury Department had been considering the advisability of waiving its right to examine his luggage and collect duties, but his recent appointment as Ambassador of the first rank relieves it of all responsibility in the matter. The Administration will doubtless keep its feelings to itself. Of course, the whole country will applaud the admission of the few trivial trophies of the chase Mr. ROOSEVELT brings from Europe, articles of silverware, tapestries, and the like, free of duty, while he is not bringing with him the African evidences of his skill as a hunter.

But the personal luggage of the returning Ambassador contains a great deal the Administration would doubtless like to get its eyes on. Perhaps no examination of his trunks would suffice to relieve the doubts and fears, or to indicate what he may have in his mental recesses that is likely to affect the political situation in the near future. The "third degree" has not yet been employed on the steamship piers, but there never has been an instance in which its employment might be made more useful politically. It is quite out of the question, however, which is a pity, for the bearing of the Colonel under the "third degree" would be such a study for Dr. MUENSTERBERG and his fellow-psychologists as they have not as yet had the opportunity of enjoying. Only nature's weaklings have hitherto been subjected to that form of torture.

The Colonel's personal luggage also contains a lot of things which may not be dutiable, but are certainly produced in competition with home industry. The freedom of European cities is not of much value, to be sure, when one is far away from the cities, and honorary citizenship of foreign countries does not often count for much in one's own country. But the pauper universities of Europe, and one in Africa, have been attaching honorary degrees to the name of THEODORE ROOSEVELT in a lavish manner. It is doubtful if any other American citizen has nearly as many Ph. D.'s. Yesterday he received an LL. D. from Cambridge and he will soon have a D. C. L. from Oxford. One of the chief industries of our home universities is the manufacture of these honorary degrees, and the advent of a few more Theodore Roosevelts, which is, of course, unthinkable, would soon get much honors in the tariff schedules. As it is, the American Faculties are frequently at their wits' end to find recipients for degrees. However, there is no trouble brewing now, and when the Ambassador arrives the question of the hour will not be, "What has he brought home?" but "What is he going to do next?"

IMPRACTICABLE CLEANLINESS.

The Metropolitan Sewerage Commission reports to Mayor GAYNOR that it is altogether opposed to the Passaic sewer plan because "the degree of purification is insufficient," despite the success which has attended the proceedings begun by the recommendation of the Commission. This is a most respectable body, of which we wish to speak with the greatest respect, and yet we find it difficult to follow its vagaries. We remember that some years ago we found it necessary to dissent from the published statement of the gentleman who now signs the report as President, and we now find ourselves in opposition again for reasons of public importance.

In 1906 Dr. SOPER, then connected with the Metropolitan Sewerage Commission, and now its President, made an elaborate statement in support of the position thus expressed in his own words:

> Some engineers of reputation have expressed the opinion that the harbor and lower Hudson can inoffensively dispose of very much larger quantities of sewage than are emptied into them at the present time.

This singular position was favorably reviewed in The Engineering News, and HORACE LEWIS, the Chief Engineer of Sewers of this city, formally reported that there was no interest in the subject of purifying public waters, and that the existing conditions were not "intolerable." He quoted with approval a professional opinion that the sewage digestive capacity of New York Bay "is very large; larger than would probably be necessary for the assimilation of the sewage which will probably need to be discharged into it for the next twenty-five years."

All these gentlemen were opposed to interference with the Passaic sewer scheme because of the similarity of the position of the communities on the New York side of the river and harbor. The Bronx valley wished to drain into the harbor, and was willing that the Passaic valley might if the Bronx valley might. Moreover, there is an embarrassing question ripening regarding the disposition of New York City's own sewage. In opposition to the gentlemen above named, we took the position on principle that the public interests should control uniformly in New York and New Jersey. No more pollution should be allowed, and practicable measures of purification should be adopted in both States and all cities. That position has prevailed, against the opposition of the gentlemen named, and they now are in opposition to the adjustment which has been reached. The United States intervened, established a standard of purification, and named means for attaining it. New Jersey has complied, and has done all that has been asked. It is now in relations of comity, and is in position to support us in insisting upon impartial standards of cleanliness, instead of equal privileges of defilement.

And now the Metropolitan Sewerage Commission, which—save the mark—supported the beginning of the reform, objects to its consummation because it is inadequate purification. And it recommends the Mayor to take prompt steps to initiate litigation for the protection of the harbor. Why be in such a hurry about it, when the harbor has the capacity to digest all the sewage it can receive for the next twenty-five years?

AN OLD-FASHIONED FOURTH.

We cherish a faint hope that Mayor GAYNOR'S "old-fashioned Fourth" may not be thoroughly old fashioned. The Fourth of July of the old fashion began with booming, sizzing, and cracking and thus continued for twenty-four noisy hours; the air was full of the smoke and smell of gunpowder. There is a strong suspicion that the restrictions in the sale of explosives this year may not turn out to be quite as restrictive as we had hoped. The chief objection to the use of explosives in celebrating the anniversary of Independence Day is not the noise, but the danger to human life. Last year there was talk all over the country of a "quiet Fourth," but the list of casualties from the use of fireworks was appalling.

It is a good idea of the Mayor to have a ceremonial celebration. Patriotic feeling needs stimulation and deserves it. The old-fashioned Independence Day enthusiasm was good for the country. Let us have a revival of it, by all means, with the military parades and the oratory. But the promiscuous use of firearms, toy cannon, and Chinese crackers should be abolished, especially in big cities. Their abolition by the police was promised, and there is still ground for hope that the promise will be kept.

MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS.

When fruits and vegetables are retailed currently at 100 per cent. to many hundred per cent. above what the producer receives for them, as indicated in a letter printed elsewhere, the conclusion is inevitable that there are too many middlemen and that their profits are exorbitant. When the consumer is cheated into the bargain by means of the customary false weights and measures, he is entitled in some degree to feel aggrieved.

Mr. B. F. YOAKUM, in an address this month before the National Convention at St. Louis of the Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union, showed that the benefits of heavy reductions in freight rates during recent years have not been shared by farmers or consumers. The $2.25 paid to the Florida farmer for a bushel of green beans becomes $2.75 for the fifty-cent journey by rail of 800 miles. This amount the middleman pays. But for that bushel of beans the consumers pay $6.40. A part of this excessive price no doubt represents sheer robbery. But much of it was accounted for by Mr. WILLIAM C. BROWN, President of the New York Central Lines, in a recent address before the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce:

> I live in an apartment building in New York which contains about forty apartments. Since the agitation in regard to prices has been in progress I have taken pains to observe the methods of the retailers of meats, vegetables, and groceries; and I have seen fifteen delivery wagons, each with a box or basket or two, waiting in each other's way to get into the area where delivery to the apartments is made. One wagon with one team and one driver would have handled, without trouble, all that the fifteen wagons contained.

Then he recorded another fact of common observation:

> In the four sides of one city block, not far from where I live, there are sixteen small stores or markets selling groceries, vegetables, meats, &c. Four of them could, without any trouble whatever, do all the business done by the sixteen.

For this condition the remedy was obvious:

> To consolidate the sixteen establishments into four, effecting the economies which would result, would seem to be a work of wisdom and philanthropy. * * * My suggestion would be that twelve of these shopkeepers take their twelve teams, their twelve drivers, and their clerks, and go out into the country and become producers, instead of consumers; that they add something to the wealth of the country by creating it, instead of interposing an unnecessary and uncalled-for expense between the producer and the consumer.

In this simple suggestion is more wisdom than will be found in all the reports of all the commissions on the cost of living.

The health of this city is concerned in the prompt passage by the Legislature of a measure supported by Water Commissioner THOMPSON to rid the Croton watershed of nuisances. So long as they are permitted to remain, there is danger of serious epidemics in a vast population.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Mr. Reynolds Enters a Protest.

In another column we print this morning a letter in which Assistant District Attorney JAMES BRONSON REYNOLDS makes courteous but emphatic protest against our recent comment upon the outcome of the Belle Moore case, the character and conduct of the agents employed in convicting the woman of participation in an illegal business, and the failure to reveal the existence of a "white slave traffic." Our criticism still seems to us to have been justified by its congruity with all that was disclosed in court—of course the only basis it pretended to have—but it is only fair to let Mr. REYNOLDS tell why he thinks a final judgment of his work depends for correctness upon knowledge of many things which could not be, or was not, presented at the trial.

Much in relation to the past activities of the prisoner had been learned by the prosecution which it could not use, owing to the inadmissibility of evidence irrelevant to the specific crime charged in the indictment. In court that crime stood alone, with the result that the conviction seemed a small result of large expenditures and prolonged effort. Mr. REYNOLDS'S contention is that this case should be viewed merely as an incident in an investigation covering much ground—an investigation the value of which will be realized later when the information acquired has been more fully used.

Attention is particularly called by the Assistant District Attorney to a general misunderstanding of the statement made by the detective, MILLER, as to the amount that had been expended in the work. The sum he mentioned was not, as most people assumed, what was spent in playing the rôle of visitors "doing" the Tenderloin, but included, besides, the salaries and ordinary expenses of a considerable group of investigators for a period of many weeks. This certainly puts a different light on that feature of the case, and has its bearing, too, on the amount of "temptation" to which BELLE MOORE had to be subjected before she committed the crime of which she was convicted. The agents employed by Mr. REYNOLDS, he insists, were honest and reputable, as well as experienced, and they came to him with excellent recommendations from Federal and other officials whom they had served satisfactorily.

The fact remains, unfortunately, that the existence of "white slavery," as described in recent accusations, was not demonstrated at the trial. That was needed to vindicate the publicity which has been given certain lamentably ancient evils.

Witchcraft and Alchemy.

If the newspapers of to-day brought together as much as they did formerly news of the same sort they would have, or at least well might have, coupled two of yesterday's most interesting "stories." One of them told how a New York banker of some eminence, a man learned in the law as well as in finance, and presumably both shrewd and practical, had lost his life as the result of inhaling poisonous fumes while leaning with eager and credulous interest over a crucible in which he thought he saw the transmutation of a base into a precious metal. The other revealed how some poor and ignorant Italians on the east side had paid what for them were enormous sums to a woman who claimed the power to bestow health and happiness by means of her mystical spells and magic powders.

Witchcraft and alchemy make a pretty pair, now as always, but to find that both still have convinced believers as well as adroit practitioners right here in the United States is more than slightly surprising. One's wonder is somewhat mitigated, however, on remembering that the witch's incantations may have been as often successful as are the other forms of suggestion for the occasional and limited efficacy of which up-to-date medicine has explanation as well as admission, and that modern science has of late been not quite as sure as it was ten and twenty years ago that the transmutation of metals is an absurdity—a myth or a fraud.

The comfortable and thoroughgoing skepticism of our younger days as to such matters has been weakened by recent discoveries, and though the police court will probably attend to the case of the east side witch with prompt severity as a vulgar obtainer of money under false pretenses, that of the Scranton alchemist is not so easily settled. To be sure, all the transmutations as yet effected or suspected by better-known scientists have been, not from base to precious metal, but from precious to base—which is vastly more interesting than profitable and would not attract the investing public. Change in one direction, however, implies at least the possibility of change in the other, and the Scranton man—well, Mr. DICKINSON seems to have believed in him.

But the late banker was not without his peculiarities, and there may be significance in the fact that his will contains about the queerest provision recorded in testamentary literature—bequests for the education of two boys at Cornell are to be forfeited if either of them "ever goes to or upon Cayuga Lake"!

Honesty in Need of Explanation.

As witness follows witness in the trial of the Sugar Trust men, one's capacity for surprise, to say nothing of indignation, steadily weakens. Soon, apparently, there will be only a single cause for wonder—the fact that the shippers of the sugar seem to have been paid, if not what their merchandise was worth, at least what had been offered by the trust for the number of pounds they sent.

Nobody has yet proved, or even charged, that the shippers were cheated. That is distinctly mysterious. When so much underweighing was in progress, why should they, or rather why did they, escape? It would seem to have been just as easy to tamper with one set of scales as with the other, and much safer, for the sugar growers were far away and accustomed by long and painful experience to take, not what they wanted, but what they could get, while the Government is big and strong—and always near.

This inconsistency troubles the mind. As they say of EUSAPIA PALLADINO'S table-tipping, there are indications of something supernormal or supernatural about it.

BELLE MOORE'S CASE.

Prosecuting Officer Makes a Statement of the Facts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read with surprise the editorial article in your issue of May 21, entitled "Ill-Chosen Agents of Reform." I am positive that if all the facts regarding the character and record of Belle Moore were known to you, you and all other good citizens who have the city's welfare at heart would declare that her conviction should be the subject of public approval, and not in one of its aspects only "a most regrettable outcome."

Permit me to say that neither Harry Levinson, who pleaded guilty to the same charge, nor Belle Moore was allowed to sell human merchandise to the District Attorney's agents until I was satisfied, both by abundant testimony from those prominent in the Tenderloin and by statements of the defendants themselves, that they had been long engaged in the traffic. Belle Moore's prominence as a trafficker in white girls had been vouched for by several of her associates, and she had assured our chief detective that she had been nine years in the business, regarding which she gave revolting details, and added that by now she would have been a rich woman had she saved her money. And, further, before any inducements were offered her she declared her ability and willingness to supply girls for our agents' supposed Seattle house, boasting that she could get young ones. These confident promises were made frequently.

In view of these facts, I submit that our workers were not "provoking agents, laboriously causing the criminality they had been sent out to find."

It may be added that Belle Moore assured Miller that the girls she offered him were not more than 17 and 18 years of age, respectively, and that she believed them to be even younger. It has since appeared that the girls were older than she stated, though the Teddy bear and the doll were in evidence among the few belongings they begged to be allowed to take with them. I found these articles in their possession when the young women were brought to the District Attorney's office.

One statement made by Miller on the witness stand has led to legitimate misunderstanding. He was asked, "How much money have you spent in this work?" and replied, "Between $3,000 and $4,000." If further questioned, he would have indicated that this sum covers the salaries and hotel and other expenses of four regular workers and other occasional helpers during the period in question.

As Miller was the people's leading witness, it is only fair to call to your attention that he was under cross-examination by counsel for the defense for nearly six hours without having his testimony shaken in a single important particular. He was brought from Seattle because of the conspicuous service he had rendered in a similar investigation conducted by the National Immigration Commission. Recently the District Attorney has received from Miller's superior, under whom he has worked in the Department of the Interior for nearly two years, a letter stating that he desired Miller's services again on July 1, and that he regarded him (Miller) as "an exceptionally efficient operator, a man of high character, resourceful, and of unquestioned integrity."

Specific cases are but a small part of the valuable information obtained through this investigation, and the conviction of Belle Moore is not an "unsatisfactory termination," but rather an important accomplishment in the progress of our larger undertaking, the value of which I earnestly hope you and your public will not underestimate.

JAMES BRONSON REYNOLDS,
Assistant District Attorney.
New York, May 26, 1910.

REFORMS AND VOTES.

Influences That Have Reduced Inebriety Non-Political.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Does not Mayor Goynor's interesting memorandum about the Inebriate bill point a moral and adorn a tale in the matter of legislation as affecting moral reform? The Mayor enumerates the various non-political forces that have been reducing drunkenness, education in church and school, societies, the inspiration of leaders, and the incentive to sobriety offered by the fact that only habitually sober men can be employed among machinery. He then adds, "these influences are doing vastly more than this statute could do to decrease the number of inebriates. I doubt if this bill, should it become law, will do much to decrease the number." He then acknowledges freely the alleviations that the new law may bring.

Is it not refreshing, in this day when the reactionary and materialistic forces of the suffragists are trying to make women believe that only by votes, by law, by politics—which is to say by force—can moral reforms be brought about, to find so eminent an authority coming out strong in favor of the infinite superiority of moral influences, those "indirect influences" which are the most direct of all forces and the most abiding in their results?

According to the Mayor and to many other sensible people, law may alleviate conditions, but the root of reform is not reached by law or its enforcement. It looks as if after all we could not vote the world to rights, but must go at it with the old tried weapons of "influence."

MARGARET DOANE GARDINER.
Albany, May 24, 1910.

Depew on the Spanish War.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your headline of May 25 reads, "Depew Not Upheld by War Records," in referring to his speech on the Spanish war. Your Washington correspondent (May 24) has at least "one more guess coming." The blue books are the depositories of the duplicity of nations; let him go deeper. Our history does not lack examples of departmental suppression.

C. F. GODDARD.
New York, May 25, 1910.

MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS.

What Consumers Pay and Producers Receive for Fruits and Vegetables.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In one of the New York newspapers of Saturday morning, under the head of "News of the Market," there appeared certain figures charged for various commodities, such as meats, chickens, fish, fruits, and vegetables. With the first three I am not interested, but I know something concerning the last two, and would contrast the newspaper prices with the wholesale prices.

I know the wholesale prices. The consumer, seeing the newspaper prices, believes he is having a square deal.

QUOTED PRICES.	WHOLESALE PRICES.
Strawberries, 20c. to 40c. a box.	Strawberries — Wholesale, 6c. to 10c.; Jerseys, 7c. to 10c. per quart; Delaware, Md., and Virginia, 6c. to 9c.; Norfolk, fancy, 7c. to 8c.
Pineapples, 25c. to 75c. each.	Pineapples, 8c. to 15c.; Porto Rico, 4c. to 15c.; Cuba, 8c. to 15c.; Florida, 6c. to 10c.
Grapefruit, 20c. each.	Grapefruit, 3c. to 10c.; Florida, fancy, $3.50 to $4.50; Florida, straight, $2.25 to $3.25; Florida, small, $1.50 to $2; California, $1.50 to $4; Porto Rico, $1.40 to $3; Cuba, $1.50 to $2.50.
Apples, $1.50 per box, Newtown and Arkansas Black.	Apples, $3.25 per box, 7 to 10 dozen to the box.
Asparagus, 20c. to 40c. per bunch.	Asparagus, $1.25 to $2.50 per doz.; extra, Giant, $2.75 to $4—These are seldom sold to shopkeepers.
Spinach, 20c. per half peck.	Spinach, 30c. to 60c. per barrel, 24 half pecks to the barrel.
Green cabbage, 10c. each.	Green cabbage, 25c. to $1.25 per barrel or crate of 50 to 60 cabbages.
Tomatoes, 25c. per lb.	Tomatoes, $1.75 to $2 per crate, 24 pounds to the crate.
Cucumbers, 10c. each.	Cucumbers, $1 to $1.50 per basket, 60 to 100 cucumbers.
Eggplants, 15c. apiece.	Eggplants, $1.50 to $2.50 per crate, 50 to 60 eggplants.
Cauliflower, 25c. each.	Cauliflower, $1 to $1.75 per half barrel, about 80 cauliflowers.
Rhubarb, 3 bunches for 10c.	Rhubarb, $1 per 100 bunches.
Bermuda and Florida new potatoes, 15c. a quart.	Bermuda and Florida new potatoes, $2 to $4 per barrel, about 80 quarts or 2½ bushels.
Sweet potatoes, 10c. a quart.	Sweet potatoes almost unsalable, 40c. to $1 per basket, 30 to 40 quarts.

WHOLESALER.
New York, May 26, 1910.

Time Lost from Long Island.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Do you realize what a crime the failure to run cars through the Steinway Tunnel amounts to? It means about one and a half hours added each day to the working time of every man who labors in this part of Long Island City and resides across the river—nearly sixty work days of eight hours per year per man. Just think of detaining every one of the thousands of men who work in this vicinity sixty days each year. Why is it? I can't find out. Can you? I have read volumes in the newspapers on subjects which seem to me to be of far less importance. Why not agitate this subject more?

We have a shop here and can get all the men we want. Have no property to sell, therefore have no axe to grind. But every night when I start for home (I sleep in Connecticut) I see the entrance to the tunnel in Long Island City and about forty-five minutes later, after waiting first for a Calvary car, then for the ferry, and lastly for the Forty-second Street car, I finally pass by the entrance to the tunnel on the Manhattan side, when the transit should have been accomplished via tunnel in about seven minutes, it makes my blood boil and impels me to do what I never have done before—this.

A REGULAR READER.
New York, May 24, 1910.

Suffrage In Cap and Gown.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mrs. Meyer's letter in THE TIMES of May 24 is very amusing, but is not her sudden anti-suffrage veneration for the symbols of one's school days rather superficial? And are not the human beings, whether women or men, who have earned the right to wear these symbols also entitled to some respect? Mrs. Meyer may possibly be correct in stating that it would not occur to any man to betray even that small evidence of a college education—she knows best, doubtless—but it is no secret that many a man will drag himself and his college education into a saloon where the chief evidence of his college education is his discrimination in the choice of beverages. Of the two methods of doing honor to your college give me a woman suffrage parade, college cap and all.

CATHERINE WALTER.
New York, May 25, 1910.

The President's Travels.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is surprising to note that the good advice so freely tendered to President Taft is to be entirely disregarded, and his peregrinations are about to recommence and apparently on a more extended scale. Instead of baseball games, educational institutions are now to have possession of the "drawing card." It is to be hoped that he will give "my legislative programme" a rest—and adopt some other text.

Would it not be well to suggest to Congress that before adjournment a law should be enacted prescribing the absences of the chief officer of the Government from the executive office, and a penalty established for infringement, or, possibly, fixed periods arranged for attendance, with suitable opportunities for relaxation?

E. T. W.
New York, May 25, 1910.

Spelling by Syllables.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to your article "College Spelling" in to-day's TIMES I would suggest that the general deficiency in correct spelling results from the method prevalent in the public schools of spelling the entire world whether of two or more syllables as if of one only.

English boys and girls are usually much more correct spellers than those taught in our public schools; they are taught to spell by syllables thus: Ap-pli-ca-tion, adding each syllable to the preceding as spelt. This method leaves a much more direct and distinct impression on the memory than the American method of rattling off the eleven letters as if only one syllable.

J. ANSON.
New York, May 25, 1910.

The Atlantic and the Ships.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The reply to The Atlantic Monthly's article as to the Mauretania's time leaves untouched important statements. Are the great steamship lines cutting the "lanes"? Are the officers systematically worked so excessively and so unwisely as to reduce their efficiency and endanger the safety of the ships?

The Atlantic Monthly is not a magazine of a sensational or muck-raking type, and its readers are interested in hearing what the companies have to say. We who travel have a right to ask if the statements of the article can be justly contravened.

J. M. T.
New York, May 25, 1910.

Condition of the Streets.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There are many people in New York just now who would like to call Mayor Gaynor's attention to the condition of the streets. While he is engaged in jacking up various departments of the city administration it is to be hoped that he will not neglect the Street Cleaning Department. This idea of a grand new boulevard is all very well, but after all the Mayoralty is an executive office, and it is the Mayor's duty to see that his subordinates look after the streets we already have. I do not remember a time when they have been so dirty and out of order.

W. A. D.
New York, May 25, 1910.

Postal Cards.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Are these United States so poor that they have to furnish blotting paper for their postal cards?

A. J. M.
New York, May 25, 1910.

WANTS BETTER LAWS FOR FIRE INSURANCE

Head of the National Underwriters Thinks the Time Ripe for Reforms in Legislation.

THE BUSINESS THREATENED

He Asserts That States Create Statutes That Make Safe Insurance All but Impossible.

A protest against the framing of laws inimical to fire insurance companies throughout the country by men who have "some political, revengeful, or financial purpose in view," was raised yesterday by the National Board of Fire Underwriters, through its retiring President, J. Montgomery Hare, at its forty-fourth annual meeting in this city. Mr. Hare, during an address to the assembled underwriters who had come from various cities to attend the meeting, said that some events are happening which might well cause anxiety to the fire insurance men.

The underwriters, said Mr. Hare, have not succeeded in enlightening the people of the United States on the principles underlying fire insurance business. To lessen the number of fires and to prevent sweeping conflagrations, the public, through their State and Municipal Governments, should enact laws which would have the effect of affording proper building regulations, provision for sufficient water supply, and sufficient fire apparatus, well and ably managed, as well as a reduction of expenses by ceasing onerous taxation, he said.

"There is no other way than this to meet the situation," continued Mr. Hare, "and yet what is being done? Laws are passed to govern our business that cripple it without any benefit to the insured. Laws are framed by those who have some political, revengeful, or financial purpose in view, and are passed by a body of men who have given them no consideration, and who, from the technical character of our business, have not the knowledge which can only be acquired through long training.

"While many of the officials appointed by the States to supervise us are upright men and their purpose is good, in many cases they are without experience and issue under authority given them edicts which entail enormous expense and accomplish nothing. The feeling on the part of the Legislatures voicing, we must suppose, the views of the people of our Commonwealths, is that insurance men represent corporations, and anything bearing that name is to be treated as an enemy of the country.

"There will come, I hope soon, a recognition of the fact that Commonwealths cannot attain commercial prosperity without financial means, and that the aggregation of these financial means in the form of corporate capital is not a danger to the State, but a help, and should be encouraged rather than harassed.

"Any legislative act which tends to harass business unfairly results in great cost to the customer, therefore I plead for greater intelligence on such subjects before laws are passed which deal with them. There is no monopoly or trust in our business. Probably one-half of our members ignore the rates which are published as guides to the business. Why they do so is because, from their point of view, they can sell some particular kind of insurance at less than competitors—whether this judgment is correct must be determined by results.

"The making of rates is a very difficult, technical matter, and from year to year we are learning by experience that changes in methods of arriving at them are necessary, and we are making them. Risks taken by fire insurance companies do not all result in claims for losses. Risks taken by life insurance companies are always based on a claim, and, therefore, life rates are on a definite basis—the duration of life and accrued interest.

"There has been no effort on the part of Legislatures to name rates for life insurance. Why should this be? The answer is that the contract is one that in most cases is carried out with widows and orphans, and Legislatures dare not interfere. There is no more reason for the State to name rates for insurance than to name rates for merchandise to be sold. Indeed, prices for merchandise can be ascertained much more accurately than prices for insurance."

Referring to the recently appointed State boards in Texas and Kansas, which have the power to fix fire insurance rates, Mr. Hare said that no State can fairly name rates based on the experience of that particular State, because the field is too narrow. For one State to dictate rates based on the experience within its own borders, said Mr. Hare, threatens the underwriters with disaster. He also spoke of the proposed uniform insurance code which was favored by the National Conference on Uniform State Legislation, called by the National Civic Federation in Washington last January, and predicted that such a uniform code might be obtained in the future.

"The work of conducting an inter-State business, as ours must necessarily be," he said, "yearly becomes more burdensome because of the existing dissimilarity of requirements placed on the statutes by legislators wholly without experience as to the nature of our business, with the resultant effect that conditions are imposed upon us which are devoid of sound public policy and which inure to the embarrassment of the assured as well as the insurer, enhancing the cost of the former because of the increase in the expenses of the latter.

"A remedy for these ills will be a dire necessity unless practical efforts are made by all concerned—public and protector alike—through the proper channels to alleviate the present and unsatisfactory demands made upon us as a condition for continuing a legitimate and public-indemnifying business."

It was announced at the meeting that the services of Prof. Ira H. Woolson of Columbia University, an expert on structural work and building materials, have been obtained by the underwriters to superintend the work of the Committee on Construction of Buildings and he will give his entire attention to the work after July 1.

Reports from various committees showed that during 1909 there were twenty-three fires in the United States in which the loss was more than $500,000, but not a fire during the year reached above the $1,000,000 mark.

The following officers of the National Board of Fire Underwriters were elected: President, A. W. Damon of Springfield, Mass.; Vice President, George W. Babb, New York; Treasurer, Marshall S. Driggs, and Secretary, Charles G. Smith, both of New York.

PLANS OF THE EVANGELISTS.

They Hope to Add 100,000 Church Members by Their Campaign.

Details of the evangelistic campaign which forty representatives of National organizations of churchmen in this country have planned in ninety cities for the Winter of 1911-12 were made public yesterday. The plans were drawn at a meeting held recently in this city.

The object of the campaign is to promote good citizenship, Bible study, and evangelization among the boys and young men of America. The movement will have the co-operation of the Young Men's Christian Association and various religious brotherhoods in the United States. It is proposed to set apart Sept. 1, 1911, as "Rally Day," and the first Sunday in May, 1912, as "Culmination Day."

The campaign in each city will last one week, including an opening dinner, with addresses by four specialists, noonday luncheons for business men, shop and factory meetings, conferences on Christian work, platform meetings and &c. The coming Winter will be spent in arranging for the campaign.

It is expected to result in an addition of 100,000 men and boys to church membership.

MARY HARRIMAN WEDDED AT ARDEN

Eldest Daughter of the Late E. H. Harriman Becomes Bride of Charles Cary Rumsey.

ONLY THIRTY AT CEREMONY

Bride's Nuptials in Little St. John's Chapel Near Father's Grave Marked by Simplicity and Privacy.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., May 26.—The marriage of Miss Mary Harriman, the eldest daughter of the late Edward H. and Mrs. Harriman, and Charles Cary Rumsey of Buffalo took place at St. John's Chapel, at Arden, at 12:20 o'clock this afternoon. The simple Episcopal ceremony with the ring was performed by the rector, the Rev. J. Holmes MacGuinness of Chester, who ministered to the late E. H. Harriman in his last hours on Sept. 9 last.

Only thirty of the immediate relatives of the bride and bridegroom were present at the ceremony. In fact, but few more could have been present, for there are only thirty pews in St. John's Chapel, fifteen on a side, with an aisle running up through the centre to the altar.

The head gardener on the Harriman estate, Herman Peetzer, decorated the chapel for the wedding. He had orders to make the decorations simple and unostentatious. The color scheme in the decorations was pink and white, and the blossoms were almost entirely of pink and white lilacs. Back of the altar were pink and white lilacs in profusion. At the corner of each pew was a large bouquet of white lilacs, while in the centre of each pew, fastened to the back of the seat, was a bouquet of pink lilacs.

At 12 o'clock several autos arrived at St. John's Chapel from the Harriman mansion on the hilltop, four miles away. In the first auto were Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Miss Mary Harriman, Miss Carol Harriman, Mrs. Robert L. Gerry, W. Averill Harriman, and E. N. R. Harriman. In the second auto were Charles Cary Rumsey, the bridegroom; Mrs. Lawrence D. Rumsey, his mother, and Lawrence R. Rumsey, his brother.

The other autos contained immediate relatives of both the bride and bridegroom, including Dr. and Mrs. Cary of Buffalo, Mr. and Mrs. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Simmons, Mrs. D. Millburn of Buffalo, Mrs. Averill, and Miss Averill, aunt and cousin of the bride.

The ceremony was scheduled to take place at noon, and the bridal party was on hand to the minute, but there were several guests who were expected from New York who had not arrived, and the ceremony was delayed on their account. Their train met with a slight accident at Tuxedo, eight miles away, the locomotive having left the track. The eight guests took an auto at Tuxedo and drove to Arden, but were too late to witness the ceremony, as it was supposed that they were not coming.

Bride's Brother Gives Her Away.

Miss Mary Harriman, as she walked up the aisle on the arm of her elder brother, W. Averill Harriman, seemed very much at ease. Dressed entirely in white, with orange blossoms surmounting her veil and carrying a large bouquet of American Beauty roses, she presented an attractive appearance. Her bridesmaid, Miss Carol Harriman, her youngest sister, was also gowned entirely in white and carried roses. Mr. Rumsey wore the conventional black.

The bride's eldest brother, W. Averill Harriman, gave her in marriage. There were no other attendants.

Mrs. E. H. Harriman, the mother of the bride, wore a gown of white satin with a white picture hat. Mrs. Rumsey, the mother of the bridegroom, was dressed in black.

Robert L. Gerry, the husband of the eldest sister of Miss Mary Harriman, was compelled to be absent because he was officiating as best man at the wedding of his brother, Peter Goelet Gerry, to Miss Mathilde Townsend at Washington, D. C.

Owing to the comparatively recent death of the father of the bride the utmost privacy was observed. St. John's Chapel, in which the ceremony was performed, is on the Harriman estate, a half mile from the village of Arden. Villagers who desired to get near the church were prevented from approaching within sight of the edifice by seven uniformed policemen under the leadership of Chief of Police Gilbert O. Bush of Tuxedo. Besides these guardians of privacy there were twenty-four men in plain clothes scattered through the woods, who prevented the approach of the curious.

Only a few rods from the little chapel where the ceremony was performed is the grave of E. H. Harriman, the father of the bride. Mary Harriman was a favorite with her father, and even in her happiness she could not forget her recent bereavement, and she ordered that his grave be covered with spruce twigs and a large cross of rhododendrons erected over it. This was done and as the bridal party passed to and from the church the bride glanced toward this spot.

The Ceremony Brief.

The ceremony was brief, and immediately Mr. and Mrs. Rumsey received congratulations from the guests in the church, and then the whole party entered the autos and were driven to the Harriman mansion on the hilltop, above Arden, where a wedding breakfast was served.

At 4 o'clock the guests were taken down the incline railway from the Harriman mansion to Arden, where a special train was waiting, and were taken to New York. Mr. and Mrs. Rumsey remained at the Harriman house, and it is their plan to stay there for the next month, while Mrs. Harriman and her children, Miss Carol Harriman, Averill Harriman, and E. N. R. Harriman, take a trip to the Far West and the Hawaiian Islands.

Mary Harriman was the right hand of her father in the management of the thirty-thousand-acre estate at Arden during his life, and since his death she has been the head of the various departments. She will now probably retire from the active superintendency of the Arden Farms Dairy Company and its herd of 400 registered cows, which she has put upon a paying basis since the death of her father.

It was a general holiday on the Arden farms, and the 610 employes had nothing to do. While they made no attempt to go to church and see the bride, the employes joined in a testimonial of their esteem in presenting the bride with a large silver loving cup which was inscribed: "From the 610 Superintendents and employes of the Harriman estate."

The Bridegroom's Career.

Charles Cary Rumsey was graduated from Harvard in 1902, and is 30 years old. He spent several years in the study of art in Boston and Paris, and afterward settled down in this city. He is well known in art circles, though he has not yet exhibited much of his work. He had a bronze statue of an Indian at the Pan-American exhibition at Buffalo, and later held an exhibition of his bronze work there.

He is a good polo player, though not so well known as his brother, and has hunted with the Genesee Valley pack, and in this love for horses follows after his uncle, Seward Cary, who for a number of years drove the Red Jacket coach between Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

Last Spring Mr. Rumsey rode Miss Harriman's horse, Game Cock, to victory in the Meadow Brook hunt meet, and won for her the coveted trophy which she decided not to compete for again several weeks ago and forfeited.

Mr. Rumsey is a son of Lawrence D. Rumsey of Buffalo. His father made a large fortune in Buffalo in the tanning and railroad business, and has a large estate on Delaware Avenue in that city.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Ernest Warrin of 61 West Ninth Street has opened her country house in Stockbridge for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Van Amringe left yesterday for Cooperstown, N. Y., to spend the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Ledyard Blair and the Misses Blair, who spent the Winter at the Gotham, have opened their country house at Bernardsville, N. J.

The Misses Janet and Emily Fish, daughters of Representative Fish, will leave Washington for Rocklawn, their country place at Garrison-on-Hudson, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. K. G. Billings will give a large dinner on June 2 for their daughter, Miss Blanche Billings, whose marriage to William Halstead Vanderpoel takes place June 4.

Charles L. Hackstaff of 7 East Fifty-fourth Street and family have gone to Easthampton, L. I., for the Summer.

Dunlevy Milbank, whose marriage to Miss Katharine Fowler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Powell Fowler, takes place next Wednesday, will give his bachelor dinner at Delmonico's to-night.

Miss Elizabeth Bertron and Snowden Andrew Fahnestock, whose marriage takes place on June 1, took out their marriage license yesterday at City Hall. Miss Bertron is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Reading Bertron.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Smith Thompson of Kingston, N. Y., have issued invitations for the wedding of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Thompson, to Carroll Hanley Gardner of New York, which takes place on Wednesday evening, June 15, at 6:30 o'clock at the Church of the Holy Cross, Kingston.

Theatre Party for Miss Sheffield.

Mrs. Ledyard Sheffield gave a large dinner followed by a theatre party at the Globe Theatre last evening for her daughter, Miss Margery Sheffield. Her guests included the Misses Bessie Myers, Vera McCrea, and Nelson O'Neill, Chalmers Adams, Langdon Drew, Paul Moore, Richard Wetherbee, Richard Stevens, Kenyon Gaillard, and C. Pierre Michel. Mr. and Mrs. Sheffield will open their country place at Newport next week.

W. H. A. Holmes's Bachelor Dinner.

William H. Appleton Holmes, who is to marry Miss Helen Matheson Saunders, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Saunders, on June 1, in the Warburton Avenue Baptist Church, Yonkers, gave his bachelor dinner at the Hotel Astor last evening. His guests included his brother, J. Edward Holmes, who will be his best man, and his ushers Charles H. Ketcham, Joseph Klaw, Leslie R. Palmer, and Harold B. Skinner.

Hannin-Thorley Wedding Plans.

Miss Vera Thorley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Coates Thorley, whose marriage to J. Kane Hannin takes place on June 29 at Newport, has chosen her sister, Miss Madeline Thorley, for maid of honor, and her bridesmaids will be the Misses Joan Whitridge, Bessie Myers, Lilian Flint, Muriel White, Marie Neilson, Dorothy Wood, Mercedes Allen, and Dorothy Weber. The Misses Daphne Mills and Dorothy Mackay will be the flower girls. Mr. Hannin's best man is to be his brother, Bronson Hannin, and his ushers will be Linsly Hatch, Stuyvesant Mills, Frederick Brill, Jr., Garret Stillman, Pembroke Matthews, Norman McLean, John Kane, and Harold Hartley.

Mr. Hannin's father, Edward J. Hannin, will take the bridal party up to Newport on his yacht the day before the wedding and will entertain them over the week-end.

Miss Carter's Wedding Attendants.

Miss Janet Carter, whose wedding to Roger Clarke takes place on June 1 in East Orange, N. J., has chosen for her bridesmaids the Misses Helen Macy, Edith Clarke, Edna Schell, and Edith Rossetter. Mr. Clarke, who is the son of Samuel B. Clarke, was graduated from Harvard in 1907.

V. J. Youmans to Wed Mrs. Lydia Fiske.

Vincent Jay Youmans of Mount Vernon and Mrs. Lydia Harriet Fiske of 310 West Ninety-fifth Street took out a marriage license yesterday at City Hall. The wedding will take place Saturday. Mrs Fiske obtained a divorce on Nov. 19 last from her former husband, L. C. Fiske. Mr. Youmans said his occupation was literature.

DANIELS—BROWNELL.

The wedding of Miss Grace Stanley Brownell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Silas B. Brownell, and Harold Platt Daniels took place yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents, 322 West Fifty-sixth Street. The Rev. Dr. Eben B. Cobb officiated.

AMERICAN WAR OFFICERS DINE

Thirty-one at the New York Commandery's Gathering.

Thirty-one members of the Society of American Wars, the New York Commandery of which was organized about four months ago with a membership of sixty, dined last night at the Hotel Manhattan. Capt. Richard Henry Greene, Commander of the society's New York Commandery, was toastmaster.

In the membership of the New York Commandery are descendants of Colonial Governors and of officers who fought in King Philip's war, the French and Indian wars, the Revolution, the second war with England, the civil war, and the wars with Mexico and Spain.

TOWN BEAUTIFUL VOTED DOWN

Montclair Rejects Art Plan, 1,827 to 520.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., May 26.—By a vote of 1,827 to 520 the citizens of Montclair, at a special election to-day, rejected the Town Plan and Art Commission project which was intended to beautify the town at a cost of $1,500,000. The overwhelming defeat was a surprise. In not a single district was a majority given in favor of the plan, and in the First District of the Fourth Ward, inhabited by poorer residents, there were only nine votes for the bill and 213 against it.

Edmund B. Osborne, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Municipal Art Commission and one of the prime movers in the project to beautify Montclair, said to-night that the defeat was due to a misunderstanding, and that to-day's election would prove to be only a temporary setback.

BEAT AND ROB A PAWNBROKER

Two Thieves Fell Him, but Drop Their Loot and Run.

In daylight early yesterday two men entered a pawnbroker's shop in Sixth Avenue, near Forty-fourth Street, blackjacked the proprietor, Henry Lowy, and got away before the police arrived. They did not stun their victim and, alarmed at his cries for help, the robbers dropped their loot on the floor, threw the blackjack into the street, and fled.

Mr. Lowy, telling of the attack, said: "I placed a tray with five bracelets on it worth about $600 and was turning to get some others out of the safe when the small, dark man leaned over and hit me on the side of the head with a blackjack. He aimed at my right temple and struck a glancing blow which cut my head open, but did not stun me. I fell to the floor and they grabbed up the bracelets, but my yells for help scared the robbers and they dropped everything. I could not run out to the street as the blood was runing down the side of my face.

The pawnbroker said that the men must have known that he was always alone in his shop at that early hour, as his assistant came on at 9 o'clock. He believed that the plan had been to stun him and then loot the safe of its jewelry and cash.

James M. Beck Home from Europe.

James M. Beck, counsel for the American Sugar Refining Company, arrived from abroad yesterday on the White Star liner Arabic. He refused to discuss affairs in the sugar trials, saying that he had been out of touch with affairs for seven weeks.

P. G. GERRY'S BRIDE TOASTED BY TAFT

"Most Beautiful Bride He Had Ever Seen," Said President of Former Miss Townsend.

CEREMONY IN BALLROOM

American and Foreign Officials Guests at Marriage of Mrs. Richard H. Townsend's Daughter.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—The marriage of Miss Mathilde Townsend, only daughter of the late Richard H. Townsend of this city, to Peter Goelet Gerry, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry of New York and Newport, took place to-day at noon in the home of the bride's mother, in Massachusetts Avenue, in the presence of a small company of relatives and personal friends, the latter including the President of the United States and the Vice President and Mrs. Sherman and a score or more of officials of this and foreign Governments.

The ceremony was performed in the ballroom, a mirror-lined apartment modeled after the Salle de Glace at Versailles, with its windows curtained in pink silk and the floral decoration massses of pink and white peonies. The upper half was transformed into a chancel.

Miss Katharine Elkins, a lifelong friend of the bride, was the latter's only attendant, while the best man was the bridegroom's brother, Robert Livingston Gerry. Miss Townsend, who was escorted by her uncle, Charles H. Strong of Erie, Penn., wore a Worth gown of satin and lace, made with a court train three yards long, with the front veiled in point lace that covered the corsage and formed a narrow panel down each side of the skirt. A band of orange blossoms crossed the bottom of the skirt and a cluster of the same held the corsage drapery of lace low on the bodice. The latter was cut with a V both back and front, and had long, close-fitting sleeves of lace and satin. Only a narrow fold of tulle finished the neck, and the only jewels worn were a necklace of pearls, the gift of her late father just prior to his tragic death, eight years ago.

The veil was of tulle without so much as an edge of lace, and was arranged with a small coronet of orange blossoms. Her bouquet was of white orchids and orange blossoms.

Miss Elkins wore a Worth gown in mousseline de soie, veiled in Point de Venice and Duchess lace, following the long lines she so uniformly affects with a demi-train and Dutch neck. Her hat was fine black chip, the upturned brim faced with black satin, and the crown encircled by fluffy white aigrettes. Her bouquet was round in shape of lilies of the valley and white orchids tied with wide white satin ribbon.

The Rev. Dr. Roland Cotton Smith, rector of St. John's Church, read the marriage service.

Among the first to congratulate the young people was President Taft, who stood with Mrs. Townsend, the parents of the bridegroom, and a few close relatives of the bride in a ribbon-formed inclosure just before the improvised chancel. Breakfast was served within a half hour of the conclusion of the marriage ceremony, Mrs. Townsend and the President leading the way to the dining room, where 100 guests were seated.

The table in the centre of the room where the President sat between Mrs. Townsend and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry, was the largest of the group, with the guests mostly from the official circle. The bride's table, in a flower-embanked window recess, was second in size, while at the other tables covers were placed for six or eight persons.

The floral decoration of each was purple orchids and lilies of the valley, arranged in low mounds suited to the size of the board. With the bride and bridegroom were Miss Elkins and Robert Gerry, the Misses Mabel and Angelica Gerry, Mrs. Reginald Ronalds, Robert Goelet, and Capt. A. W. Butt, U. S. A.

With Mrs. Townsend in addition to the President were the Vice President and Mrs. Sherman, Mr. and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry, Justice Holmes, the German Ambassador, the Baroness Rosen, Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney General, the Secretary of the Navy, Mrs. Nelson Aldrich, Mrs. John R. McLean.

The Marine orchestra played in a subdued key throughout the breakfast, which was served in slightly more than an hour, including the happy interruption in which the President proposed a toast to "the most beautiful bride he had ever seen." The bridegroom, in rising to reply, spoke in clear even tones, thanking the Chief Executive for his presence and his compliment, and expressing surprise at himself in being neither nervous nor afraid, as he had expected to be, and as most bridegrooms of his acquaintance had been under similar conditions. His serenity he attributed to the example of his beautiful bride.

PRIZES FOR A WEDDING.

Washington Heights Couple to Be Married at the Real Estate Show.

The exhibitors at the Real Estate and Ideal Homes Show at Madison Square Garden offered substantial rewards to any couple who would be married at the Garden during the exhibit.

Last evening Miss Flora J. Wood and C. W. House of 145 Wadsworth Avenue, Washington Heights, agreed to take up the offer. The manager of the exhibit wished the marriage to take place to-day, but they said that to-morrow would suit their earliest convenience.

W. C. Reeves & Co. have offered the bridal pair an acre on Lake Musconetong, New Jersey. Another firm has offered a small portable house. The other offers include chairs and other furniture, paint, varnish, wallpaper, a furnace, and a variety of articles useful for housefurnishing.

SUICIDE IN THE KITCHEN.

Gardener Had Quarreled with an Unreciprocative Maid.

John Kent Zee, a young gardener employed by Tappen Fairchild of Sedgwick Avenue, the Bronx, arose from dinner in the kitchen of the Fairchild place last evening after a tiff with one of the maids and walked toward the stairs leading into the cellar.

At the top of the stairway he drew a revolver from his pocket, and before the frightened girl or the butler and his wife could stop him he put the weapon to his temple and pulled the trigger. He fell dead into the cellar.

The gardener had been an admirer of the girl since she had been employed by the Fairchilds, and she had not accepted his attentions.

Mme. Guillemin to Fight Hart Will.

Mme. Isabelle Hart Guillemin, accompanied by her husband, M. Guillemin, and her lawyer, Donald Harper, arrieved here yesterday from Paris to testify in the suit she has brought in the New York Supreme Court to contest the will of her foster father, Benjamin Hart. He is the former Virginian who died in Paris two years ago, leaving an estate valued at more than $2,000,000, largely to Antoinette Gabrielle de Bie, chief among the defendants. The hearing is set for June 10.

Against Timothy D. Sullivan.

Four judgments amounting to $2,209 were entered yesterday against Senator Timothy D. Sullivan and Thomas L. Reynolds in the County Clerk's office, in favor of Peter J. Devine. It was alleged that four notes had been made by Mr. Sullivan and indorsed by Mr. Reynolds. They were transferred to Mr. Devine before maturity.

Senator Sullivan is in Europe.

SCOFFS AT ALCHEMIST'S TALE

A Dream Attractive to the Weak Minded, Says Johns Hopkins Chemist.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 26.—President Ira Remsen of Johns Hopkins University, the chemist, characterized to-day the report of Dr. F. W. Lange's discovery of a method of transmitting baser metals into silver, brought out by the death of C. C. Dickenson, former President of the Carnegie Trust Company of New York, as absolutely absurd, and as a dream which allures the weak-minded. Dr. Lange's assertion that he is able to make an atom of silver multiply a hundred fold by uniting it with baser metals in a general transmutation Dr. Remsen received with scant consideration.

"I do not wish to express any opinion as to what this discoverer, as he is called, has or has not done, because I do not know," said he. "It is absolutely impossible to tell from this supposed explanation whether he has accomplished anything, for it means absolutely nothing to an experienced chemist, and certainly could not mean anything to any one else."

"What do you think of the possibility of such a discovery?" Dr. Remsen was asked.

"As long ago as the eighteenth century," he replied, "I believe it was pretty well demonstrated, at least in such a manner as to make it reasonable to believe, that efforts to discover philosophers' stones and other processes of transmutation were useless."

Special to The New York Times.

SCRANTON, Penn., May 26.—Stating that the announcement yesterday that he had discovered the long-sought process of transmuting base metals into gold and silver was absolutely true, although prematurely made by himself, Dr. F. W. Lange of this city, in whose laboratory C. C. Dickinson, the banker, inhaled fumes which brought on his death, declared in an interview that he will be ready in a few days to give the details of his discovery to the world.

"The world has heard the news too soon," he said. "A few days more and everything will be in readiness to give the details of the discovery. Then will follow my revolutionizing of some of its principal industries.

Dr. Lange was asked if he could really transmute base metal into silver.

"What is the difference!" he said. "I take my silver chloride, which is just silver and hydrochloric gas and oxygen. I take my base metals. I subject them to the process. The silver chloride is increased manyfold. The intense heat mutes the metals. I precipitate the silver. The base metals have disappeared.

"The resultant substance has been assayed three times at the United States Mint as pure silver. I cast the silver into bars."

GYMNASIUM FOR WALL ST.

Luxurious Plant to Be Installed on America Trust's Roof.

A downtown gymnasium which will draw its members from the bankers and brokers of Wall Street and the business men of the financial and insurance district is to be built on the roof of the Trust Company of America's building, 37 to 43 Wall Street. The gymnasium will contain four squash courts, an indoor tennis court, Turkish and shower baths, and lounging rooms.

While the trust company which owns the building is putting up this addition on the roof, it was ascertained yesterday that it will have nothing to do with its management. In fact, the gymnasium has been rented for a term of years by a firm in Exchange Place.

The dues, it was said yesterday, would probably be $400 a year, which would make the roof gymnasium one of the highest-priced clubhouses in the city.

There will be no roof garden connected with it. The entire structure will be inclosed. The new roof gymnasium will be 800 feet above the street level. The cost will be $15,000, and Max Muller is the architect.

Oakleigh Thorne is President of the Trust Company of America, and among the Directors are William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., John E. Borne, Morgan J. O'Brien, James J. Donohue, H. B. Hollins, William H. Chesebrough, Cord Meyer, William M. Sheehan, Seth M. Milliken, and Lowell M. Palmer.

COLEMAN FOOLED EXAMINER.

So He Abandoned Intention to Quit Robbing Cambridge Bank.

BOSTON, May 26.—George W. Coleman, the convicted $12-a-week bookkeeper of the National City Bank of Cambridge, testified at the trial of his friend and New York companion, William J. Kelher, to-day that he had intended to stop stealing from the bank until he found that his accounts were readily passed by the examiner.

"I told Kelher after I had taken $185,000 that the jig was up and that the Bank Examiner was coming around," he said, "but when he passed my books without comment I continued to take the money and to give it to Kelher to bet it at faro."

Coleman, according to his own story, was a persistent gambler from the very beginning of his business career. Borrowing $400 from the bank at the age of 18, when he was receiving but $4 a week as a messenger, he began speculating in the stock market. The President of the bank loaned him $1,000 more, and in a year he had cleaned up $25,000. In 1906 he concluded that the stock market was too slow, so he tried his luck with Frank Draper, a New York gambler, who helped him lose all but a few hundreds of his stock market winnings at faro.

LITTLE BOY STRANGELY SHOT.

Found Dead with His Three-Year-Old Cousin Playing Beside Him.

Four-year-old Peter Ganesky was shot and killed yesterday afternoon in the home of Mrs. John Skimpo, a cousin of his mother's, at 280 Sackman Street, Brooklyn. Whether the child accidentally inflicted the wound himself or whether it was fired by one of Mrs. Skimpo's children the police last night confessed themselves unable to tell.

Peter had been left with Mrs. Skimpo by his mother, who wished to close her own home at 400 Glenmore Avenue while she went shopping. About 3 o'clock Mrs. Skimpo went into the yard, leaving Peter and her own three-year-old daughter Sophia alone. When she entered the house a few moments later she was horrified to see Peter lying on the floor with a bullet wound in his head. Little Sophia was playing about, apparently not having realized that Peter was hurt.

Fight Against Parsee Citizen.

Judges Coxe, Ward, and Hazel, sitting in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals yesterday, heard arguments on the Government's appeal from Judge Lacombe's order admitting Bhicaji Franzi Balsara, a Parsee, to citizenship. Assistant United States District Attorney Pratt contended that Congress did not mean to admit Parsees as "free white persons." Balsara's counsel asserted that the Congress intended to exclude only Mongolians and Malays.

Decision was reserved.

Roy E. Pardee Gets a Divorce.

Justice Gerard signed yesterday the interlocutory decree in the action for divorce brought by Roy E. Pardee against his wife, Lillian B. Pardee. Mr. Pardee is the son of the Secretary of the New York Central Railway. He was married on June 20, 1903.

SYNDICATE TO HAVE NEW THEATRE CHAIN

Twenty-five Millions to be Spent in Building, Buying, and Leasing Playhouses.

MIDDLE WEST THEATRE CO.

Headed by Klaw & Erlanger, Hayman, Harris, and Belasco—Five Companies of $5,000,000 Capital Each.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 26.—Announcement was made here to-day that the Theatrical Syndicate of Klaw & Erlanger, Frohman, and others will hereafter own theatres or acquire leases of them in every important city and town in the United States to fight the "open door" policy adopted by a number of the theatre owners in the smaller cities.

The syndicate will invest $25,000,000 in a circuit of theatres, which will reach from one side of the country to the other, and from the Canadian provinces to the Gulf of Mexico. There will be five companies incorporated with a capital of $5,000,000 each, which will acquire playhouses in every place where theatres may be conducted profitably. The productions of the syndicate will be played only in these houses.

The meetings that resulted in the adoption of these plans began in New York about two weeks ago, and adjourned to Chicago, where the incorporation papers of the Middle West Theatre Company were drawn up. This company will be headed by A. L. Erlanger, and the Directors will include Charles Frohman, Al Hayman, Henry B. Harris, Marc Klaw, Henry W. Savage, William Harris, David Belasco, Daniel Frohman, George Cohan, Frederick Thompson, and George W. Lederer.

Following the organizationof the Middle West Theatre Company in the offices of Attorney Levy Mayer, representatives of the combination hurried from Chicago in a dozen directions to close contracts for building new playhouses or reconstructing existing ones in the following cities: Burlington, Davenport, and Des Moines, Iowa; Quincy and Springfield, Ill. Kansas and Missouri were two other States where the agents will be busy to-morrow.

At the same time it was stated that representatives of the new organization would be active in the South and Far West. The entire territory of the country has been divided among the hastening agents, so that by Autumn the task of building in the expanded territory may be well under way.

By July 1 it was predicted close to 100 contracts for new or reconstructed theatres will have been made, mostly in the Middle West, Southwest, and Texas. The expansive movement will be least noticeable in the East, where the ground is more completely occupied than elsewhere. The total number of theatres in the United States, owned or controlled under long-term leases by the syndicate would probably be close to 250 by the new year, in the conservative estimate of the managers.

Attorney Levy Mayer, in whose offices plans of the syndicate were outlined, said: "These are matters which concern our clients exclusively and whatever information is made public must come from the headquarters of the syndicate in New York."

It is the announced intention of the syndicate managers to have one of their own theatres in every city of the country with a population of 25,000 or more. Their plays will appear only in their own theatres, never in "independent" theatres, of which there will be some 1,500 outside the combination.

Chicago's status as the theatrical centre of the Middle West will not be changed by the syndicate's plans. The theatres in this city owned or controlled by it are the following: Illinois, Powers, Colonial, Chicago Opera House, Olympic, and the Blackstone, which last is being built.

A representative of Klaw & Erlanger said yesterday that he knew nothing definitely of the formation of a $25,000,000 corporation in Chicago to acquire theatres, and referred inquiries to Levy Mayer, the Chicago lawyer, who, he said, was drawing up the plans. No one else could be found who had anything to say on the subject.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

At the end of next week De Wolf Hopper in "A Matinee Idol" will move from Daly's to the Lyric Theatre for an indefinite stay. The first performance at the Lyric will be the fiftieth of the play in town, and souvenirs will be distributed.

"The Spitfire," at the Lyceum Theatre, will close for the season next Saturday night, and the house will remain dark until August. Charles Cherry, who has been starring in the play, will sail for Europe next week.

The manuscript and portions of the score of Mascagni's new opera, "Ysobel," have been received by Liebler & Co., and a private hearing of some of the music will be given soon.

"The City" will close at the Hackett Theater on June 4, after a run of about six months. The play, with the same company, will open again in New York early in August before starting on a tour of the country.

William M. Chase's portrait of Mrs. Fiske, which was won at the Actors' Fund Fair by Charles E. Proctor of Great Neck, L. I., has been presented by the winner to Daniel Frohman.

Will H. Murphy and Blanche Nichols will celebrate their tenth anniversary in vaudeville next week at the New Brighton Theatre, Brighton Beach. They will put on their travesty, "From Zaza to Uncle Tom," which is to be a part of the play in which they are to appear on the legitimate stage next season.

The first of Wagenhals & Kemper's "Seven Days" companies to go on the road will open at Atlantic City on July 25 and jump direct to the Pacific Coast. The second will open in Pittsburg on Aug. 25, and a third at Middletown, N. Y., on Sept. 1. The company at the Astor Theatre will remain there indefinitely.

CHILD ABLAZE ON A ROOF.

Sets Herself Afire While Playing with Matches—Her Companions Flee.

Six-year-old Millie Messino, with four children of her own age, was playing with matches on the roof of the five-story tenement at 66 Forsyth Street, last evening, when suddenly one of the lighted matches caught her dress, and in a moment it was ablaze.

The other children fled as she rushed toward them screaming for help. After the last had piled down the stairway from the roof the girl, still screaming and dashing blindly to and fro on the roof, attracted the attention of tenants in the top floor of 67 Forsyth Street, across the street, to whom she appeared almost like a column of flame across the intervening dusk.

Their cries brought to the windows the tenants in the house where the girl lived, among them her father, Joseph Messino, a tailor. He rushed to the roof, only to find his child lying ablaze and unconscious. He tore the burning clothes from her and carried her down to his home. There a policeman from the Eldridge Street Station summoned an ambulance from Gouverneur Hospital. Dr. Childs said the child would die.

Belasco Engages Janet Beecher.

David Belasco announced yesterday the engagement of Janet Beecher for his company, to play the leading feminine rôle in "The Concert" next season. Miss Beecher's contract is for a long term of years, and carries with it the possibility of stardom. The first part she will have in a Belasco production, that of the wife in "The Concert," was originated by Elsie Lehman, a popular German actress, at the Lessing Theatre, Berlin.

Charles Cameron Clarke.

Charles Cameron Clarke, railroad man, died on Wednesday at his home, Briarcliff Manor, N. Y., in his eighty-ninth year. He was actively engaged in business up to the time of his death and held the positions of Vice President of the New York & Harlem River Railroad Company, the New York & Putnam Railroad Company, the Clearfield Bituminous Coal Corporation, and the Spuyten Duyvil & Port Morris Railroad Company. He was also a Director of the Lincoln National Bank, the Morris Run Coal Mining Company of New Jersey, and the West Shore and International Bridge Company. Mr. Clarke was born at Canandaigua, N. Y.

Obituary Notes.

The Rev. WILLIAM W. WHITNEY, pastor of the Reformed Church at Cuddebackville, Orange County, N. Y., died there on Wednesday of paralysis in his seventy-eighth year.

GEORGE HOMANS, theatrical and newspaper man of this city, died on Wednesday at the Hotel Dunlap in Atlantic City in his forty-eighth year.

RICHARD M. SMART, custodian of the Metropolitan Museum of Natural History, died on Wednesday at his home, 261 Boulevard, Bayonne, N. J., in his sixty-seventh year.

Capt. EDWARD KRAFFT, who was in command of a sailing ship at the age of twenty-one, is dead at the Brooklyn Home for Aged Men and Couples, 745 Classon Avenue. He was 83 years old.

CHARLES LIONEL BURR, 41 years old, a member of the law firm of Mackenzie & Burr, of 34 Nassau Street, died yesterday at his home, 603 West 111th Street.

MARTIN M. MOODY, the oldest guide in the Adirondacks, died yesterday at Saranac Lake at the age of 81 years.

I. C. COOPER of Theresa, N. Y., aged 68, President of the Farmers' National Bank of Theresa, and a prominent cheese manufacturer, is dead.

ALEXANDER F. MUNRO, a Methodist lay preacher, died at his home, 253 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday. He was 94 years old.

Mrs. MINNIE PORTER STEELE, the wife of ex-District Attorney Hiram R. Steele of Brooklyn, died at her home, 88 Monroe Place, that borough, on Wednesday night.

Mrs. ELIZABETH ROPES, the widow of Ripley Ropes, died yesterday at her home, 40 Pierrepont Street, Brooklyn. She was born in Salem, Mass., in 1823.

Dr. GALVIN ANDERSON, Mayor of Madison, N. J., died of heart disease in the fire house there last night. Dr. Anderson was 69 years old, and was serving his second term as Mayor of Madison. He had practiced medicine there for thirty years. His wife, three daughters, and a son survive.

CHARLES R. GUNTHER, a retired stock broker who was for many years head of the New York Stock Exchange firm of Charles B. Gunther & Brother, died suddenly of heart disease yesterday afternoon at his home, 455 North Broadway, Yonkers. He was 62 years old.

ERNEST E. COE, a Newark lawyer, died at his home, 45 South Twelfth Street, Newark, on Wednesday. Mr. Coe was born in Newark in 1841.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

ARNOLD—RUSSELL.—On Thursday, May 26, 1910, at St. Stephen's Church, Grace L. Russell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Russell, 323 West 83d St., New York City, to Harry B. Arnold, Esq., of Columbus, Ohio.

COCKINS—DOUGHTY.—On May 25, 1910, at 289 Washington Av., Brooklyn, by the Rev. St. Clair Hester, Olga Doughty, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Doughty, to William Welch Cockins of Meade, Kan.

DANIELS—BROWNELL. — On Thursday, May 26, at No. 322 West 56th St., by Rev. Dr. Eben B. Cobb, Grace Stanley Brownell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Silas B. Brownell, to Harold Platt Daniels of New York City.

GERRY—TOWNSEND.—On Thursday, May 26, 1910, at the residence of the bride's mother, Washington, D. C., by the Rev. Roland Cotton Smith, Mathilde, daughter of Mrs. Richard H. Townsend, to Peter Goelet Gerry.

WHITE—WISE.—May 26, at the West End Collegiate Church, by the Rev. Henry E. Cobb, Helen Mason, daughter of Mrs. Peter N. Wise of New York, and Howard Sage White of Waterbury, Conn.

KAUFMAN—ROSENSHINE.—May 23, Stella Rosenshine to Adolph Kaufman.

Brooklyn.

BROWER—MOULTON.—May 25, Eliza Moulton to Walter Brower.

ENEQUIST—DIETRICK.—May 25, Carrie C. Dietrick to John H. Enequist.

TAYLOR—PALMER.—May 25, Elizabeth E. Palmer to Edward H. Taylor.

WENSLEY—RIGBY.—May 25, Winifred L. Rigby to Wilbur B. Wensley.

Connecticut.

HEFFLON—BEEBE.—May 22, Niantic, Gladys Beebe to Arthur E. Heffion.

KANE—LAUB.—May 25, Southington, Ellen Laub to John Kane.

New Jersey.

GOODMAN—IRWIN.—May 22, Jersey City, Mary Irwin to Joseph Goodman.

LANGFORD—BANGHAM.—May 18, Paterson, Irene Bangham to Edward Langford.

ZWISLER—SMITH.—May 14, Jersey City, Carrie Smith to Peter Zwisler.

Died.

ACKERMAN.—Suddenly on Tuesday, May 24, 1910, Suzanna H., elder daughter of George B. and Augusta V. Ackerman. Funeral services at Grace Church Chantry on Friday, May 27, 1910, at 11 A. M.

ADRIANCE.—Mary E. Holmes, wife of the late Thomas Bloodgood Adriance, suddenly, May, 26, in her 72d year. Funeral notice later, 358 Pacific Av., Jersey City, N. J.

ANDERSON.—Suddenly, at Madison, N. J., on May 23, 1910, in the 69th year of his age, Dr. Calvin Anderson, husband of Mary Bouker Anderson, and son of the late Rev. William Anderson and Sarah Louise Ryerson. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BLAKE.—On May 21, 1910, at Berkeley, Cal., William Phipps Blake of New Haven, Conn., in the 84th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BURR.—On May 26, at his residence, 603 West 111th St., Charles L. Burr, formerly of Lincoln, Neb., aged 40 years. Notice of funeral hereafter. Lincoln, Omaha, and Chicago papers kindly copy.

CLARKE.—May 25, 1910, at Briarcliff Manor, N. Y., in the 88th year of his age, Charles Cameron, son of George and Mary McLachlan Clarke. Services at 8 o'clock Saturday afternoon, in All Saints' Church, Briarcliff. Carriages will be at Scarboro Station to meet train leaving Grand Central at 1:35. Return train leaves Scarboro 4:01 or Ossining 4:24. Interment at convenience of family. Kindly omit flowers.

COCHRANE.—Suddenly,

TRAVIS BEATEN IN METROPOLITAN GOLF

C. H. Brown of Saegkill Lowers Colors of Garden City Veteran in 22-Hole Match.

In a sensational match that had to be carried four extra holes for a decision Walter J. Travis, the title holder, met defeat in the second round of the Metropolitan Golf Association championship tournament on the Morris County links yesterday. It remained for C. H. Brown of Saegkill to administer the first defeat of the season to the Garden City veteran. Brown is the champion of the Hudson River Golf Association.

Another favorite compelled to taste the dregs of defeat was Findlay Douglas, the Scot, who won the National title over this course twelve years ago. Gardner White, the Oakland youth, recent winner of the interscholastic title, was responsible for the elimination of Douglas. It is also worthy of mention that in surviving the day Jerome D. Travers of Montclair effectually settled the aspirations of Gilman P. Tiffany, the medalist of the previous day.

Tiffany's downfall followed a brilliant earlier effort when he duplicated the form that enabled him to spread-eagle the field in the testing round. Max Behr of the home club, the New Jersey champion, won two good matches, and so did John M. Ward and Fred Herreshoff. E. M. Wild of Cranford and A. F. Kammer, the Staten Island title holder, were likewise double winners. The summaries:

Championship Division.—First Round—C. B. Macdonald, Garden City, beat R. C. Watson, Westbrook, 2 up and 1 to play; John M. Ward, Westbrook, beat C. A. Dunning, Nassau, 1 up; G. W. White, Oakland, beat F. S. Douglas, Nassau, 3 up and 2 to play; A. D. Swords, Morris County, beat W. B. Rhett, Garden City, 5 up and 3 to play; C. H. Brown, Saegkill, beat Percy Pyne, 2d, Princeton, 3 up and 2 to play; Walter J. Travis, Garden City, beat J. S. Woodward, Baltusrol, 5 up and 3 to play; P. H. B. Frelinghuysen, Morris County, beat C. E. Van Vleck, Montclair, 4 up and 3 to play; Fred Herreshoff, Westbrook, beat Oswald Kirkby, Englewood, 2 up and 1 to play; J. D. Travers, Montclair, beat P. W. Letchford, Morris County, 6 up and 5 to play; G. F. Tiffany, Powelton, beat D. H. McAlpin, 2d, Morris County, 7 up and 5 to play; A. M. Robbins, Garden City, beat S. D. Bowers, Brooklawn, 4 up and 2 to play; Max Behr, Morris County, beat W. D. Vanderpool, Morris County, 5 up and 3 to play; S. C. Jennings, Nassau, beat R. D. Lapham, Apawamis, 1 up, (19 holes;) E. M. Wild, Cranford, beat F. Spencer, Forest Hill, 6 up and 5 to play; S. J. Graham, Greenwich, beat J. A. Tyng, Baltusrol, 2 up; A. F. Kammer, Fox Hills, beat G. C. Greenway, Baltusrol, 7 up and 6 to play. Second Round—Ward beat Macdonald, 3 up and 2 to play; White beat Swords, 2 up and 1 to play; Brown beat Travis, 1 up, (22 holes;) Herreshoff beat Frelinghuysen, 5 up and 3 to play; Travers beat Tiffany, 3 up and 2 to play; Behr beat Robbins, 2 up and 1 to play; Wild beat Jennings, 5 up and 4 to play; Kammer beat Graham, 3 up and 2 to play.

Beaten Sixteen.—First Round—Watson beat Dunning, 2 up and 1 to play; Douglas beat Rhett, 4 up and 2 to play; Pyne beat Woodward, 3 up and 2 to play; Kirkby beat Van Vleck, 3 up and 1 to play; Letchford beat McAlpin, 1 up; Bowers beat Vanderpool, 5 up and 3 to play; Spencer beat Lapham, 4 up and 3 to play; Tyng beat Greenway, 3 up and 1 to play.

Third Sixteen.—First Round—H. L. Pratt, Nassau, beat John Radel, Forest Hill, 2 up; W. W. Fell, Canoe Brook, beat R. H. Williams, Jr., Morris County, 5 up and 4 to play; D. W. Granberry, Essex County, beat H. F. Whitney, Nassau, 3 up and 1 to play; E. P. Rodgers, Shinnecock, beat C. B. Storra, Essex County, 3 up and 1 to play; J. Nasthing, Englewood, beat M. Smith, Morris County, 5 up and 1 to play; C. H. Kirk, Baltusrol, beat C. F. Watson, Jr., Baltusrol, 7 up and 5 to play; C. F. Watson, Baltusrol, beat W. Watson, Baltusrol, 2 up and 1 to play; R. C. Carroll, Greenwich, beat E. B. Schley, Morris County, 4 up and 3 to play. Second Round—Pratt beat Fell, 3 up and 1 to play; Rodgers beat Granberry, 1 up, (19 holes;) Kirk beat Nasthing, 1 up, (20 holes;) Carroll beat C. F. Watson, 3 up and 1 to play.

Fourth Sixteen.—First Round—A. S. Bourne, Briarcliff, beat Theodore Keep, Baltusrol, 3 ups; M. N. Buckner, Baltusrol, beat W. J. McConville, Dyker Meadow, by default; C. E. Van Vleck, Montclair, beat C. S. Kellogg, Essex County, 4 up and 3 to play; E. F. Allsopp, Forest Hill, beat R. M. Tarleton, Oakland, 3 up and 2 to play; W. M. Sinclair, South Orange, beat Dr. M. Carpenter, Manhattan Golf, 1 up; Howard Griffin, Baltusrol, beat E. J. Sloan, Princeton, 4 up and 3 to play; H. V. Keep, Englewood, beat J. R. Maxwell, Jr., Nassau, 5 up and 4 to play; F. S. Wheeler, Apawamis, beat J. D. Foot, Apawamis, 3 up and 1 to play. Second Round—Buckner beat Bourne, 4 up and 3 to play; Allsopp beat Van Vleck, 1 up; Sinclair beat Griffin, 3 up and 2 to play; Wheeler beat Keep, 5 up and 4 to play.

Boston Women's Golf Results.

QUINCY, Mass., May 26.—The championship of the Boston Women's Golf Association lays between Miss Fanny C. Osgood of the Country Club and Mrs. E. C. Wheeler, Jr., of Wollaston, as the result of to-day's play in the semi-final round of the annual tournament on the Wollaston links. Both won their matches easily. Summary:

Championship, Semi-Final Round.—Miss F. C. Osgood, Country Club, defeated Miss C. L. Morrill, Brae Burn, 6 up 5 to play; Mrs. E. C. Wheeler, Jr., Wollaston, defeated Miss K. C. Duncan, Brae Burn, 7 up 5 to play.

HOPPE DEFEATS CLINE.

Youthful Billiard Player Wins World Title by a Score of 500 to 394.

Willie Hoppe came into his own last night when after an absence of nearly two years from competition for the 18.2 billiard championship of the world he defeated Harry P. Cline, the title holder, in the New York Theatre concert hall by a score of 500 to 394. In addition to winning the champion there was $1,000 at stake.

For the first part of the match the score was comparatively even, the advantage being first with one and then the other. At one point Hoppe was nearly 100 points in front, and then Cline by strong play and a period of slump on the part of Hoppe was able to erase the lead of his rival and take an advantage of 50 to his side of the score board. This was in the twenty-third inning, and with Hoppe apparently going to pieces it seemed that Cline would be able to retain his title. The score stood then 384 to 334 in favor of the Philadelphian.

It was not a particularly brilliant match taken as a whole. The average by Hoppe was only fair, it being 17 24-28, with Cline at 14 16-28. Hoppe made two good runs, one of which was 84 and the other 83, but there were a number of innings when he failed to count at all, and others when the total was far from being in double figures.

In view of the long absence from the championship, Hoppe was given quite an ovation when he came to the table, and Cline, who entered a moment later, was also received with applause. It was a large gathering of enthusiasts who witnessed the match, every seat in the big hall being taken.

There was a general impression that Hoppe was going to win the title as he did the 18.1 championship from George Sutton some time ago. This was based on the showing which Hoppe has always put forth in competition. The youthful player lived up to expectations last night, for part of the time at least, and was clever enough to win, but he did not display the same form that has brought many to believe him the greatest billiard player in the country. He was out of stroke many times and failed on easy shots. However, there were flashes of his old-time brilliancy, notably when he clustered his long runs by the close nursing game.

Cline was undoubtedly more spectacular than his opponent, some of the carroms which he completed being of the most difficult sort. His nursing game was poor, there being a great deal of open table work on his part.

Hoppe won the bank, but could not get a count, and Cline also failed. In the second inning, after Hoppe had again missed, Cline went to the front with a neatly wrought string of 30. Hoppe, however, took the lead in the fourth inning, when he clustered 71. He made the string as a result of close play on the end rail, and it terminated with the miss of a follow shot. In the eighth inning Cline again showed the advantage after a run of 66, which was his high run of the match. The lead switched again in the tenth, when Hoppe brought together 84 points. It was at this point that the challenger showed his best form. He executed shots with great confidence, playing with the same quickness and accuracy that have made him famous. Most of the points were gathered on the end rail with careful in-and-out play. Several times he had to make difficult drives for position, but always was able to bring the ivories back to control. After he had counted 50 he clicked off a number of points in the centre of the table, scarcely moving the balls. He had a lucky kiss on his sixty-fourth shot; the white object ball, after being driven down the table, coming back kissed his cue ball into the red. It was a hard spread draw that brought the end.

With the beginning of the sixteenth inning Hoppe fell down considerably, and for seven innings he totaled only 12 points. This gave Cline the opportunity to catch up, and he pulled into a lead of 50 points. Hoppe had not shot his bolt, however, for he put forth a strong finish that left Cline hopeless. From the twenty-third inning to the finish, the twenty-eighth, he counted in double figures on all but one occasion, and one inning netted him his second best run of the match—83. The summaries:

Hoppe—0 0 1 71 19 2 0 1 11 84 6 15 1 15 63 3 0 0 0 3 0 6 33 17 83 32 0 34. Total, 500; average, 17 24-28; high runs, 84, 83, and 71.

Cline—0 30 0 0 15 2 0 66 45 15 9 11 5 6 18 3 40 52 30 0 0 36 7 2 1. Total—394; average, 14 16-27; high runs, 66, 52, and 45.

Amateur Billiards and Pool.

In last night's game of the Class B amateur handicap 18.2 billiard tournament now in progress at John Doyle's Forty-second Street Billiard Academy, Mr. Garfunkle, handicapped at 150, defeated Jim Stone (100) in an interesting match by the score of 150 to 99, in forty-one innings. This evening L. Goldman will play George Lovell. Both men will play at 80. Dr. Howe and C. Emerson will contest the opening game of the Class B amateur pool tournament to-night.

BERNEYO LEADS RACERS.

Ilys, However, May Win Motor Boat Run to Havana on Time Allowance.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26.—Three of the little motor boats which are racing from this city to Havana were heard from to-day for the first time since they passed out of the Delaware Capes on last Saturday. The Berneyo, Caliph, and Ilys were reported as passing Jupiter Light, which is off the Florida Keys, and about 900 miles down the coast from Philadelphia.

At the time the boats were reported the Berneyo was leading by the slight margin of nine minutes over the Caliph. Their time of passing the light is reported as follows: Berneyo, 7:18 A. M.; Caliph, 7:27 A. M., Ilys, 6:11 P. M.

The latter signaled "All well." If the time reported by the Jupiter Light is correct, the Ilys looks to have the race won, in the event of no mishap. This little craft has a handicap of nineteen hours, and as the larger craft have a lead of only eleven hours in 900 miles, it appears to be a hopeless task for them to gain an additional eight hours in the 300 miles yet to be covered.

No report has been received of the Caroline. The Loantaka, the fifth entrant, gave up on account of engine trouble on the first day of the race.

Pathfinders for Long Island Run.

The pathfinders from the Montauk Light exploration brought back with them interesting data for the around Long Island contestants on the June 14-15 tour. The party of ten started from the Automobile Club of America under the guidance of Raymond Beck, chief of the Bureau of Tours, and occupied a four-cylinder Thomas tiller and a six-cylinder Premier. Every preparation is being made to make the around Long Island run the most successful that has been undertaken by the Motor Contest Association. Every participant who had taken part in the last run around Long Island expects that the forthcoming one will be better. The first day will be a hard day's work, as the distance is approximately 200 miles.

MUNROE OFFERS TO HELP TRAIN "JEFF"

Manager Berger, However, Declines Butte Miner's Proposed Assistance.

Special to The New York Times.

BEN LOMOND, Cal., May 26.—An offer was received to-day from Jack Munroe to join the training forces at the camp of James J. Jeffries to assist in putting the former champion in shape for his fight with Jack Johnson.

Munroe is a Butte miner, who, after an exhibition match with the champion in the Montana city, met Jeffries in San Francisco for the world's championship. Munroe was knocked out in the second round. The letter in which Munroe volunteers was written in the miner's home on the Bouladerie Islands, Cape Breton, Nova Scotia. Munroe is so anxious to help that he agrees to pay his own railroad fare and expenses while in the Jeffries camp.

Manager Sam Berger, acting for Jeffries, replied to the letter, expressing thanks, but gracefully declining Munroe's assistance.

Jeffries's morning jaunt on the road was the extent of his toil to-day. He had planned to box six rounds, but he did not awaken from his siesta until 4 o'clock. Then he announced that further exercise wouldbe postponed until to-morrow.

Most of Jeffries's work will be in the morning to-morrow, so he can leave Ben Lomond on the afternoon train for San Francisco, where he will give a boxing exhibition to-morrow night.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 26.—After his physical test and sparring exhibition yesterday Jack Johnson took a rest, and it was quiet about his quarters at Ocean Beach to-day. The only event of the day was the regular twelve miles of fast road work in the forendon, which Johnson went through with Doc. Furey, Tom Flanagan, and George Cotton. Marty Cutler has dropped out of road work, being unable to keep up with the fighter in the morning jaunts. According to the present programme Johnson will not go into the gymnasium until Saturday.

Paris Fighter Quits In Bout.

Maxey Baker missed his date to frolic with Fighting Joe Hyland at the Long Acre Athletic Association last night, and Young Adolph of Paris was substituted. Hyland and the Frenchman mixed it up merrily for a couple of rounds, and in the third the bout came to a sudden finish when Adolph fell to his knees, loudly protesting that he had been fouled. His seconds immediately threw up the sponge, and the club physician was called in for an examination. He said that the Frenchman had been hit low.

After a long wait, during which a newsboy soprano delighted the members with songs, Fred Kaiser and Young Rudolph indulged in a fast four-round slugging match. There were several preliminaries, the most conspicuous being between Young Attell of Pittsburg and Young O'Neil of Ireland. This lasted about a minute and a half. The Irish lad needed a hair cut, for his locks got mixed in his eyes and he couldn't see the Smoky City boy coming at him. The referee stopped the bout out of kindness for O'Neil. Young Henry stopped Young Ritchey in three rounds, and Fred Kaiser put Young Black to the mat before the go was a round old. The announcer stated that this was the second time that Baker had dodged a go with Hyland, and he believed that Baker was a bit afraid of the New York boy.

Ketchel and Lewis In Ring To-Night.

Stanley Ketchel, the middleweight champion of the world, and Willie Lewis of New York will meet in a ten-round contest at the National Sporting Club, West Forty-fourth Street, to-night. Ketchel will weigh 158 pounds a few hours before the fight, and Lewis will enter the ring at least ten pounds lighter than his opponent. The members of the club anticipate the greatest battle of the year in New York, and the indications are that a great crowd will be on hand.

Changes In Wilkesbarre Team.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., May 26.—Manager Clymer of the Wilkesbarre Baseball Club of the New York State League, has purchased the release of Pitcher Dorden of Kansas City, of the American Association. He also sold Outfielder Madigan to the Williamsport Club of the Tri-State League.

The New York Times, Sunday, June 5th, will devote a section to Summer Motoring, giving descriptions of enjoyable week-end trips. New features of automobiles for 1910.—Adv.

SENDOFF FOR CORNELL CREWS

Varsity and Freshmen to Row Harvard on Charles River on Monday.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 26.—The Cornell oarsmen, who left Ithaca to-night for Boston, where they will row Harvard on Monday, received a great send-off from the undergraduates. Through the muddy streets a couple of thousand undergraduates marched to the station this evening and gave Coach Courtney and his boys a fine ovation. The crew left for Boston confident that they will defeat Harvard, but expecting a hard race. Coach Courtney refused to make any predictions as to the outcome of the race, but his opinion of his 'Varsity crew is expressed in these words:

"I think this crew is stronger than last year's."

Courtney's crew last year beat Harvard and won at Poughkeepsie. The Varsity and freshmen crews held a short practice spin before packing their shells and rowed in fine form.

The freshmen crew is pronounced an average Cornell freshman eight. On the same train with the Cornell crews was the Cascadilla Preparatory School crew, which is to meet the crew of the Stone School of Boston. The Cornell crews will row as follows:

Cornell 'Varsity—Seagrave, bow; Simson, 2; Wakeley, 3; Aitchinson, 4; Sutton, 5; Day, 6; Nanies, 7; Bowen, stroke; Clarke, coxswain.

Cornell Freshman Crew—Brown, bow; Bates, 2; Thatcher, 3; Lum, 4; Nevins, 5; Shafer, 6; Eliot, 7; Doyle, stroke; Crandall, coxswain.

DALY DEFEATS GOODMAN.

Bantamweights Put Up Fast Ten-Round Bout at Sharkey Athletic Club.

John Daly, a stocky Irish bantamweight, had all the better of the ten-round bout with Charlie Goodman at the Sharkey Athletic Club last night. Goldman was game, and only once showed signs of breaking ground, this being in the first round, when Daly almost had him out, landing a hard right to the stomach which sent Goldman to the mat for the count of nine. After Goldman gained his feet his opponent brought blood from the nose, and in a quick exchange of blows on the ropes, Goldman was forced to cover up and stall the rest of the round.

Stanford Crew Swamped Again.

SEATTLE, Washington, May 26.—A second attempt to row the Pacific Coast championship boat race between Washington and Leland Stanford Universities resulted to-day in the swamping of the Stanford shell a mile from the start. Washington finished the two-mile course alone, winning the race.

Pell Reaches Tennis Semi-Finals.

Theodore Pell, Southern and former indoor National champion, won his place in the semi-final round of the Bronx championship singles yesterday on the courts of the Bedford Park Tennis Club. Pell had the distinction of defeating tactless T. F. Walsh, the University of Michigan player, by the score of 6—1, 6—3. The summary:

Men's Singles.—Second Round—Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated L. H. Fitch, 4—6, 6—2, 6—3.

Third Round—Abraham Bassford, Jr., defeated W. L. O'Brien, 3—6, 6—3, 6—3; T. F. Walsh defeated E. A. Blumenschein, 8—6, 6—1. Fourth Round—Theodore Roosevelt Pell defeated T. F. Walsh, 6—1, 6—3.

Men's Doubles.—Second Round—G. B. Raymond and A. J. Ostendorf defeated the Rev. Edgar A. Lowther and Dr. W. J. Travell, 6—4, 6—4; Dr. William Rosenbaum and Wylie C. Grant defeated Walter Toussaint and J. Oskinson, 6—2, 6—3.

Dartmouth and Wesleyan Win.

BOSTON, May 26.—Honors in the New England intercollegiate tennis tournament, which ended to-day on the courts of the Longwood Cricket Club, were divided between Dartmouth and Wesleyan, the former winning the final match in singles and the latter carrying off the deciding event in doubles. The singles were brought down to the semi-finals yesterday, and this forenoon Dartmouth made sure of the leadership by the victories of S. B. Smith and F. H. Harris, both of Hanover College, over W. C. Holton and C. E. Bacon of Wesleyan. This afternoon Harris won the highest individual honors of the tournament by defeating Smith in straight sets, without much difficulty, the score being 6—3, 6—4. Only the final match in doubles remained to be played to-day, and this resulted in favor of C. E. Bacon and W. B. Holton of Wesleyan in four sets over S. P. Benton and R. L. Oakley of Williams by the score of 1—6, 6—4, 7—5, 6—3.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES. HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

STUDEBAKER

High Grade Delivery Wagons At Greatly Reduced Prices

We must have more room. The prices at which we have marked these Delivery Wagons will surely give it to us. The Wagons are brand new, regular STUDEBAKER standard in every detail.

They are suitable for Department Stores, Laundries, Groceries, Butchers and all other business purposes. Both with tops and without; platform and three springs; high and low wheels; for heavy and light work. Many built especially for general suburban use.

An opportunity to purchase Delivery Wagons of STUDEBAKER character at these prices has never before been offered

Top Wagons at $100 and Upward

Open Wagons at $65 and Upward

An early call is advisable, as the prices will insure quick sales.

STUDEBAKER BROS. CO. of New York

Broadway and 48th Street

AUTOMOBILES. AUTOMOBILES.

Motor Trip - Decoration Day

Saturday, Sunday, Monday.

Take a fine motor trip to the Delaware Water Gap—or anywhere. Secure route directions and all up-to-date information by applying to the

AUTOMOBILE TOURING CLUB OF AMERICA

Broadway at 76th St.

Phone Schuyler 9200

AUTOMOBILES.

1911 PACKARD "THIRTY" WITH CLOSE-COUPLED BODY STANDARD EQUIPMENT INCLUDES TOP

Packard MOTOR CARS

"ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE"

1911 LINE EIGHTEEN DIFFERENT STYLES OF OPEN AND ENCLOSED CARS

Handsome new fore-door bodies. One quality; two sizes—the Packard "Thirty" and the Packard "Eighteen" Town Car.

Built entirely in the Packard shops; 32 acres of floor space; 5600 employes.

Early deliveries on a schedule. Limited allotment. Now taking orders. Demonstration by appointment. Catalog and complete information on request.

Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y.

Broadway and Sixty-first Street.

Pure Olive Oil Insures A Sound Digestion

Even if you do not suffer from indigestion you will find that your food will digest better and you will enjoy it more, if you dress it with

CHIRIS

(pronounced SHERIS)

Olive Oil

Chiris is unequalled for its deliciousness, its wholesomeness, its richness and original flavor, and its purity in manufacture.

Send 10c. for a trial bottle and our book of 75 Delicious Salads. Where dealers cannot supply Chiris, order direct.

C. G. EULER, U. S. Agent for Antoine Chiris, Grasse, France. Dept. E, 18 Platt Street, New York.

THE AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Meeting place for buyers and sellers of used motor-cars.

Advertising rates—One insertion, 30c. per agate line; three insertions a week, including one on Sunday, 20c. per agate line; seven consecutive insertions, 15c. per agate line.

AUTOMOBILES FOR QUICK SALE.

Among the 200 automobiles here are several which owners are eager to sell this week. They are as follows: 1905 Packard 4-cyl. 24 H. P. touring car, perfect running order, $175; Autocar, 30 H. P. touring, looks like new, $375; Rainier 4-cyl. touring, $500; Franklin 4-cyl. touring, fully equipped, including wind shield, $500; Buick 4-cyl. 30 H. P. touring, elegant condition and a snappy car, $500. Other cars, $125 to $2,500. Selling direct for owners, and our light expense location render our prices considerably less than dealers ask. Call or send for bargain list.

MANHATTAN STORAGE CO.,

334-340 WEST 44TH ST., Between 8th and 9th Avs.

USED RAINIER CARS

Thoroughly overhauled by the manufacturer; all worn parts replaced; guaranteed free of repairs 6 months. No other concern sells 2nd-hand cars on this basis. All are repainted, have new tops, full equipment, look like new. Included are:

1907 35 H. P. Runabout
1907 35 H. P. Touring Car
1908 50 H. P. Touring Car
1909 60 H. P. Touring Car
1907 35 H. P. Landaulet

Ready for demonstration and immediate delivery. Prices very low to close out.

RAINIER MOTOR CO.
Broadway, cor. 64th St., N. Y.

AUTO BARGAINS.

1909 Olds touring.
1909 Olds roadster.
1909 Knox touring.
1909 Overland touring.
1909 Buick "F."

For good used cars see HUDSON-FULTON AUTO CO., 247 West 47th.

Absolute Bargain—National, newly painted, 1909, 35 H. P. baby tonneau, fully equipped; new top, speedometer, clock, windshield, Prest-O-Lite tank, 5 lamps, horn, extra shoe, three extra tubes, $1,650. NEWARK MOTOR CAR CO., 487 Washington St., Newark, N. J. 'Phone, 3963—Market.

Locomobile "40" roadster, 1909; 5-passenger or two-passenger car; used only by the present owner for weekly pleasure driving; running better than when it left the factory; with top, speedometer, trunk rack, etc., complete, $3,000; will have repainted if desired at present owner's expense. L 143 Times.

SIX cylinder Peerless 1909, demi-limousine; Continental demountable rims, Continental tires; everything in absolutely first-class condition; CAR PRACTICALLY NEW; reason for selling, the owner is going abroad; will give any kind of a demonstration; full equipment. J. A. SHREFER, foot West 210th St. Take Audubon.

Auto. Bargains.	1908 Mitchell Touring Car	CLOUD,	
	1909 Mitchell Surrey	MARTIN CO.,	
	1909 Atlas Touring Car	1,871 Broadway.	
	1907 Berliet Chassis	3,341 Columbus.	
	1910 Ford Touring Car		

All cars fully equipped and in perfect condition; prices right. Cheerfully demonstrated.

Will sell your high-grade automobile; have buyers who want '08, '09, and '10 models; send description of your car, equipment, and lowest selling price; will send you buyers with cash; high-grade cars taken on consignment. Kennedy & Schrader, Times Bldg. 'Phone Bryant 366.

USED CARS FOR SALE FOR RENTING PURPOSES. GET OUR PROPOSITION IF YOU ARE THINKING OF GOING IN THIS BUSINESS. THE ROYAL TOURIST CAR CO., BROADWAY AT 62D ST.

CLEVELAND, 1908, overhauled and newly painted; fully equipped; looks like new; cost $3,500; will sell for $1,500; must be seen to be appreciated. Mr. N., 141 Reade St., New York. 'Phone 2966—Worth.

Jewel—7-passenger touring car. Price $1,800. Car just overhauled and guaranteed for one year against any defects in material or workmanship. Croxton-Keeton Motor Co., 1,682 Broadway.

For Sale—New 1910 Chalmers No. 40; seven-passenger; fine top; wind shield; electric lights; speedometer clock; run two weeks; fine condition. Address Chalmers No. 40, D 158 Times.

For Sale.—7-passenger 1907 Stearns automobile; A1 condition; newly painted; can be seen at Long Island Automobile Club or phone 435 Spring; no reasonable offer refused.

Packard, 1910; phaeton body; brand new, never used; in pink of condition in every way; standard equipment; immediate delivery. P. O. Box 103, Deep River, Conn.

AUTO BARGAINS. 100 slightly used Runabouts and Touring Cars, all makes, styles and prices. ASTOR AUTO CO., 1,604 Broadway.

Renault Roadster; 45 H. P. Price $4,000. 1910 car. Guaranteed to go as fast as any one dare drive it. Croxton-Keeton Motor Co., 1,682 Broadway.

RENAULT, 2 cylinder, double landaulet body; fully equipped; newly upholstered; glass front; fine condition; reasonable. LONDON REALTY, 1,265 Broadway.

For Sale—New 1909 Palmer-Singer town and country car; 30 h. p.; cost $3,800; run 3,000 miles; sell for $2,250. Sherwood, 186 Williams St.

Mercedes—5-passenger touring. Price $1,250. Guaranteed in perfect shape. Will demonstrate. Croxton-Keeton Motor Co., 1,682 Broadway.

Ford—6-cylinder; just overhauled; has Bosch magneto; price, $650; will demonstrate. Croxton-Keeton Motor Co., 1,682 Broadway.

A1 order, "30" Simplex touring car, complete; will sell cheap. Address or call C. R. Mabley, R. I. V. Co., 1,774 Broadway.

Sultan town car, new, to hire by day, week or month; "owner to drive." John Sullivan, 258 West 53th St.

Auto, seats four; top, extras, good running order, $350; will demonstrate. Box Y 886 Times Downtown.

BUICK, two cylinder, 1907; complete equipment; A1 running order; $475. 1,001 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

REPUBLIC TIRES

You pay more for them, but you pay less often.

Republic Rubber Company of New York, 229 West 58th Street, New York.

Grape-Nuts

FOR THOSE WHO LIVE BY BRAIN WORK.

Lion Collars

Made with "Easy Tie Slide" Space.

548 Fifth Ave. **VACUM** 'Phone 1611 Bryant.

CARPET RENOVATING CO.

Carpets and rugs cleaned without removal.

AUTOMOBILES

AUTO BARGAINS

BOUGHT, SOLD, EXCHANGED.

WE ARE THE LARGEST DEALERS IN THE WORLD IN NEW & 2D HAND CARS.

No matter what make you are looking for we are sure to have it. We have 300 Cars on our sales floors ready for inspection and demonstration, ranging in price from $150 up. Every car we sell is guaranteed to be exactly as represented.

TIMES SQ. AUTO CO.

215-17 W. 48TH ST., near Broadway. Also Phila., Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City.

PIERCE-ARROW '09.

48 H. P. 4-cylinder 7 passenger touring, just out of paint shop. Overhauled and guaranteed.

ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY, 124 Washington St., Newark. Pierce-Arrow Agents for New Jersey.

PIERCE-ARROW '09.

48 H. P. 6-cylinder 7 passenger touring, in A1 condition.

ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY, 124 Washington St., Newark. Pierce-Arrow Agents for New Jersey.

PIERCE-ARROW "45"

'08 model, 7 passenger touring, refinished, overhauled and guaranteed.

ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY, 124 Washington St., Newark. Pierce-Arrow Agents for New Jersey.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL.

Thorough individual instruction. Up-to-date equipment. Inspect our plant. Classes start every week. Write for booklet. 223 West 54th St., N. Y. City.

Automobiles

Ready References for Buyers

ALCO	American Locomotive Company, 1,836 Broadway. Tel. 5300 Col.
ATLAS	Perfected two-cycle engine Atlas Motor Car Co. 2010 Broadway. F. H. Adams, Manager.
BENZ	Auto Import Co. of America, 1,599 to 1,601 Broadway, New York.
BUICK	Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
Brush Cars	Runabout $485. Roadster $500. Phone 5369 Col. John Moore & Co., 1,875 Broadway.
COLUMBIA	Victor Auto Storage Co., 1,681 B'way. Phone 8577 Columbus.
CORBIN	1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
CADILLAC	Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 8810 Col.
EMPIRE	3300. Poertner Motor Car Co., 1,923 B'way (64th St.) 'Phone 8166-7 Col.
FIAT	"THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,730 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.
GROUT	Touring-Tourabout-Runabout-$2,500. 40 H. P. Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 210 W. 76th St.
HUDSON	A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3293 Col.
ISOTTA	IMPORT COMPANY, 1,622 Broadway, (49th St.) Also J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.
KNOX	Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
LOZIER	58th STREET AND BROADWAY. Telephone 6885 Columbus.
MATHESON	Matheson Automobile Co., 1,886-1,888 Broadway, cor. 62d St. Tel. 6353 Col.
MOON	Moon Motor Car Co. of N. Y. 1,761 Broadway, Tel. 6995 Col.
NATIONAL	POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1,923 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.
OAKLAND	30 H. P., $1,000; 40 H. P., $1,700. 1,795 Broadway at 58th St. Tel. 477 Col.
PULLMAN	Cinfotti Bros., 1,853 Broadway. Telephone 1772 Columbus.
"SIMPLEX"	"Made in New York City." 1960-62 B'way. Tel. 6158 Col.
STEVENS-DURYEA	A. G. Spalding & Bros., 29 W. 42d. Tel. 453 Bryant.
WHITE	WHITE CO., B'way & 62d St. 'Phone 2952 Col.
ZUST	30 H. P., $3,900; "Chain or Shaft." 45 H. P., $4,750; 1 year guarantee. American Zust Co., 1,989 B'way. Col. 4328.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

SPLITDORF MAGNETO. Walton Ave. & 138th St. Branch 1679 Broadway. All makes. Star Tire Co.

REPAIRING.

Jewel Carriage Co., 1,841 Broadway, 60th St. Phone 1,000 Col. Automobile bodies, fenders, wheels, painting, trimming, repairing.

AUTOMOBILES TO RENT

PACKARD car to hire; first-class condition; day, week, month. 'Phone, 9931—Riverside. M. JOS. DONOVAN, 110th St. and 8th Av.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

Automobile Instruction—New term just starting. Booklet. West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 West 57th Street. 'Phone 3800 Columbus.

THE TURF.

RACING BELMONT PARK

MAY 12TH TO MAY 30TH.

Trains leave E. 34th St., 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, Saturday only. Special car for Turf and Field Club members on 1:00 train. Long Distance Tel. 3156, 3157, 3158 Murray Hill.

SPALDING'S ATHLETIC STORES

124-126 NASSAU STREET | 29-33 WEST 42nd STREET

FOR

DECORATION DAY

Base Ball

The Spalding Official National League Ball, Bats, Mitts, Gloves, Masks and Uniforms.

Tennis

Spalding Gold Medal Racket, Balls, Nets, Posts, Markers, Tapes, Presses and Shoes.

Golf

The Spalding Red Dot Golf Ball is the ball most generally used. Clubs and sundries.

Athletics

Everything for Track and Field; the official implements and complete athletic outfits.

OUTING CLOTHING

and outing requisites for Golfers, Tennis players, Cricketers, and Country Club wear. Models and styles have been selected with a view to insuring comfort and ease to the wearer, but retaining the smart shape and fit of a custom modeled garment.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.

Youths certainly do like to cut a figure—to cut a dash.

We too!

We've cut our youths' suits in no less than three different models—just to make them figure as big as possible in our business.

Conservative, medium, and ultra; but all good styles.

Youths' suits, 32 to 35 chest. $16 to $28.

Straws!

In braids and shapes galore.

In qualities most excellent.

Including "Victor Jay" London straw "boaters."

A matter of Dollars—

Dollar scarfs.

Dollar-fifty scarfs.

65c.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

at	at	at
Warren st.	13th st.	34th st

CREE DRIVES HOME YANKEES' FOUR RUNS

Chase and His Men Fight Hard to Win Uphill Battle from White Sox.

THE SCORE.

New York	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	—4
Chicago	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0—3

NEW YORK.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Hemphill, cf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Wolter, rf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Chase, 1b.	4	0	0	14	1	0
Laporte, 2b.	3	1	2	4	5	0
Roach, ss.	2	2	1	1	4	1
Cree, lf.	3	1	2	1	2	0
Austin, 3b.	3	0	1	1	2	0
Criger, c.	2	0	0	2	2	0
*Gardner	1	0	0	0	0	0
Sweeney, c.	0	0	0	1	1	0
Quinn, p.	3	0	0	1	4	0
Total	28	4	6	27	21	1

CHICAGO.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
French, rf.	4	0	3	1	0	0
Gandil, 1b.	4	0	0	12	1	0
Zeider, 2b.	4	0	3	3	4	0
Dougherty, lf.	4	0	2	1	0	0
Cole, cf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Purtell, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1	0
†Blackburne, ss.	3	2	2	2	4	0
White	1	0	0	0	0	0
Block, c.	4	0	1	4	2	0
Scott, p.	3	1	2	0	3	0
‡Collins	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	3	14	24	15	0

*Batted for Criger in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Blackburne in the ninth inning.
‡Batted for Scott in the ninth inning.

Three-base hits—Cole, Laporte, Cree. Home run—Cree. Stolen bases—Zeider, Roach, Dougherty. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; New York, 2. Double plays—Roach, Laporte, and Chase, 2. Struck out—By Scott, 4; by Quinn, 3. Bases on balls—Off Scott, 2. Time of game—One hour and fifty three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Evans.

A couple of gigantic jolts spanked against the ball with unrelenting fury by little Birdie Cree won for the Yankees against the White Sox on the hilltop yesterday. Steaming hot, both of these colossal taps were, as they scorched through the air to the right field stockade, driving in all four of the Yankees' runs. Scott was doing the pitching for the Sox and swung a wide roundhouse outcurve at Cree as he stood two feet away from the plate. Scott's benders did not curl quite enough, for Cree picked one of them on the very end of his long, thin bat, with two on bases in the fourth inning, jamming the ball past French in right field, and rolling it against the fence, while Cree sprinted around the circuit chasing in two runners ahead of him. Again in the seventh, Cree struck the ball like a catapult, sending Roach home with the hurrah tally while he camped at third base. The score was 4 to 3. The Giants enjoyed their day off by watching the game, and they were on their toes with the other howling fans.

Modern civilization confines its approval of heroic feats of this sort to frenzied outbursts of vocal discord accompanied by weird gymnastics with the hands and feet, but just imagine such stuff in the old days of the Roman Circus! Why, Cree would be hauled up before the Emperor, who would probably pin a Java orchid on his tunic.

It was only these long, savage hits that saved the Yankees' scalp yesterday, for the 3ox hammered Jack Quinn frequently, and there is no dodging the fact that baseball hard luck also figured in the fourteen Chicago hits, netting only three runs. It is also a reflection on the Sox's lack of speed. When the hits were bunched, fast fielding by the Yanks kept runs from materializing. Hal Chase was a whole life-saving crew himself, and although the infielders plugged the ball at him in the dirt and way over his head, Chase stretched after them as if he was made of India rubber. Chase's fielding was little short of marvelous. In the fourth, with Cole on third and two out, Block smashed a troublesome roller between first and second. Chase romped after it, scooped it up near second with one hand and tossed it to Quinn at first in time to cut down Block. The Yankees hit Scott's service seldom, but when they did connect they ripped the stitching from the cover of the ball. At times the Yankees' fielding was lightning fast, and they were alert enough to take advantage of everything that bobbed up.

The third inning looked like Quinn's finish when Chicago rapped out short singles. Blackburne started with a single to centre and Block squeezed a grounder through first. Blackburne scored on Scott's single and Block was nailed between second and third. French singled to left and Gandil grounded out to Chase. Zeider hit a hot bounder to Quinn, which bounced from him toward Austin. Scott scored and Zeider was safe. Dougherty ended the inning by skying to Hemphill. Cole hit a triple to centre in the fourth, but was left on third.

Two were down in the fourth, and the Yankee outlook was gloomy until Laporte crashed the ball along the third-base line for three cushions. Roach lazily sauntered, and this is Cree batting now. His vicious smack tore up the sod in front of French and then took a mighty bound high over his cupola, colliding with the fence, and fell back exhausted. Everybody ran. The gorgeous view of the landscape at this moment is a joy. Observe Laporte, Roach, and Cree running their heads off around the bases and the ball a mile away. A floral wreath and a few sobs are coming to the Sox.

Quinn was still wabbly in the seventh, and it looked as if Chicago was going to rush to the front again. Blackburne hit a sharp grounder to Roach. It took a bad bound and the short stop missed it. Block was thrown out at first by Quinn, and Blackburne scored on Scott's single to centre. French shot a hot one at Austin and it bounded into the air and landed on Jimmy's head. Gandil hit to Roach, forcing French at second, and Laporte threw Gandil out at first on a rapid double.

Roach opened the seventh by poking a sizzling liner far to the right side of Blackburn. The short stop left the ground, dove through the air, and just petted it with one hand before it rolled into left field.

Guess who's up now. Remember who made the home run up above in the first paragraph? He's small, but, wow, what a wallop! Cree let a couple of bad ones go by and then whacked the ball high over French's head in right field, the ball floating to the fence. Roach scored with the winning run, and Cree reached third. The next three batsmen, including pinch hitter Gardner, were held at bay by Scott, and there was no more scoring. The Sox got a couple of hits in the eighth, but Sweeney cut down the first man at second and the danger was over.

Naps Blow Up In Fifth Inning.

BOSTON, May 26.—Numerous errors, mingled with Boston's hard hits, gave the home team to-day's game over Cleveland, 7 to 3. Cicotte was also batted hard, but was accorded phenomenal support. Mitchell retired the locals on strikes in the eighth inning. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf.	4	1	2	4	0
Lord, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1
Stahl, 1b.	4	1	2	11	0
Speaker, cf.	4	1	1	1	0
Wagner, ss.	2	1	1	6	3
G'dner, 2b.	4	0	3	1	1
Lewis, lb.	4	1	1	8	0
Carrigan, c.	4	1	2	1	3
Cicotte, p.	3	1	0	0	3
Total	33	7	12	27	13

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney, cf.	4	0	1	1	1
Krueger, lf.	3	1	1	2	0
Turner, ss.	2	1	0	1	0
Lajoie, 2b.	4	1	2	4	5
Flick, rf.	3	0	0	3	0
Stovall, 1b.	4	0	0	4	2
Easterly, c.	3	0	1	7	1
Perring, 3b.	4	0	1	0	1
Linke, p.	1	0	0	1	1
Mitchell, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	3	6	23	9

Errors—Stahl, Graney, Krueger, Easterly, 2. *Wagner out for interference.

Boston	0	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	—7
Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0—3

Two-base hits—Krueger, Lewis. Home run—Lajoie. Hits—Off Linke, 11 in five innings; off Mitchell, 1 in three innings. Sacrifice hits—Turner, Cicotte. Stolen bases—Easterly, Flick, Stahl, Speaker, Wagner. Double play—Gardner and Wagner. Left on bases—Cleveland, 5; Boston, 5. First base on balls—Off Cicotte, 5; off Linke, 1; off Mitchell, 1. First base on errors—Boston, 1; Cleveland, 1. Struck out—By Linke, 1; by Mitchell, 4. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and O'Loughlin.

Americans vs. ... Ark. Adm. 50c.—

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 4; Chicago, 3.
Detroit, 5; Washington, 1.
Boston, 7; Cleveland, 3.
Philadelphia, 6; St. Louis, 3.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston, 4; Pittsburg, 1.
Chicago, 2; Philadelphia, 0.
Cincinnati, 7; St. Louis, 6.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Baltimore, 3; Jersey City, 1.
Providence, 4; Newark, 1.
Montreal, 4; Toronto, 0.
Rochester, 4; Buffalo, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	22	7	.759	Cleveland	13	16	.448
New York	20	8	.714	Washington	14	19	.424
Boston	17	13	.567	Chicago	9	18	.333
Detroit	18	15	.545	St. Louis	6	23	.207

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	19	11	.633	St. Louis	16	18	.471
Pittsburg	16	12	.571	Philadelphia	13	16	.448
Cincinnati	17	18	.567	Boston	12	19	.407
New York	15	14	.562	Brooklyn	12	21	.364

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Newark	20	18	.607	Buffalo	15	14	.517
Toronto	18	18	.581	Baltimore	14	16	.467
Providence	14	11	.560	Montreal	10	16	.384
Rochester	19	13	.552	Jersey City	8	19	.296

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Boston.
Detroit at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Brooklyn.
Boston at Pittsburg.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Baltimore.
Newark at Providence.
Rochester at Buffalo.
Toronto at Montreal.

Athletics Win a Dull Game.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., May 26.—Philadelphia defeated St. Louis to-day in a poorly played game by 6 to 3. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Heitm'r, lf.	2	1	2	3	0
Oldring, cf.	3	0	0	2	0
Collins, 2b.	4	1	1	4	3
Davis, 1b.	1	2	1	9	1
Baker, 3b.	4	0	2	2	1
Murphy, rf.	3	0	0	3	0
Barry, ss.	3	1	1	0	2
Liv'g'ne, c.	1	0	0	3	1
Thomas, c.	1	0	1	0	1
Morgan, p.	2	1	0	0	2
Total	25	6	8	27	11

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Stone, lf.	3	1	1	4	0
Hartzell, ss.	4	1	0	0	2
Wallace, 3b.	3	0	0	2	1
Griggs, 2b.	4	1	2	4	0
Hoffman, cf.	3	0	1	1	0
Schw'z'r, rf.	1	0	1	4	0
Abstein, 1b.	4	0	0	8	0
Killifer, c.	4	0	0	6	2
Bailey, p.	4	0	0	0	4
Total	30	3	5	24	10

Errors—Davis, Baker, Griggs, Killifer.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	—6
St. Louis	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0—3

Two-base hits—Hoffman, Collins, Barry. Three-base hits—Griggs, Baker. Sacrifice flies—Schweitzer, Murphy. Sacrifice hits—Hartzell, Oldring, Morgan. Stolen base—Collins. Double plays—Schweitzer and Killifer; Hartzell, Abstein, Killifer, and Wallace. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; Philadelphia, 5. First base on balls—Off Bailey, 7; off Morgan, 6. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2. Struck out—By Bailey, 3; by Morgan, 3. Passed ball—Killifer. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Kerin and Sheridan.

Taft Shakes Hands of "Tigers."

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Detroit drove Reisling from the box in the sixth inning and easily defeated Washington, 5 to 1. Killian was very effective with men on bases. President Taft, who was an interested spectator at the game, shook hands with all the Detroit players after the game from his private box, Manager Jennings introducing his men as they passed in line before the Chief Executive. The score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
D. Jones, lf.	4	1	1	2	0
Bush, ss.	4	1	1	2	4
Cobb, cf.	3	0	2	1	0
Craw'd, rf.	4	0	1	4	0
Deleh'ty, 2b.	3	0	0	1	1
Mor'ty, 3b.	3	0	0	2	2
T. Jones, 1b.	4	1	1	10	1
Schmidt, c.	4	2	3	4	1
Killian, p.	4	0	3	1	1
Total	35	5	12	27	10

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf.	5	0	2	1	2
Lelivelt, lf.	4	1	2	0	0
Elb'r'd, 3b.	4	0	1	1	2
Gessler, rf.	5	0	1	2	1
Ungl'b, 1b.	5	0	1	14	0
Killifer, 2b.	2	0	0	3	2
M'B'de, ss.	2	0	1	2	5
Street, c.	4	0	0	8	1
Reisling, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Walker, p.	1	0	0	0	3
*Schaefer	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	1	8	26	18

Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0—5
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1

†T. Jones hit by batted ball.
*Batted for Walker in ninth inning.

Errors—Cobb, Crawford, Schmidt, Killifer. Two-base hit—Schmidt. Hits—Off Reisling, 10 in five and two-third innings; off Walker, 2 in three and one-third innings. Stolen bases—Killifer, McBride, T. Jones. Left on bases—Washington, 11; Detroit, 4. Base on balls—Off Reisling, 1; off Walker, 3; off Killian, 1. First base on errors—Washington, 1; Detroit, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Killian, 1. Struck out—By Reisling, 2; by Killian, 3. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Connolly.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New York State League.

Troy, 2; Binghamton, 1.
Wilkesbarre, 4; Syracuse, 2.
Elmira, 8; Albany, 0.
Scranton at Utica—Wet grounds.

Connecticut League.

Springfield, 1; New Haven, 0.
Waterbury, 3; Hartford, 2.
Northampton, 4; New Britain, 1.
Holyoke, 5; Bridgeport, 4.

Tri-State League.

Harrisburg, 0; Trenton, 6, (five innings; rain.)
Altoona, 6; Lancaster, 4.
Johnstown, 4; York, 0.
Reading at Williamsport—Rain.

New England League.

Haverhill, 1; New Bedford, 0, (12 innings.)
Fall River, 4; Lynn, 3, (11 innings.)
Lawrence, 3; Brockton, 1.
Worcester, 3; Lowell, 0.

American Association.

Toledo, 6; Louisville, 0.
Minneapolis, 1; Milwaukee, 0.
Indianapolis, 7; Columbus, 2.
Indianapolis, 4; Columbus, 3.
Kansas City, 3; St. Paul, 2.
St. Paul, 9; Kansas City, 7.

DOVES AND PIRATES ERRATIC IN FIELD

Brown's Pitching Effective and Champions Are Defeated, 4 to 1.

PITTSBURG, May 26.—Boston defeated Pittsburg 4 to 1 to-day, errors spoiling the steady work of the opposing pitchers, and being in part responsible for all the scoring. Brown's pitching was, however, more effective than Adams's. In marked contrast to the four errors which Pittsburg made were three double plays, in all of which Wagner figured. Score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Collins, lf.	4	1	0	4	0
Hersog, 3b.	3	1	2	1	1
Sharpe, 1b.	3	0	0	8	0
R.Miller, rf.	4	0	1	4	0
Beck, cf.	4	0	0	3	0
Sw'ney, ss.	3	0	0	1	4
Graham, c.	4	0	1	8	1
Getz, 2b.	4	1	1	2	2
Brown, p.	3	1	1	1	2
Total	30	4	6	27	10

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b.	4	0	1	2	3
Campbell, cf.	4	0	2	5	0
Clarke, lf.	3	0	0	2	0
Wagner, ss.	4	0	0	4	3
J.Miller, 2b.	4	0	1	1	1
Flynn, 1b.	4	0	0	10	0
Wilson, rf.	3	0	0	2	0
Gibson, c.	3	0	0	3	1
Adams, p.	2	1	0	0	3
*Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0
Maddox, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	1	4	27	13

*Batted for Adams in the eighth inning.

Errors—Sweeney, (2,) Getz, Brown, Byrne, Campbell, Flynn, (2.)

Boston	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	—4
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hits—Byrne, Hersog. Sacrifice hits—Sharpe, Brown. Sacrifice flies—Collins, Hersog. Stolen base—Beck. Double plays—Wagner and Flynn; Adams, Wagner, and Flynn; Byrne, Wagner, and Flynn. First base on balls—Off Adams, 2; off Brown 1. Struck out—By Adams, 1; by Brown, 2. First base on errors—Pittsburg, 2; Boston, 4. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 4; Boston, 4. Hits—Off Adams, 6 in eight innings. Time of game—One hour and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Brennan.

Reds Rally and Win in Ninth.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 26.—Cincinnati made a whirlwind ninth inning finish to-day, and overcoming a two-run lead in their half, won from St. Louis 7 to 6.

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Beecher, lf.	4	2	2	1	0
Paskert, cf.	4	2	1	2	0
Hobl'zel, 1b.	4	2	2	11	0
Mitchell, rf.	5	0	1	2	0
Egan, 2b.	4	0	1	3	6
Lobert, 3b.	4	0	0	0	3
McLean, c.	4	0	1	4	2
Downey, ss.	4	0	0	3	4
Suggs, p.	2	0	0	0	3
*Miller	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	7	10	27	16

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Huggins, 2b.	5	1	1	2	1
Zacker, lf.	4	0	0	4	2
Oakes, cf.	5	2	2	2	0
Kon'chy, 1b.	4	2	1	8	1	0
Evans, rf.	5	1	3	3	0	0
Phelps, c.	5	1	2	7	0
Hulswitt, ss.	5	0	1	1	4
Mowr'y, 3b.	4	0	1	1	4
Harmon, p.	2	0	1	0	0
Corridon, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Reiger, p.	0	0	0	0	0
‡Ellis	1	0	0	0	0
Total	40	6	12	26	11

*Batted for Suggs in ninth inning.
†Two out when winning run was scored.
‡Batted for Harmon in seventh inning.

Errors—Downey, Huggins.

Cincinnati	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	3—7
St. Louis	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	2—6

Two-base hits—Hulswitt, Hobiltzel. Three-base hit—Konetchy. Home runs—Evans, Bescher. Hits—Off Harmon, 5 in 6 innings; off Corridon, 3 in 2 1-3 innings; off Reiger, 2 in 1-3 inning. Sacrifice hits—Ellis, Zacker. Stolen bases—Mowrey, Phelps, Lobert, Egan (2.) Bescher, Hobiltzel, Mitchell. Double play—McLean to Downey. Left on bases—St. Louis, 10; Cincinnati, 8. Bases on balls—Off Harmon, 3; off Corridon, 2; off Suggs, 1. Struck out—By Harmon, 3; by Corridon, 2; by Reiger, 1; by Suggs, 4. Wild pitches—Corridon, 2. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Kane.

Cubs Win Eighth Straight.

CHICAGO, May 26.—Chicago tightened its hold on first place to-day by defeating Philadelphia 2 to 0 in a light hitting game. It was the eighth successive victory. Overall held the visitors to one hit, while Chicago made only three safe ones. Errors helped the winners in getting runs. The Chicago Club to-day sold Pitcher Stack to Philadelphia and unconditionally released Pitcher Mitchell, a University of Mississippi player, signed recently. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Zim'm'n, 2b.	4	0	1	2	2
Sheck'd, lf.	3	1	0	3	0
Schulte, rf.	2	0	1	1	0
Chance, 1b.	3	1	0	8	0
St'nf'dt, 3b.	1	0	0	1	1
H'fman, cf.	2	0	0	5	0
Tinker, ss.	3	0	1	3	2
Archer, c.	2	0	0	6	1
Overall, p.	3	0	0	0	5
Total	23	2	3	27	11

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bates, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
Knabe, 2b.	4	0	0	4	3
Grant, 3b.	4	0	0	0	2
Magee, lf.	2	0	1	0	0
Brans'f'dt, lb.	3	0	0	11	1
Walsh, rf.	3	0	0	1	1
Doolan, ss.	3	0	0	2	2
Doolin, c.	3	0	0	5	5
Moore, p.	2	0	0	0	0
Total	28	0	1	24	14

Errors—Tinker, Knabe, Doolan, Doolin.

Chicago	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	—2
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Sacrifice hits—Steinfeldt, (2.) Sacrifice fly—Hofman. Stolen base—Zimmerman. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Philadelphia, 3. Bases on balls—Off Overall, 2; off Moore, 3. Struck out—By Overall, 5; by Moore, 4. Wild pitch—Moore. Time of game—One hour and thirty five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Emslie.

Manager McGinnity Is Ill.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 26.—Manager McGinnity of the Newark team is suffering from illness and a lame arm and has gone to his home in Newark to recuperate. The hard work he has done this season, especially during the cold and wet weather experienced in Toronto and Montreal, has had its effect, and the famous "Iron Man" has been forced to give up. It was stated to-day that he may not pitch again for several days at least. McGinnity has been the mainstay of the Newarks in the box this season and has won many games for the team.

Hartford Club Manager Suspended.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 26.—Manager Thomas J. Connery of the Hartford Club in the Connecticut League, was indefinitely suspended by President Tracy of the league to-day because of a letter he sent which Mr. Tracy declared was insulting and which accused Umpire Daley of starting a riot at Northampton last Monday and of "robbing" Bridgeport of a game at New Haven last Saturday. Connery was fined $10 on Monday because of rough tactics and profanity of Hartford players in Sunday's game in this city. To-day Connery was fined an additional $20 besides the suspension.

Soldier Cadets Start for Annapolis.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., May 26.—The West Point ball team left to-night for Annapolis to play the annual Army-Navy baseball game on Saturday. Owing to some deficiency in academic work, Riley, one of the Army's pitchers, was unable to go. Davenport, subcatcher, and Milliken, the soldiers' star shortstop and one of the best batters on the team, were unable to go along. Before the team left to-night the battalion of cadets held a mass meeting in the barrack yard and each member of the team made a short speech expressing confidence in their ability to return victorious.

TAFT GOLD CUP RACE.

Yachts to Start from Cherbourg and Finish at Sandy Hook.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—For the purpose of consulting Administration officials regarding arrangements for the International Yacht Club race of 1911 for the President Taft Gold Cup, H. E. Boucher, Chairman of the Atlantic Yacht Club's Regatta Committee, was here to-day.

After calling at the White House and consulting with Secretary of the Navy Meyer, a member of the honorary committee appointed by the Atlantic Yacht Club, Mr. Boucher said that the race probably will start from Cherbourg, France, with the finishing point on this side at the Sandy Hook lightship. The race, he announced, will start on or about Aug. 1, this date being selected so as not to interfere with the Kiel regatta.

Secretary Meyer informed Mr. Boucher that he would see that the formal invitations to the European yacht clubs were forwarded through the diplomatic channels of the Government. They will go from the White House and be taken charge of by the State Department. The last transatlantic race attracted a dozen entries, and those in charge of the coming event expect fully that number.

As the President Taft gold cup is in the nature of a return for the Kaiser's Cup of 1905, it is thought the Kaiserlicher Yacht Club, of which Emperor William is the head, will be asked to co-operate with the Atlantic Yacht Club in arranging the start.

AUTOISTS DECIDE TIES.

Perfect Score Contestants Draw for Gold Medals.

Perfect score contestants in the recent two-day reliability contest from New York to Atlantic City and return, held a drawing for the gold medals in the six classes yesterday. W. H. Bowers of the Regal Company drew with George L. Riess, representing the Overland entry, and Bowers drew the coveted prize in class 3A.

Paul B. Pugh, who drew for Lewis Strang, the Pierce-Racine driver in Class 4A, won the gold medal for the Pierce-Racine entrant, and in Class 5A the gold medal was drawn by four-year-old Willie Draper, son of Jesse L. Draper, of the Mora Company for the Mora entry. In Class 6A the Franklin Automobile Company won the chief prize, the lucky number being drawn by S. G. Howell of that firm. In Classes 1A and 7A there were no tied scores, and gold medals were won by R. E. Gilliam, the Hupmobile driver, in the former class, and V. P. Pisani, the Zust entrant, in the latter class.

Hill Climb Injunction Denied.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., May 26.—The application of Frederick Sturges, brother-in-law of J. P. Morgan, for an injunction against the Snake Hill auto climb was denied to-day. Counsel for Sturges testified that he tried to have five different men make an ascent of the hill to test the speed on the curves. All refused, so he sent his wife, who reported the results of the test.

Auto Driver Beall Fractures Rib.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 26.—A Knox racing car, driven by Beall, turned turtle on a bank of the Speedway this afternoon and landed in a pool of water at the inner edge of the course. Beall was pinned under the car and one of his ribs was fractured. The accident was caused by a wheel of the car flying off while Beall was driving at full speed, trying out the motor for the race meet, which opens to-morrow.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Baltimore.

									R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3	5	2
Jersey City	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1	5	2

Batteries—Russell and Byers; Manser and Crist. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Halligan.

At Providence.

									R.	H.	E.
Providence	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	—4	7	1
Newark	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1	6	1

Batteries—Steel and Peterson; Lee and Crisp. Umpires—Messrs. Stafford and Finneran.

At Buffalo.

									R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	—4	8	0
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1	8	2

Batteries—Lafitte and Blair; Taylor, Kissinger, and William. Umpires—Messrs. Hurst and Boyle.

At Montreal.

									R.	H.	E.
Montreal	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—4	7	1
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	6	5

Batteries—Wiggs and Krichell; McGinley, Newton, and Vandegrift. Umpires—Messrs. Murray and Kelly.

At Springfield, Mass.

									R.	H.	E.
Manhattan	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2—4	10	3
Spring'd T.	5	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—2	8	2

Batteries—Nugent and Connolly; Rice and Pew.

Entries for Belmont Park Races.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, special weights; four and a half furlongs, straight.

Pounds.		Pounds.
Novelty	117	Textile 112
Ben Lomond	112	

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds, special weights, selling allowances; seven furlongs.

Bob R	118	Hampton Court	106
Petronius	105	Galley Slave	100
*Sandrian	110	*Acumen	98
*O Em	93		

THIRD RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling allowances; four furlongs, straight.

Frank Ruhstaller	112	Gunstick	109
Sam Lewis	108	Isabel Cusse	102
Sebago Dell	104	Billy Barnes	102
Sylvan Dell	99	Freckles	99
*Plutocrat	105	*Rye Straw	99
*War Jig	97	*Pennyroyal	97
Pickaninny	94		

FOURTH RACE.—The Cosmopolitan Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth.

Fitz Herbert	130	Olambala	116
Berkeley	105	Dorante	111
Norbitt	106	Superstition	96
Also eligible—			
King James	128	Firestone	121
Hampton Court	93	Arondack	87

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; six furlongs.

Troublemaker	109	Nastur d'Or	108
*Richard Reed	108	*Stargrowan	103
*Casque	103	*Mexoana	98
*Acumen	98	*O Em	88
*

Active or Semi-Active Bonds?

Example No. 26

In 1901 Atchison general 4s sold at 105; they are now 98½, a decline of 7¼ points. We were then selling Pecos Valley & Northeastern first 5s at 90; they were later purchased by the Atchison system at 100, an advance of 10 points.

Recurring Opportunities

We now offer, with equal confidence, to yield 5%, the underlying bonds of a company operating in the same territory. The bonded debt is less than $30,000 a mile, and the road forms part of the main line of one of the largest railroad systems in America.

Circular F. F. T. on request

F. J. Lisman & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
30 Broad St., New York
Philadelphia Baltimore Hartford

American Book Co. Stocks & Bonds
Cub.-Am.Sug.Co.Pfd.,Com. & Bonds
Emp. Steel & Iron Co., Com. & Pfd.
Int. Trac. Co. Securities of Buffalo
U. S. Finishing Co. Com. & Pfd.
Un.G.& E.Co.(Cin.)Pfd.,Com.&Scrip
Amoskeag Mfg. Co.
Arlington Mills
Esmond Mills
Gaffney Mfg. Co. Com. & Pfd.
Manomet Mills
Nashawena Mills
Nonquit Spinning Co.
Olympia Cotton Mills Pfd.
Pacific Mills
Taber Mills
Gillette Safety Razor Co.
N. Y. Bank & Trust Co. Stocks
Orr Cotton Mills
Woodruff oCtton Mills

TEFFT & COMPANY,
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange,
Hanover Bank Bldg. 'Phone 5400 Rec.

ATLANTIC CITY, NEW JERSEY,
4½% Bonds
LEGAL INVESTMENT FOR SAVINGS BANKS AND TRUST FUNDS IN NEW JERSEY AND CONNECTICUT.
Tax Exempt in New Jersey.
PRICE ON APPLICATION.
Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
New York Chicago
21 Broad Street First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

1898-1910.
John Muir & Co.
SPECIALISTS IN
Odd Lots

"The constant business in 'Odd Lots' is now larger than ever before known on the Stock Exchange. In the last year or two facilities for trading such as did not exist before have been provided for the small investor and the small speculator."

—*From Evening Post, April 13, 1910.*

Send for "Odd Lot Circular K."
Members New York Stock Exchange
71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

MEGARGEL & CO.
BANKERS

Beech Creek Coal & Coke 5s, 1944
O'Gara Coal 5s, 1955, and stock
Penn. Coal & Coke 5s, 1953
Pittsburg, Wheeling & Lake Erie Coal 5s, 1931

NASSAU ST. NEW YORK

4½ to 5¼%
If you care to consider the purchase of desirable investment bonds, secured upon properties of demonstrated value and earning power, write for a copy of our Circular No. 825.
Spencer Trask & Co.
43 Exchange Place, New York

WANTED
Int. Nickel Co. Rights
S.H.P. PELL & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities.
Tel. 7885-6-7-8-9 Hanover. 43 Exchange Pl., N. Y.

International Nickel
Common, Preferred & Rights
BOUGHT & SOLD.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO
Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities of Railroads and Other Corporations in the United States and Elsewhere.
30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK
Tel. 5140 to 5153 Broad, Inclusive.
Branch Office, 50 CONGRESS ST., BOSTON.
Telephones, 2540-2541-2542 Fort Hill.
Private telephones between New York and Boston.

1852 1910
Jas. B. Colgate & Co.
66 Wall St., New York
Members N.Y. Stock Ex. Investmen Bonds

McCURDY HENDERSON & Co.
BANKERS
24 Nassau Street
Members New York Stock Exchange.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Trowbridge & Co.
BANKERS
NEW YORK and NEW HAVEN

METROPOLITAN TEL. & TEL. 5s
NEW YORK & JERSEY TEL. 5s
DUCH & CO. 40 WALL ST. Members New York Stock Exchange.

JARANTEED STOCKS
DEALT IN BY
Bingham Lawrence & Co.
Broadway, New York.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Quiet and Strong—Call Money Rates, 3¼@3½ Per Cent.

VIOLENT BREAK IN WHEAT

This and Completion of St. Paul's $50,000,000 Bond Sale Influence Sentiment Favorably—Exchange Down.

A break of 5 cents a bushel in the price of wheat in Chicago and the definite announcement of the closing of the negotiations under way for a fortnight or more for the sale of $50,000,000 of St. Paul debentures to French bankers were the two important developments of the day for financial markets. On the Stock Exchange the significance of both events was well understood, and to them may be attributed the strength of the stock market, where prices before the close of the day recovered practically all of Wednesday's losses. The break in wheat was precipitated by the liquidation of enormous speculative lines of the commodity, which had been accumulated in Chicago, presumably upon the theory that poor harvests this year were to follow rather smaller supplies in farmers' hands from the old crop than usual. It may, therfeore, be assumed that the dispatches which the gentlemen concerned in this particular speculation have been receiving from their numerous agents in the wheat fields have been of a rather disturbing tenor to themselves, but by the same token of very cheerful import to everybody else. No other explanation covers the loss of some 12 cents a bushel since the opening of the present month. It was not surprising that signs of uneasiness made their appearance among the speculators on the Cotton Exchange, who have been engaged in a somewhat similar enterprise to that under way in Chicago. Cotton prices broke nearly 20 points for the old crop months, and 15 cents for the new as compared with Wednesday's final quotations. All in all the day was an exceptionally cheerful one for those who have the best interests of the country's trade at heart, since the violent marking down of cotton and wheat which went on undoubtedly brings us close to a basis upon which something like normal exports of these commodities may be looked for.

As for the announcement of the sale of the St. Paul securities to a remarkably strong group of French bankers the importance of this transaction is obvious, particularly when it is considered in connection with similar sales of smaller amount and the like negotiations still under way. It is entirely reasonable to look forward now to a steady market for our best securities in France with all that that means in the way of relief to our own money markets. Directly the pressure is lifted which has so long exerted itself against us in the foreign exchange market, while the way is now open to many corporations which could not have hoped to compete at home with the great companies now securing needed funds abroad for the capital they too require for a thousand and one legitimate purposes. The money to be obtained does not go into strong boxes; it will be spent among makers of railroad equipment, with contractors for labor, and turned into the various channels through which the railroads of the country become the consumers directly and indirectly of nearly one-third of all the products of our mills and factories. To the bankers who have brought to a successful termination the negotiations which have brought the French money markets to the support of American enterprise too much credit cannot be given. The difficulties encountered have been numerous, but they no more than measure the magnitude of the service performed. The foreign exchange market reflected the conclusion of the bond transactions in the decline of a quarter cent from the morning's high level in demand sterling and a final loss of 10 points as compared with Wednesday's close. The only other development of the day in the money market was the shipment of $450,000 in gold to Montreal.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Federal Mining and Smelting Co. for dividend on preferred.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Lehigh Coal & Navigation Company.
Ridgewood National Bank, (Brooklyn.)

SPECIAL MEETING.

Alice Gold and Silver Mining Company.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 3¼@3½ per cent., with the last loan at 3½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 3¼ per cent. Time money rates, 3¾@4 per cent. for sixty and ninety days and for four months, 4 per cent. for five months, and 4@4¼ per cent. for six months.

Commercial paper rates, 4¼@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4½@5½ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3⅝ per cent., unchanged; Paris, 2 per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3¼ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $276,854,742; balances, $18,314,042; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $1,825,752.

The local banks have lost $1,140,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was easier, with demand quoted at $4.8725@$4.8735, sixty days at $4.8410@$4.8420, and cables at $4.8770@$4.8785.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18¼ less 1-64@5.18⅛ plus 1-32 for cables, and 5.18¼ less 1-16@5.18⅛ less 1-64 for sight. Reichsmarks, 95⅛ less 1-64@95⅛ plus 3-64 for cables, and 95 1-16 less 1-64@95 1-16 plus 1-32 for sight.

Exchange on New York at Boston was par@5c discount; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25c premium; New Orleans, commercial, 25c discount; bank, 90c premium; San Francisco, 60c premium; St. Paul, 70c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-62d higher in London, at 24¾d per ounce, and ⅛c higher in New York, at 53¾c per ounce. Mexican dollars unchanged at 44@48c.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar "A" 4s, March 12, 1911	98¼	99¼
Am. Cigar "B" 4s, March 15, 1912	97	98
Balt. & O. 4½s, June, 1913	98¾	98⅞
Bethlehem S. Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	97½	98
Chi. & A. 5s, March 15, 1913	97½	99
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	99¾	99¾
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	100¾	100⅞
Kan. C. Ry. & L. 6s, Sept., 1912	101½	102½
Minn. & St. L. 5s, Feb., 1911	97¾	98½
St. L. & S. F. 5s, March, 1913	99⅜	100
Southern Ry. 5s, February, 1913	96½	97⅜
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	98½	98⅝
Western T. & T. 5s, Feb. 1, 1912	101¼	101⅝
West. E. & M. 6s, August, 1910	99¾	99⅝
Interest to be added.	.100	100⅜

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
4s, May, '59, f'chg	99⅛	99¾	99¼	99¾
4s, Nov., '58, f'chg	99¼	99¾	99¼	99¾
4½s, May, '57, f'chg	107⅜	108⅛	99½	99¾
4½s, Nov., '57, f'chg	107⅜	108⅛	107⅛	108⅛
4½s, May, '17, f'chg	102⅛	103	107⅛	108⅛
4½s, Nov., '17, f'chg	102¼	103	102⅛	103
4s, May, '57, f'chg	99	99¼	99	99⅜
4s, May, '19, f'chg	99¼	100¼	100¼	100⅜
4s, Nov., '60, w	101	101¼	101	101⅛
4s, Nov., '58, reg	98⅝	98¾	98¼	98⅝
4s, Nov., '36, reg	98⅜	98½	98½	98⅝
3½s, Nov., '55, f'chg	88¼	88⅝	88⅜	88⅝
3½s, May, '54, coup	88¼	88⅝	88¼	88⅝
3½s, May, '54, reg	87	88¼	87	88⅛
3½s, Nov., '41, reg	87	87¾	87	87⅝
3½s, Nov., '10, rev	59	87	59	87
3½s, Nov., '10, rev	101½	102½	101½	102½

*Coupon or registered.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales May 26, 1910 352,272
From Jan. 1, 1910 80,061,164
Corresponding period last year 78,160,894

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
70⅛	70⅜	19,000	Amalgamated Cop.	69¼	70⅜	69¼	70⅜	+1⅛
37⅛	37¼	700	Am. Beet Sugar	36⅝	37¼	36⅝	37⅛	+ ⅛
9⅞	10	100	Am. Can	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	+ ⅛
61	61½	400	Am. Car & Foundry	60⅞	61½	60⅞	61⅛	+ ⅛
115¼	116	200	Am. Car & Found. pf	115⅞	116	115⅞	116	+ ⅛
63⅜	64	100	Am. Cotton Oil	63	63	63	63	+1
6½	6⅝	1,600	Am. Hide & Leather	6½	6⅝	6½	6½	...
38¼	38⅝	2,555	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	37⅞	39	35⅞	38½	+ 2⅝
24	25	200	Am. Ice Securities	24½	24½	24½	24½	+ ⅛
47	48	300	Am. Locomotive	46¾	47	46¾	47	...
79⅝	79½	16,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	78	79⅝	78¾	79½	+ ⅞
104½	105	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	103⅜	104⅝	104⅛	104⅝	+ ⅞
54½	55¼	800	Am. Steel Foundries	54⅝	55	54⅝	55	...
122¼	123	200	Am. Sugar Refining	122⅞	122¾	122¾	122¾	+ ⅛
121	122	180	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	121	121	121	121	...
136⅛	136⅜	800	Am. Tel. & Tel	136⅛	136¼	136	136½	+ ⅜
99¾	100	100	Am. Woolen pf	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	+ ⅛
42⅞	43	1,260	Anaconda Cop. Min.	42¼	43	42¼	43	+ ⅝
100⅜	100¾	6,500	Atch., Top. & S. F.	100	100¾	100	100¾	+ ⅝
101⅞	101⅝	300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	101⅝	101⅝	101½	101½	+ ⅛
123	123½	300	Atlantic Coast Line	122	123	122	123	+1
114⅝	114½	3,350	Baltimore & Ohio	113¾	114⅝	113¾	114⅝	+1
...	...	2	Bank of Commerce	221	221	221	221	+1
81¼	81⅜	3,500	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	80¾	81⅜	80¾	81⅛	+ ⅛
147	148½	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	146	146	146	146	+2
197½	197¾	6,600	Canadian Pacific	196¾	197⅝	196¼	197⅝	+1⅝
...	...	100	Can. P. sub.cfs. 3d pd.	193	193	193	193	+2⅞
39⅝	40	5,850	Central Leather Co.	38¼	40	38	40	+2⅞
86⅞	87	2,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	86	87	86	87	+ ⅞
46⅛	47	100	Chicago & Alton	46	46	46	46	...
139⅜	139¾	4,600	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	138	139¾	138	139⅜	+1⅛
151⅛	152⅜	170	Chi. & Northwestern	152	152	152	152	+1
36⅞	38	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾	+ ¼
59¼	60	249	Colorado & Southern	60	60	59⅝	59⅝	...
141½	141¾	3,550	Consolidated Gas	139¾	141¾	139¾	141⅝	+2⅜
16	16½	200	Corn Products Ref.	16¼	16¼	16	16	...
172¼	173	400	Delaware & Hudson	172½	172¾	172¼	172¾	...
40½	40¾	1,100	Denver & Rio Grande	40	40¾	39¾	40¼	+ ⅜
79⅞	80	100	Den. & Rio Grande pf	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	...
30½	31	95	Distillers' Securities	30¼	30¾	30¼	30¾	+ ⅜
14⅞	15	100	Duluth, S. S. & A.	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	...
28⅝	29	200	Erie	28¼	28¾	28¼	28¾	+ ⅛
43½	47	200	Erie 1st pf	47	47	47	47	+ ⅛
...	...	472	Fourth Nat. Bank	185	187	185	186	...
148¾	149½	504	General Electric	149½	149¾	148½	149¾	...
135¾	135½	2,600	Great Northern pf	133¼	135¾	133¼	135¾	+1⅝
133½	135½	100	Illinois Central	135	135	135	135	...
20¾	20½	500	Interborough-Met.	20	20	20	20	...
54¾	54⅝	3,600	Interborough-Met. pf	54	55	54	55	...
100¼	100⅝	3,900	Int. Harvester	76	76	76	76	−2
11½	12½	200	Int. Paper	139¾	140	139¼	140	...
51	52	375	Int. Paper pf	41¼	42⅜	41¼	42⅜	...
47¼	47⅜	100	Int. Steam Pump	71¾	72	71¾	72	...
20¾	21¼	800	Iowa Central	77	77⅜	77	77⅜	...
84	85	50	Kansas City South	21	21	20¾	21	...
183¼	184½	8,000	Pacific Tel. & Tel	119¼	120⅜	119¼	120⅛	+1
97	102	200	Pennsylvania R. R.	64½	66	64½	66	...
100	100⅜	10	Philadelphia Co.	47¾	48¾	46¾	47⅜	...
38¾	39	13,525	P., C., C. & St. Louis	103⅜	104¼	103⅜	103⅝	...
98	100	125	Pressed Steel Car	38½	39	38½	38½	...
163⅜	163¼	75,325	Pressed Steel Car pf	98	98	98	98	...
33¾	34½	100	Reading	162⅝	163¼	162¼	162¾	...
97½	98	200	Rep. Iron & Steel	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾	...
44	44¼	8,460	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	97⅝	97⅝	97½	97½	...
89	89½	300	Rock Island Co.	43¼	44	43¼	44	...
48	48½	300	Rock Island Co. pf	89	89	89	89	...
32⅜	32½	850	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾	...
75¾	76	400	St. Louis Southwest'n	31⅞	32½	31⅞	32½	...
72⅜	74	28,300	St. L. Southwest'n pf	75½	76	75½	76	...
126⅜	126⅞	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	72⅜	72⅝	72⅜	72⅝	...
26½	26⅝	800	Southern Pacific	125½	127¼	125¾	126⅞	...
62½	63	800	Southern R'way	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	...
31¾	32	400	South. R'way pf.	62	62½	62	62½	...
38½	38⅝	200	Texas & Pacific	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾	...
63¾	63⅞	37,875	Tol., St. L. & W.	38½	38⅝	38½	38⅝	...
182⅜	183	200	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	63¾	63¾	63¾	63¾	...
94½	94⅝	100	Union Pacific	182⅜	184½	182⅜	184	...
104½	104⅝	800	Union Pacific pf	94½	94⅝	94½	94⅝	...
73½	74¼	200	U. Cigar Mfrs. pf., x d.	104½	104⅝	104½	104⅝	...
41	41¾	700	U. S. Realty & Imp.	73½	74¼	73½	74¼	...
111⅜	112	100	U. S. Rubber	41	41	40¾	41	−1⅛
88½	89¾	79,800	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	112	112	112	112	...
118¾	118⅞	1,640	U. S. Steel	41	41	41	41	...
46	46⅞	1,600	U. S. Steel pf	82¾	83½	82¼	83¼	...
61	61⅞	4,400	Utah Copper	118½	118⅝	118½	118⅝	+1
21	22	400	Va.-Caro. Chemical	45¾	46⅝	45¾	45⅞	...
46¼	46¾	2,000	Wabash	60¾	61¾	60¾	61¾	+1⅛
170	172	100	Wabash pf	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾	...
70¼	71	100	Wells Fargo Express	45½	46	45¾	45¾	...
63½	64½	800	Westinghouse E. & M.	71	71	71	71	+ ½
				63¾	64	63¾	64	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¾	101¼
2s, c., 1930	100¾	...
3s, r., 1918	102	103
3s, c., 1918	102	103
4s, r., 1925	114⅜	115
4s, c., 1925	114½	115¼
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100⅜	101
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100⅜	101
Philip'ne 4s	100½	...
Adams Exp.	250	...
Alb. & S.	280	...
Allis-Chalm.	9½	9¾
Allis-Chalm. pf.	33	35
Am. Ag. C.	44	45
Am. Ag. C. pf.	101	103
Am. B. S. pf.	92¾	94½
Am. C. pf.	73	74½
Am. Coal	75	150
Am. D. Tel.	15	30
Am. Exp.	240	270
Am. L. Co.	12¾	14
Am. L. Co. pf.	35	37
Am. L. pf.	104	109
Am. Malt.	5¾	6
Am. M. pf.	36	38
Am. S. pf.	85	87
Am. Snuff.	275	310
Am. Sn. pf.	99	100
A., T. & C.	72	75
Am. Wool.	34	35
Ann Arbor	30	34
Ann A. pf.	70	72
B. & O. pf.	90	91
Batopilas M.	2⅝	3
Beth. Steel.	28½	29¼
Beth. Steel pf.	11	57
Bruns. Ter.	11	12
B., R. & P.	90	107
B., R. & P. pf.	125	139
B. & S. pf.	...	33
But'k Co.	30	30½
Canada So.	64¾	72¼
Cent. pf.	108	109
C. R. R. of N. J.	275	300
C. & S. A. Tel.	...	118
C. & A. pf.	...	68
C., B. & Q.	200	...
C. & E. Ill. pf.	...	118
Chi. Gt. W.	27¾	28
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	51	53
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	158½	187½
C. & N. W. pf.	205	209½
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	143	150
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	153	163
Chi. Un. T.	...	...
Chi. Un. T. cfts. stamped	2¾	3¼
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	6	6½
C., C., C. & St. L.	88	85
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	100	105
Cleve. & P.	171	...
Col. F. & I. pf.	...	114¾
Col. & So. 1st pf.	75	78
Col. & So. 2d pf.	74	76
Col. & H. C. & I.	6¾	7½
Corn P. R. pf.	77½	78¼
Crex Carpet	58	62
D., L. & W.	560	600
D., M. & Ft. D. pf.	5	15
Det. U. R.	55	60
D., S. S. & A. pf.	28	30
Dul. Sup. T.	70	71
Dul. Sup. T. pf.	...	70
Du P. de N. Pow. pf.	84	92
Erie 2d pf.	33	35½
Ev. & T. H.	55	62
Ev. & T. H. pf.	75	85
F. M. & S.	33	40
F. M. & S. pf.	70	75
Fed. Sugar	40	60
Fed. S. pf.	90	100
Gen. C. Co.	93	99
Gen. C. Co. pf.	101	104
Granby Con.	40	100
Gt. N. Ore cfts.	62½	63¼
Hav. E. R.	...	97
Hav. E. R. pf.	...	97½
Hock. Val.	115	120
Hock. V. pf.	93	100
Homestake	84	87½
Inger.-Rand.	100	...
Inger.-Rand. pf.	97	...
Int. H. pf.	122½	123
Int. St. P. pf.	85	85¾
Iowa C. pf.	39	42
Kan. C. pf.	...	...
K. & M. pf.	6	8
K. & M.	65	68
Lack. Steel	44½	45
Lacl. G. pf.	90	100
L. E. & W.	16¾	18
L. E. & W. pf.	48	53
Mackay Cos.	87½	89
Mah. C. R.	320	...
Man. Beach	3½	6
Man. Elev.	133	135¼
Md. C. pf.	50	90
Mer. Marine	5½	5¾
Mer. Marine pf.	17¾	19¼
Mich. Cent.	145	180
M. & St. L.	30	35
M. & St. L. pf.	60	68½
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	88½	89½
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	143	154
Mo., K. & T. pf.	69	71
N. C. & St. L.	130	137
Nat. Bis.	106	109½
Nat. B. pf.	120¾	125
Nat. Enam.	20½	25
Nat. En. pf.	85	95
Nat. L. pf.	107¾	107¾
Nat. R. of M. 1st pf.	63½	68
Nat. R. of M. 2d pf.	28¼	28½
N. Cent. C.	30	80
N. Y. A. B.	72½	73
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	110
N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	85	90
N. Y. D. Co.	29	88
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	80	83
N. Y. N. H. & H.	133½	153
N. & W. pf.	88	93
Nor. Cent.	200	...
N. O. T. & M. pf.	37	40
Pac. Coast.	111	112½
Pac. C. 1st pf.	90	109
Pac. C. 2d pf.	111	114
Pac. Mail.	26½	27
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	90	100
Peo. G., C.	107¼	108½
Peo. & E.	20	25
Pere Marq.	27	35
Pere M. 1st pf.	54	65
Pere M. 2d pf.	34	43
P., C. & St. L. pf.	112	116
Pitts. Coal.	20	20¾
Pitts. C. pf.	68	71
P., C. & C.	163¾	...
Pullman Co.	160¾	161¾
Quicksilver	2½	4
Q'ksil'r pf.	4½	5½
Ry. St. Sp.	40	40½
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	100	103
Rdg. 1st pf.	91	91½
Rdg. 2d pf.	100¼	102
Rens. & S.	190	...
R., W. & O.	120½	123
Rub. G. M. Co. pf.	100	110
Rutland pf.	23	30
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	66	69
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. cfts.	125	130
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new cfts.	50	63
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. cfts.	80	...
Sears-Roeb.	155¼	162
Sears-R. pf.	...	123½
So. P. R. S.	81½	...
So. Ry., M. & O. cfts.	81	85
Tenn. Cop.	27⅝	27½
Texas Cent.	60	...
Texas Cent. pf.	50	...
T. P. L. Tr.	90	97½
Third Av.	6¼	6¾
T., P. & W.	17	...
T. R. & L.	8½	9¼
T. C. R. T.	110	112
Un. B. & P.	8	9
U. B. & P. pf.	60	61
Un. Dry G.	107	109
Un. Dry G. pf.	...	...
U. Rys. In.	34	36
U. Rys. In. pf.	61	62½
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	22	23
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	71½	73
U. S. Exp.	101	110
U. S. R. & L. Ref.	5¼	6¼
U. S. R. & L. Ref. pf.	18	25
U. S. R. 2d pf.	76	79
Vand. R. R.	78½	...
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	124	130
Va. I., C. & Coke	60	...
Vulcan Det.	15	20
Vulcan Det. pf.	60	70
West. Md.	46½	48½
West. U. T.	67½	68
Westingh'se 1st pf.	110	123
W. & L. E.	8¼	4½
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	5	6
Wis. Cent.	32	55

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
3d week May	$1,812,000	$1,492,000	$320,000
July 1-May 21	78,235,000	63,806,881	14,428,119

GRAND TRUNK—

3d week May	851,044	751,983	99,061
July 1-May 21	38,870,127	34,644,382	4,225,745

SOUTHERN RAILWAY—

3d week May	1,049,190	902,581	146,609
July 1-May 21	51,092,778	46,836,928	4,755,850

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG for April—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross earnings	512,523	554,241	432,260
Exp. and taxes	496,399	349,392	326,259
Net earnings	16,124	204,849	104,001
Other income	33,972	33,960	20,179
Total income	50,096	238,809	124,180
Gross, 10 mos	7,286,884	5,806,113	6,433,734
Exp. and taxes	4,827,585	4,151,585	4,579,835
Net, 10 months	2,459,349	1,653,528	1,853,899
Other income	423,345	295,852	469,857
Total income, 10 months	2,882,695	1,949,380	2,323,756

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA for April—

	1910.	1909.	
Mileage	1,915	1,915	...
Gross earnings	897,840	791,265	736,527
Exp. and taxes	789,399	663,712	649,922
Net earnings	108,411	127,553	86,605
Gross, 10 mos	10,368,691	9,624,758	9,852,171
Exp. and taxes	7,406,161	7,068,065	7,667,380
Net, 10 mos	2,957,530	2,558,703	2,184,791

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for April—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	1,036.05	1,036.05	...
Total op. exp.	758,031	606,842	151,188
Total op. exp.	690,994	538,953	152,040
Total net rev.	67,037	67,888	*851
Taxes	26,908	25,833	1,075
Op. income	40,128	42,054	*1,926
July 1 to April 30:			
Total op. rev.	7,832,331	6,602,904	1,229,426
Total op. exp.	6,073,881	5,348,860	725,020
Net op. rev.	1,758,450	1,254,044	504,406
Taxes	262,586	253,189	9,396
Op. income	1,495,863	1,000,854	495,009

NEW ORLEANS-GREAT NORTHERN for April—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross earnings	146,580	59,922	86,658
Exp. and taxes	76,772	43,492

CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN
CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY

Comparative Earning Power

Analyses of reports of the above companies for the fiscal year 1909 compared with 1906-07-08,

Covering

Traffic Density,
Earnings and Expenses Per Mile,
Units of Efficiency,
Units of Maintenance,
Per Cent. Earned on
Market Price of Stock.

Arranged on a card presenting the essential factors of earning power in form convenient for comparison with other roads.

(Sent on Request)

PEMBERTON BERMAN

5 Nassau St., New York. Phone 4060 Rector.

Timber Bonds and Stocks

We are specialists in these securities.

The consumption of timber is increasing. The supply is diminishing. Timber values are rising. You find safety and large profits in timber securities.

Timber worth $1.00 in the standing tree is worth over $10.00 when cut into logs.

Write us for details of timber enterprises now making large profits, that have been investigated by our experts, and are recommended by us.

Ask for circular No. 107.

E. B. Cadwell & Co
BANKERS
ESTABLISHED 1899.
25 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
PENOBSCOT BLDG., DETROIT.

A GUARANTEED INCOME

We are offering for investment a security of unusual merit the intrinsic value of which is considerably in excess of its present market price. The property has proven to be of vital importance to a population of 500,000 people and is controlled by a company which guarantees dividends as follows:
5% in 1910—7% in 1911—
10% in 1912 and thereafter.
Full particulars will be sent on request.

White & Co.
25 Pine St. BANKERS. New York.

AMER. POWER & LT. COM. & PFD.
ARIZONA POWER COM.
CONN. RAILWAY & LIGHTING COM.
CRIPPLE CREEK CENT. COM. & PFD.
NEW YORK STATE RYS., 1st PFD.
NIAGARA FALLS POWER.
TRI-CITY RY. & LT. COM. & PFD.
UNITED GAS & ELEC. OF N. J. 5s, 1929

WM. M. CLARKE
20 BROAD ST., N. Y. Tel. 1015 to 1017 Rector

New York State Railways
Mohawk Valley Co.
Stocks & Scrip

MALCOLM STUART
60 Broadway, NEW YORK. Telephone 155 Rector.

George W. Young & Company,
59 Cedar Street, New York
BONDS FOR INVESTMENT

Warren W. Erwin & Co.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
Investment Bankers,
26 Beaver Street, New York.

To Buy or Not to Buy is the ? Most Puzzling to the Average Trader
but easily obviated by good market literature. Send for daily letter and other data.
J. FRANK HOWELL Member Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
34 New Street, New York City.

NORMAN W. PETERS & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of New York
74 Broadway, New York.
We buy or sell ODD LOTS for cash or on conservative margin.
Send for the Important Review "P" on the "Effect of ROOSEVELT'S Return on Security Values."

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
135 Broadway, New York City
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
A. BARTON HEPBURN, Chairman
FREDERICK H. EATON
HENRY GOLDMAN
GEORGE BARCLAY MOFFAT
FREDERICK STRAUSS

Each member of the Board serves in rotation for a period of one month as an additional member of this Committee.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
356 Fifth Ave. 60 Broadway
100 West 125 St. 24 Ave. & 149 St.

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY
113 BROADWAY

Central Trust Company of New York
54 WALL STREET
CAPITAL and SURPLUS - - $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

CHARTERED 1866
Brooklyn Trust Company

Reliable financial news and accurate quotation tables for reference in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Of service to investors, bankers, brokers, and to business men generally. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a year. Strong binder to preserve copies for One Dollar.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Great Northern's Gross Earnings.

Some of the railroads in the West, despite the lull in business in the East, are continuing to make large gains in gross earnings. The Great Northern is a notable instance. The current gross earnings of this road are running from $275,000 to $300,000 a week ahead of the earnings for the corresponding weeks last year. The Great Northern's gross up to the end of March showed an increase of more than $5,000,000 over the earnings of the corresponding period in 1909, and the promise, on the basis of the showing now being made, is that the gross earnings for the full year will be at least $9,000,000 above the earnings last year. Operating conditions in recent months have been more favorable in the Northwest than in the earlier months of the year, and presumably the net showing will be improved, even though the net should not be increased to the full proportion of the increase in gross.

***

May Lift Traction Receivership.

Efforts will be made, according to reports in circulation yesterday, to bring about an agreement between the Chicago Railways Company and the holders of bonds of the Consolidated Traction Company, the advancement of whose claim against the Railways Company was the direct cause of the placing of that company in the hands of the Federal Court. It is hoped to effect such a compromise of the matter as will permit of the speedy lifting of the receivership, which was resorted to merely as a measure of protection, and not because of any financial embarrassment of the company. It could be lifted if an agreement is reached with those who are making claims against the company on the basis of their holdings of securities of the old companies, whose property was taken over by the Chicago Railways Company. Meanwhile the Railways Company is preparing to appeal from the decision of the State court in Illinois, which held that the company was liable to the holders of the Consolidated Traction bonds for the full amount of the principal of these bonds.

***

How They Got It.

In this season of stock market stagnation a few houses have been conspicuous exceptions, and it has been easy for the Exchange authorities to focus their inquiries on the activities of "business getters." Less lucky brokers have done more than wonder how it happened that a few houses got so large a proportion of active accounts, and the suspension announced yesterday was far from unpopular with houses which have stuck to the spirit of the Exchange's law in the matter of splitting commissions.

***

Stock Exchange Seats Lower Still.

The sale of a Stock Exchange seat, announced yesterday, is reported to have been for a $76,000 consideration. This is $2,000 lower than the previous sale and compares with $94,000 reached on the recovery from the low price made after the panic.

***

Chicago Adopts New York Plan.

According to dispatches from Chicago yesterday the City Controller has recommended legislation giving the city the right to purchase its own bonds, using some of the $19,000,000 cash now on hand, on which the city obtains only 2 per cent. against the 4½ per cent. it is paying for its money. The idea of investing inactive funds in its own securities has been in force here for a long time. Much of the sinking funds and other moneys are so invested.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

There are only four days remaining in which securities of the Columbus & Hocking Coal and Iron Company may be deposited with the Bankers' Trust Company. They must be so deposited on or before June 1.

The Governors of the Consolidated Stock Exchange voted yesterday to close the Exchange on Saturday.

The Stock Exchange membership of Frederick W. Parker has been posted for transfer to Theodore P. Dixon. The consideration named in the transfer is $76,000, against $78,000, the last previous sale.

S. D. Scudder has been elected President of the Jefferson Bank, to succeed Herman Brossel, who retains a leading interest in the bank and remains as Director.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 26.—Some improvement in Chicago Railways securities was shown in today's trading. The shares of the McCrum-Howell Company weakened fractionally on small selling for profits.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
60..	American Can	9¾	9¾	9¾
100..	American Can pf	73¼	73¼	73¼
65..	Am. Shipbuilding	82¾	82¼	82¼
40..	American Telephone	136¼	136¼	136¼
10..	Chicago Pneu. Tool	42	42	42
5..	Chicago Rys, Ser. 1	77	77	77
320..	Chicago Rys, Ser. 2	18½	18½	18½
110..	Chicago Rys, Ser. 3	8	8	8
20..	Chicago Subway	2¾	2¾	2¾
47..	Com. Edison	119	118	118
85..	Corn Products	16	16	16
38..	Diamond Match	99¾	99¼	99¼
125..	Illinois Brick	78¼	78	78
170..	McCrum-Howell	60¾	60	60¾
250..	McCrum-Howell pf	99¾	99¾	99¾
10..	National Carbon	110	110	110
100..	Northwestern El	55	55	55
80..	People's Gas	108¾	108	108
14..	Quaker Oats	9	9	9
15..	Quaker Oats pf	104½	104½	104½
95..	Sears Roebuck	160	159	159
200..	Street's Stable Car	9	8¾	9
40..	Street's Stable Car pf	50	50	50
120..	Swift & Co.	105¾	105¾	105¾
400..	United Box Board	6¼	6	6
75..	United States Steel	52¾	52¾	52¾

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., May 26.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	8½	9½	Jackpot	7	8½
Elkton	77½	78	McKinney	57¾	59
El Paso	85	85¾	Portland	113	113
Findlay	7	10	Old Gold	4¾	5
Gold Dollar.	13	14	Vindicator.	81½	82½
Isabella	16¼	17	Wen. Samp.	11	11¾

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 26.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	19	Julia		19
Alpha Con	.06	Justice		.10
Andes	.14	Kentucky Con		.15
Belcher	.60	Mexican		1.05
Bullion	.16	Occidental Con		.25
Caledonia	.45	Ophir		.90
Challenge Con	.24	Overman		.89
Chollar	.18	Potosi		.85
Confidence	.78	Savage		.24
Con. Cal. & Va.	.08	Sag Belcher		.19
Con. Imperial	.05	Sierra Nevada		.20
Crown Point	.70	Union Con		.32
Gould & Curry	.20	Utah Con		.06
Hale & Norcross	.53	Yellow Jacket		.60

Silver bars, 53¾; Mexican dollars, 45@46; drafts, sight, 40@50 per cent. premium; telegraph, 60@70½ per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		Daisy	.06
Belmont	3.75	Diamondfield	.01
Jim Butler	.25	Goldfield C. Mines	3.45
McNamara	.25	Great Bend	.02
Midway	.20	Jumbo Extension	.20
Montana	.95	Kendall	.03
North Star	.07	Lone Star	.02
Ohio	.02	Red Hills	.03
Tonopah Extension	.94	Sandstorm	.03
West End	.45	St. Ives	.01
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.07
Adams	.01	BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.13	Bullfrog Nat. Bk.	.01
Bluebell	.02	Homestake King	.01
Combination Frac.	.51	Montgomery Mt	.01
Crackerjack	.01	Tramps Con	.04

METAL MARKETS REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday a generally steady tone was shown, although business was comparatively quiet. Copper was a shade higher. Tin was down about ⅛c in the bid. Lead and spelter were unchanged.

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday copper for both spot and future deliveries closed at an advance of 2s 6d from the initial prices of the day, and of 1s 8d from the final figures of Wednesday. The market finished steady, closing prices ruling at spot, £56 10s; futures, £57 2s 6d.

Pig tin ended steady, but spot and future deliveries each showed a loss of 2s 6d, to £150 10s and £150 15s, respectively. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 49s 10½d. Spanish pig lead was steady and unchanged, at £12 12s 6d.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Wednesday:

	Thursday.		Wednesday.	
Standard Copper.	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Spot	12.50	12.60	12.50	12.60
May	12.50	12.60	12.40	12.60
June	12.45	12.55	12.40	12.50
July	12.45	12.50	12.40	12.50
Lead	4.40	4.50	4.40	4.50
Spelter	5.50	5.60	5.50	5.60

ST. PAUL BOND ISSUE PLACED IN FRANCE

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Sell $50,000,000 4 Per Cent. Debentures to a Foreign Syndicate.

TO BE LISTED ON BOURSE

Arranged for Small Investors—One of the Largest Issues Sent There When Foreign Purchases Are Welcome.

The sale of $50,000,000 4 per cent. fifteen-year debentures of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway to a French syndicate by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. was formally announced yesterday. The bonds are to be listed on the Paris Bourse with the consent of the French Government and will be issued in small denominations to make them available for the great army of individual investors in France. This issue and the $50,000,000 issue of Pennsylvania Railroad debentures, which Kuhn, Loeb & Co. sold in France in 1906, are the largest issues of American securities ever placed abroad.

This formal announcement of the sale of the bonds was made:

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. announce that they have closed negotiations with a group of leading French banks consisting of the Banque de Paris et Pays-Bas, Credit Lyonnais, the Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France and the Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, covering an issue of Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company 4 per cent. 15-year debenture bonds for 250,000,000 francs ($50,000,000.)

The bonds will be in denominations of 500 francs and 2,500 francs, and will be admitted to the official quotation of the French Bourse, the consent of the French Governmental authorities thereto having been obtained. The loan will be issued entirely in foreign denominations; the probable issue price is 97 per cent.

Helps Our Market.

This is the third occasion on which Kuhn, Loeb & Co. have placed large issues of our railroad bonds in France at times when the home market was not in a position to float these issues, and when the bringing of European capital into this country was a distinct advantage to the investment market. Besides the present St. Paul issue and the $50,000,000 Pennsylvania Railroad issue of 1906, Kuhn, Loeb & Co. in 1907, when the railroads were finding it difficult to obtain capital at home placed in France and Germany $28,000,000 of New York, New Haven & Hartford debentures, and in the early part of 1908, soon after the panic of the previous Fall, these bankers broke the deadlock in the investment market by the sale of a large block of Pennsylvania Railroad consolidated mortgage bonds, of which $20,000,000 were sold to Rothschild & Son and Baring Brothers of London. Little later Kuhn, Loeb & Co. also sold $20,000,000 Union Pacific refunding bonds to Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co. and Baring Brothers. The advantage of obtaining foreign money at present for investment in our railroad bonds lies not only in the relief thus afforded to the demands upon home capital, but also in the fact that it serves to offset the unfavorable balance against the United States resulting from our transactions with other countries.

The cost of this money to the St. Paul was about 5 per cent., probably a trifle over that rate, which is very little more than the rate at which such an issue could be put out in this country had a market existed at the moment for such an issue. In the present position of our bond market, however, it is not believed that this issue could have been sold in the United States at any rate which the St. Paul could afford to pay without damage to its credit.

The London house of J. Henry Schroeder & Co. is interested with the French banks in the purchase. The bonds will be made payable in pounds sterling in London as well as in francs. The trustees of the issue are the United States Mortgage and Trust Company and William Nelson Cromwell of Sullivan & Cromwell. In a statement issued after the formal announcement of the issue by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Mr. Cromwell, who acted as counsel for the French banks, said that the number of individual bonds of this issue would be 400,000, which indicates how widely they will be distributed among the investors of France and other parts of Europe.

Mr. Cromwell said that he considered the transaction of significance not only because these French banks deal only with American securities of the very highest rank, but because it opens a wider and cheaper market for American railroad issues of the highest class, and correspondingly relieves the congestion now prevailing in America. He said he had no doubt that this transaction is but a forerunner of others of similar import, as it is to the manifest benefit of the American corporations to find advantageous markets abroad, and is equally advantageous for the foreign investor to secure the obligations of American corporations of the first class.

Among other American issues which may be placed abroad if pourparlers now under way eventuate favorably is an issue of $10,000,000 Southern Pacific terminal bonds, which may be sold by that road's bankers to a group of German banks. This suggested transaction, however, has not yet taken definite shape. The Southern Pacific has made large expenditures for terminal facilities which have not yet been capitalized, and this issue will be made on the security of some of these expenditures.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26.—All suspense regarding financing of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company was ended after the close of business when the company announced it had secured the necessary funds from Drexel & Co., subject to ratification of the Union Traction stockholders. The terms are set forth in a statement put out by the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company Directors. Business remained in a comatose condition on the Exchange to-day. Anticipation of the protracted holiday curtailed the trading, and the bulk of the day's transactions were in the nature of evening up on commitments.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
21..	Amer. Cement	30¼	30¼	30¼
32..	Amer. Railways	45	45	45
196..	Amer. Gas rights	¾	¾	¾
100..	Atchison	103½	103½	103½
24..	Cambria Iron	45½	45	45
210..	Cambria Steel	47¼	47¼	47¼
150..	Elec. Co. of Amer.	11¾	11¾	11¾
5..	Electric Storage	60	60	60
1..	F. & S. P.	375	375	375
100..	Gen. Asphalt	80	80	80
11..	Gen. Asphalt pf.	78¼	78	78¼
19..	H. & B. T. pf.	26	26	26
189..	Ins. Co. of N. Amer.	20¾	20¾	20¾
858..	Ins. Co. of N. America r. c. 1st pf.	12	11¾	12
113..	Ins. Co. of N. America r. c. 2. p.	19½	19½	19½
101..	Lake Sup. Corp.	23¼	22	22
35..	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	93¾	93¾	93¾
600..	Lehigh Valley	115¾	115	115¾
10..	Leigh Val. t. p. t. c.	14	14	14
81..	Norris R. R.	143½	143½	143½
1,250..	Phila. Rapid Transit.	19½	18¾	19½
190..	Penn. Steel warrants.	6	5¾	6
90..	Pennsylvania	67¼	66¾	67
10..	Philadelphia Co.	40½	40½	40½
10..	Philadelphia Co. pf.	43½	43½	43½
275..	Philadelphia Electric.	15	15	15
1,220..	Reading	81¾	81 3-16	81¾
200..	Southern Pacific	126¼	126¼	126¼
75..	Sec. & T. P.	280	280	280
1,000..	Tonopah Belmont	3¾	3¾	3¾
615..	Tonopah Mining	8¾	8¾	8¾
219..	United Gas Imp.	85	84¾	84¾
5..	United Gas Imp. scp.	165	165	165
3,300..	U. S. Steel	83¾	82¼	83¾
1,440..	Union Traction	48¼	47¼	48¼
28..	W. Jersey & S.	82¾	82	82

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 26.—There was little inclination shown either to buy or sell, but prices were generally steady. Baltimore Trust advanced 1¼. Georges Creek Coal and Iron eased off ½. Shares, 753; bonds, $63,000.

BONDS.

$4,000..	A. C. L. con. 4s	93¾	93¾	93¾
6,000..	Balt. City 3½s, 1925	93	93	93
2,000..	Cotton Duck 5s	99	99	99
1,000..	Carolina Cent. 4s	91	91	91
1,000..	Jacn. C. & C. g. c. 5s	90¼	90¼	90¼
85,000..	Seaboard adj. 5s	73½	73½	73½
2,000..	Seaboard 4s, stamped	84	84	84
7,000..	United Rys. inc.	60¾	60¾	60¾
4,000..	United Rys. 4s	85¼	85¼	85¼
1,000..	Western Md. 4s	84½	84½	84½

STOCKS.

30..	Balt. Trust	171½	171½	171½
50..	Colonial Trust	27¼	27¼	27¼
175..	Con. G. E. L. & P.	60	60	60
175..	G. Creek C. & I.	12	12	12
100..	Houston Oil pf.	87	87	87
100..	Houston Oil common.	6¼	6¼	6¼
15..	Mercantile Trust	142	142	142
150..	United Rys.	15¾	15¾	15¾

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to.

NO. 4,996. AMERICAN PLOWS.—An American consular officer in the Far East has forwarded a copy of a letter received from the managing director of a company in his district relative to the opportunity for American plow manufacturers to introduce a certain type of this article in his district. The letter states that if a sample should be submitted which would give satisfaction a trial order for 100 plows would result, which would be followed by orders for thousands more.

NO. 5,000. EXCAVATORS FOR MAKING IRRIGATION CHANNELS.—An American consular officer in Australasia reports that a business man in his district is desirous of hearing from American manufacturers of excavators suitable for making irrigation channels, for which he desires the representation in that region. He is prepared to furnish bank references and comply with the usual conditions as a representative of American business houses.

NO. 5,001. AMERICAN GOODS FOR AUSTRALIA.—A business man in Australia advises an American Consul that he intends to establish an American agency in that country with headquarters at Melbourne and branch offices at Sidney and Adelaide, and he desires to get in touch with American manufacturers of the following lines: Vacuum house-cleaners, manicuring goods, facial preparations, masseurs' supplies, motors, novelties, and toys.

NO. 5,002. RAILROAD AND ELECTRIC TRAMWAY SUPPLIES.—An American consular officer furnishes the name of a business man in Western Europe who desires to take up the representation of some large American manufacturers of railroad and electric tramway supplies. He is interested in the installation of a passenger service on a narrow-gauge road fifty miles in length, which at present carries freight only, principally iron ore, and requests catalogues and specifications of passenger coaches. As there are several American cars already in use in that region which give satisfaction, it should be comparatively easy for an American firm to secure this order for at least four or six coaches. The second project concerns a short narrow-gauge line, about seven and one-half miles long. As this road runs through many tunnels the smoke from the locomotives becomes an annoyance, and it is desired to change the motive power to electricity, at least on the passenger trains. No plans have yet been made, but parties interested could address the party in question for further information and details.

NO. 5,004. MOTOR BUGGIES FOR DOCTORS.—A report from an American consular officer in the Far East states that a good opportunity exists in certain Far Eastern countries for the sale of light motor vehicles, especially buggies, for doctors and other persons who have long country circuits to cover in the course of their professional or business enterprises. The use of such motor cars for station owners, farmers, and salesmen is also extremely important and a big demand is steadily developing. Within the past year there has been a rush of firms to take up agencies for motor vehicles, especially of the lighter or cheaper class, and it would be much easier for American motor car manufacturers to sell their goods by means of direct agencies rather than by catalogue or circular.

NO. 5,005. CHEMICALS AND OTHER GOODS.—A business man in Spain writes to the Bureau of Manufactures that he is anxious to represent in that country large American manufacturers and exporters of the following classes of goods: Sulphate of copper, bichromate of soda, borax, nitrate of soda, sulphate of ammonia, flax, cotton, petroleum, copper sheets and ingots, screws, and phosphates. He would like to hear from firms as soon as possible.

NO. 5,006. MACHINERY AND ENGINEERING MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS.—A mining engineer writes to the Bureau of Manufactures that he is about to return to Turkey, his native country, and would be glad to get in touch with American firms producing engineering material, such as dredges, all kinds of machinery, steel, iron, and copper products, &c. He states that the time is opportune for American machinery dealers to compete in that field, and his seven years' experience and knowledge of the country will enable him to successfully undertake agencies.

NO. 5,008. ENGINES AND CRUSHING MACHINERY.—The representative of a trading company, who is en route to an African city, advises an American Consul that his firm has secured certain land concessions from the Government and is in the market for engines for farm work, especially for plowing, but which can be adapted to mowing, reaping, hauling, sawing, pumping, &c. The type of engine desired is a wood burner. Machines for crushing the castor bean are also wanted by the firm.

NO. 5,009. REFRIGERATING MACHINERY AND COLD STORAGE PLANTS.—The leading importers of American goods in the Levant advise an American consular officer that they are forming a company to engage in the refrigerating and cold storage business and will gradually extend its operations to cover all the large cities in that region. Correspondence is desired with the leading American concerns manufacturing refrigerating machinery or undertaking to erect cold storage plants. Plans with specifications and price quotations will be of great help in submitting propositions to local capitalists.

NO. 5,014. ESTABLISHMENT OF LARD REFINERIES.—A report from an American diplomatic officer in a Latin-American country states that a contract has been entered into between the local Minister of Commerce and a business man for the establishment in the republic of lard refineries. Copy of the contract giving further details can be had from the Bureau of Manufactures.

NO. 5,016. REVENUE STAMP RIGHTS.—An American Consul in a Latin-American country reports that the local Government, through the Minister of Finance, has sold the exclusive right to supply all revenue, postage, and other stamps, post cards, and stamped paper, cigarette stamps and stamps for cigarette papers, for a period of two years, with privilege of extension, to a business man for the sum of $2,267,750.

NO. 5,017. CONCESSIONS IN MEXICO.—An American Consul in Mexico reports that the following concessions have been granted by the local State Governments to a business man in his district: (1) A concession for the development of electric light and power plants and the establishment of hydro-electric power plants on a local river, exemption from taxation for a period of ten years being granted; (2) a concession for the extension of a public telephone line, which must be completely and perfectly installed and ready for service within one year from date of publication, (May 5, 1910;) (3) a concession for the establishment of an ice plant having a minimum capacity of 1,100 pounds of ice per day of 24 hours, said plant to be complete and in operation within one year from date of publication.

NO. 5,018. AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY.—A report from an American Consul in a Latin-American country states that an agricultural company, with an authorized capital of $350,000, was recently incorporated in his district. The main object of this company will be the cultivation of rubber, sugar cane and its by-products, bananas, &c. The company has already secured a tract of several thousand acres, and the land is being prepared as rapidly as possible. As the company will need implements and machinery, it is suggested that American firms communicate at once with an individual whose name is given in the report.

NO. 5,020. VERMICELLI AND OTHER MACHINERY.—An American Consul in Mexico reports that a company in the city in which he is located will in the near future engage in the manufacture of vermicelli and other paste products, and desires to receive cuts and price lists from American manufacturers of this class of machinery with a view to placing an order for the installation of the necessary equipment. Communication, if in English, should be addressed to the Consulate; if in Spanish, to the President of the company.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat Demoralized, with Liquidation Enormous—Corn and Oats Weak—Cotton Dull, Declining Late.

For a few moments at the opening the wheat market was steady, but within a short time there developed an enormous selling pressure, which carried prices down from 2 to 6 cents a bushel. The principal weakness was in the Chicago market, where there was enormous selling, credited to the Bartlett-Patten long interests, which have been such conspicuous bulls during the past two months. This house has persistently advised the purchase of wheat, but to-day was reported to be the heaviest of sellers through other commission houses. The new crop deliveries showed declines of 3½ to 4½ cents a bushel and the selling met with practically no resistance. A great deal of short wheat was covered, but otherwise the buying seemed to be very limited. The Chicago May wheat was decidedly weak and there were reports that shorts had been permitted to settle and that a great line of cash wheat coming down from Duluth was being shipped to Buffalo instead of going to Chicago. But little attention was paid to the ordinary news bearing on the market. The weather was favorable and more rains were shown in the Far Northwest. The cables were somewhat unsettled. The official report from India was made public, showing an increase in crop over last year of 72,000,000 bushels. Cash wheat quoted: No. 2 red Winter, $1.08 nominal, spot; No. 2 red, spot, nominal, $1.08 free on board, afloat, for export; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.13 nominal; No. 2 hard Winter nominal, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, 98¼c.

Corn was quite steady during the morning, but also turned weak and declined rapidly in the afternoon. The weakness was very largely the result of the demoralization in wheat, but the crop news was more satisfactory and the weather conditions were much improved over what has recently been seen. There are a great many complaints about the necessity of replanting, but these seemed to have practically no effect. Cash corn quoted: No. 2, 67c nominal, elevator, domestic basis, and steamer nominal, elevator, export basis.

In oats there was also a very weak market and prices declined steadily. The news was of continued favorable weather conditions and of fine crop prospects, while weakness in the other grain markets brought a great deal of liquidation in oats. The close was heavy. Cash oats quoted: Natural white, 44@46c; white clipped, 44@49.

Provisions were quiet and firm in the early trading, the result of some larger receipts of hogs than expected and the steadiness in live hog prices. The market became quite active late and showed some weakness with the decline in grain.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
May	$1.08	$1.08	$1.08	$1.11¾
July	1.06⅞	1.02⅝	1.02⅝	1.06⅝
September	1.03	98¾	98¾	1.02⅜
Corn—				
May	..	..	..	68¾
July	..	..	67¼	69
September	..	..	67	68¾
Lard—				
September	..	..	12.45	12.45

Curb, 2:30 P. M.—July wheat, $1.02¼; puts, $1.00½; calls, $1.03⅞@$1.04

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
May	1.10⅞	1.05	1.05	1.10¼
July	99¾	94⅞	95¼	99½
September	97¾	92¾	93	97½
December	96	92¼	92¾	96

2:30-2:45 P. M.—July ups, 96¼@96⅝c; downs, 92¾c.

Corn—				
May	59	57½	57½	58¾
July	60¼	58¾	58¾	60¼
September	60½	58⅞	58⅞	60⅝
December	58¾	55½	55⅝	58⅛

July ups, 60¼@59¾c; downs, 58½@58¼c.

Oats—				
May	39¾	39	39¼	39¾
July	38½	37¼	37¼	38⅝
September	37½	36¼	36¼	37⅜
December	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	37⅜
Lard—				
May	12.60	12.12½	12.50	12.50
July	12.37½	12.20	12.20	12.22½
September	12.30	12.07½	12.10	12.12½
Ribs—				
May	12.90	12.85	12.90	12.75
July	12.37½	12.25	12.20	12.20
September	12.17½	12.12½	12.07½	12.07½
Pork—				
May	22.30	22.00	22.00	22.10
July	22.37½	22.05	22.05	22.17½
September	22.25	21.85	21.90	22.02½

COTTON.

There was very little feature to the cotton trade and not a wide range of values. There was a better tone during the morning, the result of some support in the old crop deliveries by the floor bull leaders, and there was a little buying of the new crop on account of the apprehension regarding the position of the growing cotton. The statement of the Price's Crop Reporting Bureau making the increase only 8 per cent. in the area was construed as bullish. The weather conditions were more satisfactory, however, and the crop is being favored with probably the best weather that has been seen at any time this season since the very early part of the planting season. The weather was a little unsettled, however, in the Far West, and there was some apprehension that it might bring another period of unfavorable weather. The stocks showed another large increase. The total warehouse stock is now 251,641 bales, which is the largest amount so far reported this month, and the certificated stock is 242,267 bales. The cotton is piling in here rapidly for the wind-up of the May deliveries, and the Inspection Department is being pushed to get cotton ready for the final May tenders. Late the market was weaker and more active. Selling was more aggressive on the weakness in wheat, and the report that the Patten bull interests in wheat were liquidating at material losses. Deliveries on contract were 7,400 bales, making 280,300 bales for the month.

Southern spot market unchanged.

New York spot cotton quiet, 5 points decline. Middling uplands, 15.25; middling Gulf, 15.50.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
May	15.07	14.80	14.85@14.87	15.03
June	15.01	14.90	14.85@14.87	15.03
July	15.10	14.85	14.86@14.87	15.06
August	14.80	14.56	14.56@14.57	14.77
September	13.65	13.49	13.48@13.49	13.61
October	12.92	12.74	12.74@12.75	12.84
November	..	..	12.64@12.66	12.72
December	12.73	12.56	12.56@12.57	12.66
January	12.69	12.54	12.55@12.54	12.63
March	12.68	12.55	12.55@12.57	12.67

The market closed barely steady, 8 to 21 points decline.

COFFEE.

Coffee was only moderately active, with total sales amounting to 27,250 bags, but after showing an easier tone early prices at the close were steady at five points decline to two points advance. The European markets were rather heavy, with both Havre and Hamburg showing declines of ¼. The Brazilian markets were closed. The spot situation continues inactive, with Rios only about steady on the basis of 8¼c for No. 7. Firm offers from Brazil for cost and freight coffee continue above a working basis. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
May	..	..	6.20@6.25	6.20
June	6.20	6.20	6.20@6.25	6.20
July	6.20	6.20	6.20@6.25	6.35
August	..	..	6.30@6.35	6.30
September	6.35	6.35	6.35@6.40	6.35
October	..	..	6.40@6.45	6.40
November	..	..	6.40@6.45	6.40
December	6.45	6.45	6.45@6.50	6.45
January	..	..	6.47@6.48	6.47
February	..	..	6.52@6.54	6.48
March	6.51	6.50	6.53@6.54	6.53
April	6.51	6.51	6.54@6.55	6.53

Executor — Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue, New York.
LONDON 15 Cockspur St. 18 Bishopsgate St. Within. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator — Guardian

ESTABLISHED 1888
Franklin Trust Company
140

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Pierrepont Hotel Brings $440,000 at Auction—More Trinity Improvements in Greenwich Village—Deals in the Loft Zone—T. F. Ryan Buyer of Yerkes Stable.

The D. A. Cushman Realty Corporation paid $440,000 at auction yesterday for the twelve-story Pierrepont Hotel, at 43 to 47 West Thirty-second Street, on plot 59 by 98.9, between Fifth Avenue and Broadway.

The property was offered at voluntary sale by Auctioneer Joseph P. Day. Bidding was started at $400,000 and was struck down after eight bids had been made.

More Trinity Improvements in Greenwich Village.

Plans are being prepared by the Trinity Church Corporation for another large loft building in the old Greenwich Village district. It will occupy the southwest corner of Hudson and Morton Streets, being 125 feet on each street, and will be eight stories in height, costing about $300,00. The old-fashioned houses, typical of Greenwich Village conditions half a century and more ago, will be torn down early in the Summer. It was only three days ago that the announcement was made of the erection this season of an eight-story loft at the northwest corner of Canal and Sullivan Streets which has been leased by the Trinity Corporation for twenty-one years to a large machine firm.

These new mercantile buildings on Trinity property are additional illustrations of the plan to utilize its Greenwich Village property from time to time for high-class fireproof commercial structures, gradually tearing down the old-time houses in that locality. The largest building of this character erected by Trinity has just been completed, occupying the entire block front on the east side of Hudson Street, between Vandam and Charlton Streets, a few blocks below the Morton Street corner, about to be improved. An interesting feature in connection with this corner is that Trinity lately sold the plot on the southeast corner of Morton and Greenwich Streets to James H. Cruikshank, who is about to erect on the site a high-class commercial structure.

Loft to Replace Old Structures.

M. L. Levin has sold for Adamson & Baum to Jacob Levy 178 and 180 Forsyth Street, old buildings on a plot 50 by 100. Mr. Levy has also purchased through the same brokers 204 and 206 Eldridge Street. The plot will be improved immediately with a modern loft.

First Sale in Sixty Years.

William J. Roome & Co. have sold for the Van Aulen estate the property 143 West Twenty-second Street, a four-story building on a lot 20.10 by 98.9, to Charles L. Grad.

This property has been in the Van Aulen family since 1849. It is presumed that Mr. Grad represents the adjoining owner, who intends erecting a twelve-story modern loft building on the plot.

Harris & Vaugh have sold to a client of Moyer & Marston 118 and 120 West Thirteenth Street, two three-story and basement dwellings, on plot 41.8 by 103.3.

Important Transaction in Loft Zone.

D. Kempner & Son have sold for Susan Q. Chambettag 207 West Twenty-fifth Street, a four-story and basement dwelling on a lot 21 by 100, to the Publishers' Printing Company.

The buyer recently bought through the same brokers 209, 211, 213, 215, and 217 West Twenty-fifth Street, forming a plot with a frontage of 126 feet by 100. It will be improved at once with a twelve-story store and loft building.

Resale on East 35th Street.

Steven B. Ayres has sold for the East Thirty-fifth Street Real Estate Company to James Forbes the property 108 East Thirty-fifth Street. Title has just been passed. The East Thirty-fifth Street Real Estate Company purchased this parcel, intending to take title also to one or more adjoining parcels and erect a business building, but the opposition of neighboring owners to the erection of a business building led the company to abandon the plan.

Reginald De Koven to Build.

Reginald De Koven has purchased a sixty-foot plot on Park Avenue, between Eighty-fifth and Eighty-sixth Streets, on which he will erect a five-story American-basement dwelling.

The property includes the three old-fashioned four-story houses at 1,025 to 1,029 Park Avenue, on a plot 60 by 88. The seller is Amos R. E. Pinchot. Winans & May negotiated the sale.

T. F. Ryan Buyer of Yerkes Stable.

Thomas F. Ryan has taken title to the Yerkes stable, at 139 East Sixty-ninth Street, from Robert E. Dowling. Mr. Ryan now owns all of the Yerkes property that went under the hammer recently, with the exception of the Yerkes residence, 60 by 100, at Fifth Avenue and Sixty-eighth Street. Last week he took over the art galleries, forty feet on Fifth Avenue and fifty-three feet on Sixty-eighth Street, from Mr. Dowling.

Sale of 103d Street Dwellings.

The two four-story dwellings 302 and 304 West 103d Street, adjoining the southwest corner of West End Avenue, have been sold by Andrew Cone and Charles E. Duross, respectively. The houses occupy a plot 40 by 100.11. Emil W. Klappert recently acquired the corner house on West End Avenue and also 873, a few doors to the south.

Realty Co. Buys Fifth Av. Corner.

The Lautman Realty Company has purchased from the Krula & Metz Construction Company a plot, 100 by 105.3, at the corner of 107th Street and Fifth Avenue. Ground will be broken at once for a twelve-story elevator apartment.

Louis H. Lowenstein has bought the three-story dwelling at 83 West 118th Street, on lot 20 by 100, adjoining the northeast corner of Lenox Avenue. Ignatz M. Atlas was the broker.

Another Heights Apartment Sold.

J. E. Briggs has sold for Donald Robertson to a client the northeast corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 186th Street, a five-story and basement apartment house, with stores, on plot 58 by 100.

Investor Buys in Dykman Section.

O'Connor, Lawrence & Ellison, in conjunction with John P. Leo, Jr., have sold seven lots on Prescott Avenue, in the Dykman section, for the Carlson estate. The buyer is Yale D. Benner.

Bronx Sales.

James L. Wells, former President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments, has purchased the dwelling at the northwest corner of Alexander Avenue and 139th Street, and is having the building remodeled, under the supervision of Albert E. Davis, architect. The alterations include a two-story and basement extension on the rear.

Charles E. Cathie has sold for William Maloney the plot, 32.3 by 100, on the east side of Aqueduct Avenue, 286.4 feet north of 183d Street.

Frederick Fox & Co. have sold for James Morrison, Jr., the three-story private dwelling and garage, on plot 75 by 100, on the west side of Perry Avenue, 126 feet north of Bedford Park Boulevard, to Davis Brown. The property was held at $30,000.

The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company, in conjunction with R. L. Brown's Sons, have sold for Frederick Braun the apartment 481 East 153d Street, 100 feet west of Morris Avenue, on a plot 50 by 103.

Warehouse Company Buys Plot.

The Brooklyn Warehouse and Storage Company in Schermerhorn Street, between Third Avenue and Nevins Street, has purchased the lot and building 62 Flatbush Avenue, thus securing command of an entrance lot a few feet from the Nevins Street Subway Station, and giving direct and independent access from Flatbush Avenue.

The Warehouse Company is said to have paid $35,000 for the property. This is regarded by Brooklyn experts as a very moderate price for the lot, considering its central location and its special value to the purchasers.

Brooklyn Sales.

Kroengold & Hassloch have sold for Jacob Sommers of Brooklyn to Henry Deier of New York two dwellings on the west side of Rogers Avenue, 38 feet north of the northwest corner of Rogers and Tilden Avenues.

Staten Island Sales.

J. Sterling Drake has sold for Ira J. Trench to Mrs. Helen V. Dorman the plot 40 by 75 on the northwesterly corner of Deems Avenue and Washington Place, Westerleigh, on which Mrs. Dorman will build a modern residence as an investment.

Suburban Sales.

The Lawrence Park Realty Company has sold a plot of land in Lawrence Park West, on Sunny Brook Road, to Miss Violet Oakley, the well-known artist of Philadelphia. Miss Oakley will erect a studio house on the property.

Recent Buyers.

Sarah Friedman is the buyer of 138 West Seventy-first Street, sold recently by the Herald Square Realty Company.

A $250,000 East Side Loan.

A. H. Ivins & Co. has secured for Petro Alvino and Dominick Abbate a loan of $250,000 at 4½ per cent. for five years on the block of buildings on the west side of First Avenue from Seventy-first to Seventy-second Street, including three houses on each of the side streets.

Receiver Appointed.

Justice McCall of the Supreme Court has appointed John J. Mackin receiver of the rents of 166 East Eighty-third Street pending a suit brought by William McBrien against Lena Holl and others to foreclose a mortgage of $10,000.

Big Loft for Thirty-second Street.

Plans have been filed for a six-story brick granite and terra cotta loft, to be built on the south side of Thirty-second Street, 95 feet east of Lexington Avenue. The building will take the place of three old-fashioned brick dwellings, three five-story old tenements, and a three-story frame dwelling with a brick front. It will have a frontage of 108.3 feet and a depth of 88.9 feet with an extension. Henry Steiger is the owner. The cost is estimated at $100,000 by the architect, B. Hustace Simonson.

Harlem Church Builds Loft.

The Reformed Dutch Church of Harlem is to build a three-story store and loft building at 2,252 to 2,256 Third Avenue, plans for which have been filed by Walter H. C. Hornum, architect. The building will have a frontage of 50.8 feet and a depth of 93.6 feet, and is to cost $23,000.

Apartment at Broadway and 113th St.

Neville & Bagge have filed plans for a twelve-story elevator apartment, with stores, to be built for the Yorkshire Realty and Construction Company at the southwest corner of Broadway and 113th Street, with a frontage of 100.11 feet on Broadway by 90 feet on the street. The facade will be of brick. The stores will face Broadway and the main entrance will be on 113th Street. The cost is estimated at $300,000. The building will accomodate forty-seven families.

New Fort Washington Apartment.

Plans have been filed for a five-story apartment house to be built on the south side of 179th Street, 85 feet east of Audubon Avenue, for the C. & W. Building Company, of which Sylvain Weidenschlag is President. The facade will be of brick, with terra cotta trimmings, having a frontage of 85 feet and a depth of 87 feet, with accommodations for thirty families. The cost is estimated at $80,000 by the architects, Neville & Bagge.

Notes.

The regular meeting of the Taxpayers' Association of the Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards will take place this evening at 52 Lexington Avenue, between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Streets. Tenement House, Legislative, and other committees will have some interesting reports.

Post & Reese were the brokers in the sale of 13 East Seventy-seventh Street belonging to Dr. Ellwood Harlow.

Ernest Hall Coolidge has opened offices at 960 East 163d Street in the Hunts Point section of the Bronx.

Winans & May were the brokers in the sale of 725 Lexington Avenue.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company loaned yesterday on first mortgage $62,000 to Charles I. McBurney on the six-story brick store and flat building located at 169 West Forty-ninth Street. The mortgage is for two years at 4½ per cent.

C. P. H. Gilbert, architect, has filed plans in the Building Department for extensive alterations and additions to the residence of Edwin Hawley, 19 East Sixtieth Street.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

32d St, 43 and 47, n s, 123 ft e of Broadway, 59x98.9, twelve-story Hotel Pierrepont; voluntary sale, to the D. A. Cushman Realty Corporation, $440,000.

65th St, 13, n s, 303 ft e of 5th Av, 22x100.5, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale, to De Selding Brothers for a client, $100,000.

85th St, 33, n s, 344.8 ft e of Broadway, 25x98.9, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale, knocked down to Douglas Dobinson, Charles S. Brown & Co., $80,000.

Southern Boulevard, e s, 75 ft s of Jennings St, 25x100, vacant; voluntary sale, bid in at $9,400.

11th St, 358 and 360, s s, 146 ft w of Washington St, 44x100.3, four-story tenement and one-story stable; voluntary sale, knocked down to John Allison, $22,500.

3d St, 120, s s, 50 ft w of Macdougal St, 25x100, five-story tenement; voluntary sale, knocked down to John Allison, $26,000.

2d Av, 843, n w corner of 45th St, 25.5x100, two four-story tenements with stores; voluntary sale, bid in at $41,900.

Greenwich St, 450, w s, 25.2 ft n of Desbrosses St, 24.9x80, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale, bid in at $18,750.

23d St, 234 and 236, s s, 183.4 ft w of 2d Av, 41.8x98.9, two three-story flats; voluntary sale; 234 withdrawn; 236 knocked down to Sidney Fisher, $19,000.

Lexington Av, 310, w s, 24.9 ft s of 38th St, 24.8x100, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale, to J. S. Isaacs, $51,000.

Eastbourne Av, s w corner of Sairs Av, Long Branch, L. I., 301.10x90x irregular, three-story dwelling and two-story stable; voluntary sale, to J. M. Wemple, $7,500.

Broome St, 429, s w corner of Crosby St, 25.1x104x irregular, five-story building with store; executor's sale, to E. A. Farrell, $50,000; also 83d St, 125, n s, 292 ft w of Columbus Av, 17x102.2, four-story dwelling; executor's sale, to Thomas A. Cryan, $13,000; also

Fort Washington Av, e s, n of 192d St, 190.6x384.5x irregular, three-story dwelling, vacant; executor's sale, estate of Denis Shea, deceased; withdrawn.

20th St, 84, s s, 240 ft w of 4th Av, 20x92; five-story loft and store building; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Warren McConihe, $35,666.

Washington Av, 1,414 and 1,416, e s, 100.7 ft n of 170th St, 50.7x150.2x52.8x150.1; partition; adjourned to June 8.

West St, s s, 10.1 ft w of Honeywell Av, 50x80.7, Bolton St x50.1x81.5, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, M. A. Langbein, $5,761.

143d St, 255, n s, 525 ft w of 7th Av, 37.6x99.11, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale; adjourned to June 2.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

19th St, 335 and 337 West, for a three-story dwelling and store, 50x28; Andrew Greis Co., premises, owner; Bernstein & Bernstein, architects; cost, $15,000.

179th St, s s, 85 ft e of Audubon Av, for a five-story brick apartment, 85x87; C. & W. Building Co., 200 Broadway, owner; Neville & Bagge, architects; cost, $80,000.

BROADWAY, s w corner of 118th St, for a twelve-story brick apartment, 100.11x90; Yorkshire Realty & Construction Co., 100 West 119th St, owner; Neville & Bagge, architects; cost, $300,000.

3d Av, 2,252 to 2,256, for a three-story brick store and loft, 50.8x93.6; Reformed Dutch Church of Harlem, 132 East 125th St, owner; W. H. C. Hornum, architect; cost, $25,000.

32d St, s s, 95 ft e of Lexington Av, for a six-story brick loft, 108.8x88.9; H. Steiger, 127 East 23d St., owner; B. H. Simonson, architect; cost, $100,000.

178th St, s s, 100 ft w of Vyse Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 48x104.8; C. St. Realty Co., 535 East 177th St, owner; Franz Wolfgang, architect; cost, $50,000.

Daly Av, e s, 166 ft n of 176th St, for a one-story frame shed, 15x18; John R. Peterson, premises, owner; Franz Wolfgang, architect; cost, $250.

Bathgate Av, 1,715, for a two-story brick shop, 25x38.3½; Rose Wieser, premises, owner; Abraham Berres, architect; cost, $2,000.

Boston Road, n e corner of 164th St, for four five-story brick tenements, 88x87 each; Moorehead Realty and Construction Co., 415 East 140th St, owner; Edward J. Byrne, architect; cost, $120,000.

Van Nest Av, n w corner of White Plains Av, for a three-story frame dwelling, 20x50; Simon Willax, 987 Van Nest Av, owner; Henry Nordheim, architect; cost, $8,500

ROOSEVELT AV, s s, 90 ft w of Fort Schuyler Road, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x28; John Grennan, 2,150 Blackrock Av, owner; Henry Nordheim, architect; cost, $2,500.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

Wall St, 37 to 43, to a twenty-five-story office building; Lands Purchasing Co., premises, owner; M. Muller, architect; cost, $15,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, MAY 26.

With name and address of purchaser.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 118th St, 104.4x91.1x100.11x117.8; Akron Building Co. to Sutherland Realty Co.; (mtg $425,000,) May 24; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $100.

SAME PROPERTY; Sutherland Realty Co. to Newbold Morris and others, (mtg $510,000,) May 24; attorney, same, $100.

EAGLE AV, e s, 324.6 ft s of 156th St, 20.6x115; Ignazio Galluccio to Benedetto L. Pinto, (mtg $7,750,) May 25; address, 690 Eagle Av, $100.

7TH AV, w w corner of 146th St, 26.6x100; Edward A. Isaacs to Abraham Kornbluth, (mtg $30,000,) May 25; attorney, I. B. Ripin, 132 Nassau St., $100.

181ST ST, n s, 100 ft e of Jerome Av, 100 ft to w s of Walton Av, 156.7 to Cameron Place x—, except Walton Av, w s, 19.8 ft n of 181st St, 38x75, Canton Construction Co. to Julia J. Hirsch, May 25; attorney, Arthur Knox, 198 Broadway, $100.

72D ST, s s, 72 ft w of Park Av, 23x102.2; Newbold Morris to George F. Crane, May 23; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $100.

HOUSTON ST, 128, n e corner of Sullivan St, 25x100; George E. Weller, (referee to Alexander S. Burns of Woodside, L. I. (mtg $57,000,) May 25; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $15,000.

PROSPECT AV, w s, 250 ft n of 183d St, 50x95; Victoria D'Andrea to D'Andrea Construction Co., (mtg $3,300,) May 25; attorney, Charles H. Baechlin, 1,126 Walker Av., $100.

JACKSON AV, e s, w part of Lots 12, 13, and 14, Block 2,648, on tax map, 76x87.6; Israel I. Wolf to Reliable Construction Co., May 16; attorney, Philip S. Seligman, 35 Nassau St., $100.

LOT 60, map of Hunt's Point Realty Co.; Owen McKenna to James Campbell, (mtg $400,) May 23; address, 234 East 81st St, $100.

CLINTON AV, 1,884 and 1,886, e s, 40x irregular; Augusta B. Fromm to Michael J. Gilligan, (mtg $8,000,) May 23; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $100.

161ST ST, n s, 300.6 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x99.11; Jacob Herb to James Bradley, (mtg $15,000,) May 25; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $100.

90TH ST, 72 West, s s, 26x100.11; Michael Herzlich to Max J. Klein and another, (mtg $19,000,) May 2; attorneys, Lese & Connolly, 35 Nassau St., $100.

CATHARINE ST, w s, adjoining lands of Osborn & Mott, 16.10x71; Michael A. Rofrano to Eugene Driscoll, (mtg $15,000,) May 23; attorneys, Simmons & Harris, 198 Broadway, $100.

4TH ST, e s, 18.4 ft s of Bank St, 18.4x68; Mary E. Noonan to Christin Yore, May 25; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $100.

4TH ST, e s, 36.10 ft s of Bank St, 36.7x68; Duross Co. to same, (mtg $12,000,) May 16; attorney, same, $100.

103D ST, 77 East, n s, 26x75; Wilhelmina Budd to Johanna Simons, May 25; attorney, J. Ehrentren, 140 Nassau St., $1.

SAME PROPERTY; Johanna Simons to William Budd of Brooklyn, May 25; attorney, same, $1.

JENNINGS ST, n e corner of Wilkins Place, 100.2x156.6; Louis Gordon and others to the Jennings Realty Co., (mtg $33,250,) May 20; attorney, Jacob Gordon, 346 Broadway, $100.

64TH ST, 304 to 310 East, s s, 100x100.5; Israel O. Blake to Corcoran, Fitzgerald & Co., (mtg $32,000,) May 23; attorney, Philip Carpenter, 111 Broadway, $1.

25TH ST, 408 West, n s, 25x98.9; Charles J. Rose to Elizabeth A. Rose, April 1; address, 252 West 14th St., $1.

ANDERSON AV, 962, e s, 27x142.1; Kemp-Jones Realty Co. to William A. Schneider and another, (mtg $16,500,) May 24; E. E. Rathgeber, 246 Jackson Av., L. I. City, $100.

136TH ST, 46 West, s s, 33.9x99.11; Julia A. Whitehorne to Katie M. Grensbach; ½ part; (mtg $35,500,) Dec. 12, 1908; address, 214 West 122d St, $100.

17TH ST, s s, 114 ft e of 1st Av, 25x92; Edward P. Martin and another to Eliza Martin and William H. Nolan, trustees, trust deed, May 18; Robert J. Fox, 31 Nassau St, $1.

GOERCK ST, 71 and 73, w s, 50x100; Samuel J. Rabinowitz to Marcus Rosenthal, all liens, Dec. 26, 1908; address, 35 Nassau St., $1.

LOTS 353 and 356, Block J, amended map of Mapes estate; Friedericka Weber to Henry Seeback, (mtg $4,500,) Oct. 16, 1906; attorney, Adolph H. Bauer, 299 Broadway, $1.

128TH ST, s s, 127 ft w of 2d Av, 26x99.11; David L. Katz and others to Giovanni Badaracc, B. & S. May 23; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 135 Broadway, $100.

ANTHONY AV, s e corner of 180th St, 25x94.3x25x91; Lafrenz W. Goose to Joseph W. Mayer, (mtg $6,500,) May 25; attorneys, Amend & Amend, 119 Nassau St, $100.

INDEPENDENCE AV, n e corner of Warren Av, runs n e 172.5 x s e 200 x s w 121.2 x — on curve along n s of Warren Av to beginning, except part for Warren Av; D. Gesina Hildebrand and others, executors, &c., to Alexander S. Fisher of Brooklyn, May 26; attorneys, McKelvey & Favour, 84 William St, $27,000.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, e s, 100 ft s of Field Place, 50x99; Mary S. Frost to Thomas D. Kreuter, (mtg $10,000,) April 15; Robert S. Patterson, 45 Broadway, $100.

RYER AV, w s, 395.1 ft n of Burnside Av, 23x141.7x23.4x146; Anna F. Hodgins to Katherine L. Winslow, (mtg $8,000,) May 25; Henry J. Nichols, 1,910 Webster Av., $100.

WALES AV, s e corner of 162d St, 41.8x200x irregular; Theodore J. Chabot to the Wales Construction Co., B. & S., May 2; attorney, Jacob Gordon, 346 Broadway, $100.

SAME PROPERTY; Leo Hamilton and others, executors, &c., of Thomas E. Lyons, to Theodore J. Chabot, ½ part; correction deed, May 2; same attorney, $1.

62D ST, 112 East, 18.9x100.5; Emily H. Smith to Park Avenue and Sixty-second Street Co., (mtg $25,000,) May 23; attorneys, Rushmore, Bisbee & Stern, 40 Wall St., $100.

LOTS 142 and 143, map of Adee Park; Peter McGuirk to John McGuirk, (mtg $1,000,) May 16; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $100.

4TH ST, s e s, 120 ft n e of Union Av, 20x100, Westchester; William Judge to Rose M. Barbour, April 30; attorney, Frank Goss, Westchester, $100.

12TH ST, s s, Lot 201, map of Unionport; Fred Judge to Frank Goss, May 26; same attorney, $100.

222D ST, 219 West, n s, 16.1x78.6; Hy. B. Breed, executor of Sarah Davis, to Helen H. Colby, of New Rochelle and Isabel Halsey of New York City, and Frederick Halsey of Schenectady, N. Y., May 16; Mrs. George B. Colby, 56 Willow Drive, New Rochelle, $14,000.

COURTLANDT AV, s w corner of 159th St, 48.6x98; Simon Uhlfelder and others to Louvre Realty Co., all liens, May 25; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 93 Nassau St., $100.

MADISON AV, s w corner of 94th St, 100.8x87.9; same to same, all liens, May 25; attorneys, same, $100.

ELDRIDGE ST, 204, e s, 23.11x88.6; Eldridge St, 206, e s, 25x88.6; Samuel Aronson and others to Jacob Levy, (mtg $7,000,) May 26; Charles Firestone, 299 Broadway, $100.

FORSYTH ST, 178, e s, 25x100; Forsyth St, e s, 25x100; Samuel Aronson and others to Jacob Levy, May 26; Charles Firestone, 299 Broadway, $100.

10TH ST, n s, 269 ft e of Lexington Av, 17x100.11; Mary J. Noonan to Jacob F. Hartlieb and Julia, his wife, tenants by entirety, (mtg $8,000,) May 26; Charles Brandt, Jr., 189 2d Av., $100.

8TH AV, 2,440, e s, 25x100; Isidor Kempner and others to William Hotter, (mtg $25,000,) May 25; John M. Ruck, 116 Nassau St., $100.

105TH ST, 225 East, n s, 25x100.11; Hyman Rosner to Annie Koplik, ¼ of right, title, and interest, all liens, May 20; Max Silverstein, 309 Broadway, $100.

FOREST AV, e s, 125.6 ft s of 165th St, 18x100; John Croughan to James Croughan, (mtg $4,500,) Feb. 1; attorneys, Hildreth & Palmer, 34 Nassau St, and 148th St, $1.

SPENCER PLACE, n w corner of 149th St, 50.2x196.2x irregular; Hy. L. Morris to the United States of America, May 3; Henry A. Wise, United States Attorney, Post Office Building, $100,000.

PATTERSON AV, (151st St,) n s, 75 ft e of Bolton Av, (Beech St,) 80x70.8x53.1x52.2, Clason Point; Peter McBride to Patrick F. Whalen, Aug. 2, 1909; attorneys, Whalen & Dunn, 206 Broadway, $100.

64TH ST, 134 West, s s, 25x100.5; Emma W. Wingate to Haywood F. and William S. Norton, 1-6 part, B. & S., all liens, May 26; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $100.

127TH ST, 110 East, n s, 18x74.10; Sarah H. Webb to James M. Ryder, May 26; attorney, same, $100.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 102d St, 76.11x118x irregular; David S. Brown to the Rockledge Construction Co., (mtg $85,000,) May 26; H. B. Davis, 52 Broadway, $1.

103D ST, 231 East, s s, 17.6x100.11; Katie Rappaport to Morris M. Tischler, B. & S., Dec. 1, 1909; Max Silverstein, 309 Broadway, $1.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,733, e s, 25x100; Henry C. Torborg to Christian C. Cramer, (mtg $25,000,) May 26; attorneys, Strong & Cadwalader, 40 Wall St., $100.

BROADWAY, s w corner of 118th St, for a twelve-story brick apartment, 100.11x90; Yorkshire Realty & Construction Co., 100 West 119th St, owner; Neville & Bagge, architects; cost, $300,000.

3d Av, 2,252 to 2,256, for a three-story brick store and loft, 50.8x93.6; Reformed Dutch Church of Harlem, 132 East 125th St, owner; W. H. C. Hornum, architect; cost, $25,000.

32d St, s s, 95 ft e of Lexington Av, for a six-story brick loft, 108.8x88.9; H. Steiger, 127 East 23d St., owner; B. H. Simonson, architect; cost, $100,000.

178th St, s s, 100 ft w of Vyse Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 48x104.8; C. St. Realty Co., 535 East 177th St, owner; Franz Wolfgang, architect; cost, $50,000.

Daly Av, e s, 166 ft n of 176th St, for a one-story frame shed, 15x18; John R. Peterson, premises, owner; Franz Wolfgang, architect; cost, $250.

Bathgate Av, 1,715, for a two-story brick shop, 25x38.3½; Rose Wieser, premises, owner; Abraham Berres, architect; cost, $2,000.

Boston Road, n e corner of 164th St, for four five-story brick tenements, 88x87 each; Moorehead Realty and Construction Co., 415 East 140th St, owner; Edward J. Byrne, architect; cost, $120,000.

Van Nest Av, n w corner of White Plains Av, for a three-story frame dwelling, 20x50; Simon Willax, 987 Van Nest Av, owner; Henry Nordheim, architect; cost, $8,500

ROOSEVELT AV, s s, 90 ft w of Fort Schuyler Road, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x28; John Grennan, 2,150 Blackrock Av, owner; Henry Nordheim, architect; cost, $2,500.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

Wall St, 37 to 43, to a twenty-five-story office building; Lands Purchasing Co., premises, owner; M. Muller, architect; cost, $15,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, MAY 26.

With name and address of purchaser.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 118th St, 104.4x91.1x100.11x117.8; Akron Building Co. to Sutherland Realty Co., (mtg $425,000,) May 24; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $100.

SAME PROPERTY; Sutherland Realty Co. to Newbold Morris and others, (mtg $510,000,) May 24; attorney, same, $100.

EAGLE AV, e s, 324.6 ft s of 156th St, 20.6x115; Ignazio Galluccio to Benedetto L. Pinto, (mtg $7,750,) May 25; address, 690 Eagle Av, $100.

7TH AV, w w corner of 146th St, 26.6x100; Edward A. Isaacs to Abraham Kornbluth, (mtg $30,000,) May 25; attorney, I. B. Ripin, 132 Nassau St., $100.

181ST ST, n s, 100 ft e of Jerome Av, 100 ft to w s of Walton Av, 156.7 to Cameron Place x—, except Walton Av, w s, 19.8 ft n of 181st St, 38x75, Canton Construction Co. to Julia J. Hirsch, May 25; attorney, Arthur Knox, 198 Broadway, $100.

72D ST, s s, 72 ft w of Park Av, 23x102.2; Newbold Morris to George F. Crane, May 23; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $100.

HOUSTON ST, 128, n e corner of Sullivan St, 25x100; George E. Weller, (referee to Alexander S. Burns of Woodside, L. I. (mtg $57,000,) May 25; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $15,000.

PROSPECT AV, w s, 250 ft n of 183d St, 50x95; Victoria D'Andrea to D'Andrea Construction Co., (mtg $3,300,) May 25; attorney, Charles H. Baechlin, 1,126 Walker Av., $100.

JACKSON AV, e s, w part of Lots 12, 13, and 14, Block 2,648, on tax map, 76x87.6; Israel I. Wolf to Reliable Construction Co., May 16; attorney, Philip S. Seligman, 35 Nassau St., $100.

LOT 60, map of Hunt's Point Realty Co.; Owen McKenna to James Campbell, (mtg $400,) May 23; address, 234 East 81st St, $100.

CLINTON AV, 1,884 and 1,886, e s, 40x irregular; Augusta B. Fromm to Michael J. Gilligan, (mtg $8,000,) May 23; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $100.

161ST ST, n s, 300.6 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x99.11; Jacob Herb to James Bradley, (mtg $15,000,) May 25; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $100.

90TH ST, 72 West, s s, 26x100.11; Michael Herzlich to Max J. Klein and another, (mtg $19,000,) May 2; attorneys, Lese & Connolly, 35 Nassau St., $100.

CATHARINE ST, w s, adjoining lands of Osborn & Mott, 16.10x71; Michael A. Rofrano to Eugene Driscoll, (mtg $15,000,) May 23; attorneys, Simmons & Harris, 198 Broadway, $100.

4TH ST, e s, 18.4 ft s of Bank St, 18.4x68; Mary E. Noonan to Christin Yore, May 25; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $100.

4TH ST, e s, 36.10 ft s of Bank St, 36.7x68; Duross Co. to same, (mtg $12,000,) May 16; attorney, same, $100.

103D ST, 77 East, n s, 26x75; Wilhelmina Budd to Johanna Simons, May 25; attorney, J. Ehrentren, 140 Nassau St., $1.

SAME PROPERTY; Johanna Simons to William Budd of Brooklyn, May 25; attorney, same, $1.

JENNINGS ST, n e corner of Wilkins Place, 100.2x156.6; Louis Gordon and others to the Jennings Realty Co., (mtg $33,250,) May 20; attorney, Jacob Gordon, 346 Broadway, $100.

64TH ST, 304 to 310 East, s s, 100x100.5; Israel O. Blake to Corcoran, Fitzgerald & Co., (mtg $32,000,) May 23; attorney, Philip Carpenter, 111 Broadway, $1.

25TH ST, 408 West, n s, 25x98.9; Charles J. Rose to Elizabeth A. Rose, April 1; address, 252 West 14th St., $1.

ANDERSON AV, 962, e s, 27x142.1; Kemp-Jones Realty Co. to William A. Schneider and another, (mtg $16,500,) May 24; E. E. Rathgeber, 246 Jackson Av., L. I. City, $100.

136TH ST, 46 West, s s, 33.9x99.11; Julia A. Whitehorne to Katie M. Grensbach; ½ part; (mtg $35,500,) Dec. 12, 1908; address, 214 West 122d St, $100.

17TH ST, s s, 114 ft e of 1st Av, 25x92; Edward P. Martin and another to Eliza Martin and William H. Nolan, trustees, trust deed, May 18; Robert J. Fox, 31 Nassau St, $1.

GOERCK ST, 71 and 73, w s, 50x100; Samuel J. Rabinowitz to Marcus Rosenthal, all liens, Dec. 26, 1908; address, 35 Nassau St., $1.

LOTS 353 and 356, Block J, amended map of Mapes estate; Friedericka Weber to Henry Seeback, (mtg $4,500,) Oct. 16, 1906; attorney, Adolph H. Bauer, 299 Broadway, $1.

128TH ST, s s, 127 ft w of 2d Av, 26x99.11; David L. Katz and others to Giovanni Badaracc, B. & S. May 23; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 135 Broadway, $100.

ANTHONY AV, s e corner of 180th St, 25x94.3x25x91; Lafrenz W. Goose to Joseph W. Mayer, (mtg $6,500,) May 25; attorneys, Amend & Amend, 119 Nassau St, $100.

INDEPENDENCE AV, n e corner of Warren Av, runs n e 172.5 x s e 200 x s w 121.2 x — on curve along n s of Warren Av to beginning, except part for Warren Av; D. Gesina Hildebrand and others, executors, &c., to Alexander S. Fisher of Brooklyn, May 26; attorneys, McKelvey & Favour, 84 William St, $27,000.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, e s, 100 ft s of Field Place, 50x99; Mary S. Frost to Thomas D. Kreuter, (mtg $10,000,) April 15; Robert S. Patterson, 45 Broadway, $100.

RYER AV, w s, 395.1 ft n of Burnside Av, 23x141.7x23.4x146; Anna F. Hodgins to Katherine L. Winslow, (mtg $8,000,) May 25; Henry J. Nichols, 1,910 Webster Av., $100.

WALES AV, s e corner of 162d St, 41.8x200x irregular; Theodore J. Chabot to the Wales Construction Co., B. & S., May 2; attorney, Jacob Gordon, 346 Broadway, $100.

SAME PROPERTY; Leo Hamilton and others, executors, &c., of Thomas E. Lyons, to Theodore J. Chabot, ½ part; correction deed, May 2; same attorney, $1.

62D ST, 112 East, 18.9x100.5; Emily H. Smith to Park Avenue and Sixty-second Street Co., (mtg $25,000,) May 23; attorneys, Rushmore, Bisbee & Stern, 40 Wall St., $100.

LOTS 142 and 143, map of Adee Park; Peter McGuirk to John McGuirk, (mtg $1,000,) May 16; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $100.

4TH ST, s e s, 120 ft n e of Union Av, 20x100, Westchester; William Judge to Rose M. Barbour, April 30; attorney, Frank Goss, Westchester, $100.

12TH ST, s s, Lot 201, map of Unionport; Fred Judge to Frank Goss, May 26; same attorney, $100.

222D ST, 219 West, n s, 16.1x78.6; Hy. B. Breed, executor of Sarah Davis, to Helen H. Colby, of New Rochelle and Isabel Halsey of New York City, and Frederick Halsey of Schenectady, N. Y., May 16; Mrs. George B. Colby, 56 Willow Drive, New Rochelle, $14,000.

COURTLANDT AV, s w corner of 159th St, 48.6x98; Simon Uhlfelder and others to Louvre Realty Co., all liens, May 25; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 93 Nassau St., $100.

MADISON AV, s w corner of 94th St, 100.8x87.9; same to same, all liens, May 25; attorneys, same, $100.

ELDRIDGE ST, 204, e s, 23.11x88.6; Eldridge St, 206, e s, 25x88.6; Samuel Aronson and others to Jacob Levy, (mtg $7,000,) May 26; Charles Firestone, 299 Broadway, $100.

FORSYTH ST, 178, e s, 25x100; Forsyth St, e s, 25x100; Samuel Aronson and others to Jacob Levy, May 26; Charles Firestone, 299 Broadway, $100.

10TH ST, n s, 269 ft e of Lexington Av, 17x100.11; Mary J. Noonan to Jacob F. Hartlieb and Julia, his wife, tenants by entirety, (mtg $8,000,) May 26; Charles Brandt, Jr., 189 2d Av., $

LONG BEACH HOMES

The accompanying picture, made from actual photograph, conveys an idea of the style of the houses which are being built at LONG BEACH—the Queen of the Atlantic Coast.

They are of the highest type of architecture—very attractive, comfortable and convenient.

They have red vitrified tile roofs. The exterior construction is stucco. The interior finish and decoration is of the highest class. They have electric lights, modern heating plants, hot and cold salt and fresh water.

Scores of houses just as attractive and substantial as this have been built at LONG BEACH. Hundreds more will be built in the near future because LONG BEACH is destined to be the world's greatest high class seaside resort and nothing will be permitted there which is out of harmony with that idea.

See LONG BEACH now and you will appreciate why it is called "The Gem of America's Seaside Resorts," and you will realize why there is a wonderful real estate opportunity there now. Don't forget that it is the finest beach on the Atlantic coast and only 35 minutes from Herald Square this Summer.

We will furnish you free tickets to LONG BEACH without placing you under any obligation whatever. The trip will well repay you. Call, write or telephone

ESTATES OF LONG BEACH
WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS, President
225 Fifth Avenue, New York. Telephone 3600 Madison.

"ELLIOTT MANOR"

Have You Seen the New Development?

Take a pleasant outing and profit by visiting one of the IDEAL OLD ESTATES IN QUEENS, now being developed for Home Sites. Studded with grand old trees, it is as picturesque as can be. ADJOINS LOUONA PARK, TWO BLOCKS EAST OF JACKSON AVE. TAKE ANY 59th ST. QUEENSBORO BRIDGE CAR VIA JACKSON AVE. TO McKINLEY ST. 20 MINUTES BY TROLLEY, 5c. FARE.

Lots 25x125, $800. Some higher, some lower. The natural advantages of "ELLIOTT MANOR," size of lots and unequalled transportation facilities make it the greatest opportunity in New York City.

F. G. RANDALL, 1286 Broadway, Manhattan
PHONES 6981-2 MURRAY HILL

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

The Beautiful Flower Estate

DOBBS FERRY-ON-THE-HUDSON

is to be divided at once into villa plots of various sizes. Most attractive prices and terms may be had prior to development. All improvements, including sewers, water and gas mains, street lights and fire hydrants, will be installed without expense to purchasers. Here will be found a most ideal condition for a suburban home. This estate adjoins

River View Manor

which is conceded by all who have seen it the most beautiful home place in near New York—combining, as it does, panoramic views unequaled; magnificent old forest trees; homes of all types, quaint and artistic in design and setting, and above all a colony of fine people for neighbors.

River View Manor Lodge

is now open for the season and will be found an ideal resort for refined people. Excellent cuisine and service, fine rooms, and an inspiring outlook from its broad piazzas.

To reach take New York Central to Hastings-on-Hudson.

Our automobiles meet all trains.

Hastings Homes Co.
105 WEST 40TH ST.
Telephone 385 Bryant.

RYE, N. Y.

Directly on the water; large modern house, 8 master's rooms, 5 bathrooms; electric light, all improvements. Stable and garage.
Rent Reduced from $6,000 to $3,500.
HERBERT A. SHERMAN,
9 Pine St. and 532 5th Ave., cor. 44th St.

Country & Suburban Homes
Westchester County, N. Y.
If you contemplate buying, renting, or building a home in the country consult with
W. J. REED
SCARSDALE, N. Y. Telephone 77.
1 W. 33d St., New York. Tel. 5184—38th St.

BEAUTIFUL HOME

Stone House, corner plot, select neighborhood, near station; hardwood trim and floors; eleven rooms, two tile baths, hot water, heat, gas, electricity, billiard room, shades, screens. $1,000 per year. Option of purchase. COOLEY & WEST, INC., New Rochelle, N. Y.

$10,000—EASY TERMS

Buys a beautiful new house in select neighborhood, near station. Very high ground. Hot-water heat. Two tile baths, gas, electricity, sewer, inlaid hardwood floors. Good plot. COOLEY & WEST, INC., New Rochelle, N. Y.

PINECREST

A poem in trees, hills, and glens, on the Hudson. Lots, acreage; 5c. ride from Subway. Write Pinecrest Co., Yonkers.

Attractive new 10-room house at Hartsdale, near Scarsdale Golf Club; hardwood finish, parquet floors, all improvements; plot 75x165; shade and fruit; magnificent view; restricted community; bargain price. Robert Kuzmier, owner, 203 East 48th.

Choice building sites, with charming river views, in restricted section; all improvements; building loan if desired; also new, artistic, 10-room house, 2 baths, hot water heat; price and terms reasonable. J. B. Arnold, Tarrytown, N. Y.

For furnished and unfurnished houses see H. B. Downey, 232 Huguenot St., New Rochelle.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Long Beach.—To let, furnished, for season, handsomely furnished house; all modern improvements; salt and fresh water bath in house; two toilets; never been occupied; one block from ocean and boardwalk. Apply Long Beach Estates Office, Long Beach, L. I., or J. M. Harris, 37 Liberty St., Manhattan.

When you are thoroughly disgusted after many disappointments in investigating home or bungalow plots, call on or write us for a legitimate proposition that will surely interest you. Grant, Suite 307, 334 5th Av.

FLORAL PARK BARGAINS.
Bargains in houses and lots in best [illegible] of Long Island for sale on easy pay- Write me what you want or send for [illegible]wner, P. O. Box 7, Floral Park, L. I.

HUNTINGTON TERRACE.
[illegible]low sites in the woods, hour out; fine [illegible] telephone, electric light; some built; [illegible]rms; call or write. Corcoran, Suite 307, [illegible] Av.

[illegible]room cottage, furnished; one hour from [illegible] shade trees; near Great South Bay; [illegible]mmer or longer; $25 monthly. C. A. Holmes, Amityville, L. I.

If you want a high, healthy location in a unique colony of refined people where all improvements have been paid for, write S. C. S., 114 East 28th St.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

BEST BARGAIN ON LONG ISLAND

25 miles out on famous Merrick Road, corner, Colonial residence. Main floor, handsome reception hall, large drawing room with 6 windows, open grate fireplace. White and gold decorations. Library, cathedral glass windows. Dining room, beamed ceiling and delft shelf. Both rooms have bay windows east and west. Up-to-date kitchen and butler's pantry. Rear stairway. 2d floor, 5 spacious rooms, also bay windows; two model bathrooms. Top floor, 2 large rooms, storeroom. Artistic decorations and gas fixtures throughout. Steam heat, gas; piazzas front, side, and rear. A No. 1 cellar; garage; plot 110x200. Within view of the Great South Bay, near the dock. Price low, suitable terms. Title Company guarantees. Might exchange.

CARROLLTON REALTY COMPANY,
503 and 504 World Building, N. Y.

WOODED CAMP AND BUNGALOW SITES.

$10 CASH SECURES A BEAUTIFUL SUMMER PROPERTY, NEAR TROLLEY AND DEPOT; BOATING, BATHING, FISHING, WOODED DRIVES, GOLF LINKS; STEAMBOAT TO CITY. LESS THAN ONE HOUR FROM BUSINESS; COMMUTATION 16 CENTS. CALL OR WRITE FOR BOOKLET AND FREE PASS TO INSPECT. ARTHUR & BIEDENKAPP, 1,100 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.

THE FOLLY OF PAYING RENT

When a small payment down and monthly rental will purchase cozy cottage, price $2,900. 6 rooms, decorated; bath, porcelain tub, marble basin, stone tubs, range, boiler, furnace, concrete cellar, large porch and garden. 14 miles out, south side Long Island. Title guaranteed.

CARROLLTON REALTY COMPANY,
503-504 World Bldg., N. Y.

BELLEROSE
Villas and Villa Plots.
Artistic high-class homes at minimum prices. Landscaped streets. Fully restricted. Beautiful $10,000 Pennsylvania, main line, station on property, 23 minutes from Herald Square; also trolley; elevation 85 feet. Booklet upon request.
UNITED HOLDING COMPANY,
1,007 Flatiron Building, N. Y. C.

HOW TO FINANCE A Country Home
at Huntington Terrace. Our advice, plan and all particulars FREE
The Debenture Corporation of New York,
334 5th Av., New York.

RESTRICTED

Wooded Villa Sites; large maple, oaks, &c.; all city improvements, sewers, water, gas, macadam roads, sidewalks, &c.; elegant bathing beach, dock privileges, clubhouse; several fine plots fronting on the Boulevard at $550 per lot; $25 cash, 5 monthly. Shore Front, Box L 124 Times.

A pretty bungalow site on hilltop, with sweeping view of Manhasset Bay, with shore front privileges; five minutes from station; will fit any artistic temperament; 30 minutes from New York. To desirable party will loan money to build in a community of refined, substantial people. A BARGAIN, Box 74 Times Downtown.

SOUTHAMPTON
& SHINNECOCK HILLS, L. I.
Furnished Cottages to rent. Lists on application. Plans and photographs of houses at office.
J. METCALFE THOMAS
19 LIBERTY ST., N. Y.

CHICKEN FARM, $250.
All cultivated land, best of soil; in large town of 8,000; sell all eggs right in town; no shipping to city; the demand much larger than the supply; only 50 minutes from city; fare 14 cents; $25 down; balance in 5 years; title guaranteed; make appointment and look at it.
HANSON, 395 Bridge St., Brooklyn.

If you want HOMESITES or SMALL FARMS in nearby suburbs on Long Island, send for a free copy of the
A. B. C. OF SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.
It tells what you want to know.
J. F. MINCHER, Dept. E, 351 5th Av., N. Y. C.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS
Riverside Drive—Private House
BLOCK FROM SUBWAY EXPRESS STATION.
Six bedrooms, 2 baths; $100 month for 3 or 4 months. Address W. H. D., 65 Times.

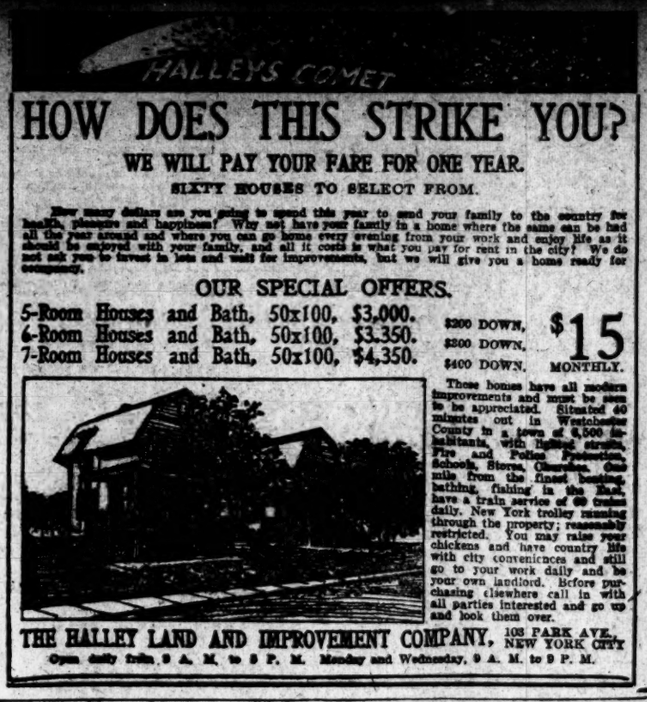
Brooklyn.

Fine Flatbush detached house to rent, furnished, for Summer; large grounds, broad piazza; ideal location; 10 minutes to Brighton Beach, 22 minutes from Park Row; very reasonable to responsible party. Owner, 93 Lenox Road, Brooklyn.

I have a choice house for rent, fully furnished, June 15 to October 15; Argyle Road, between Beverly and Cortelyou Roads, Flatbush; very reasonable to right party. H. M. Eppes, 185 Montague St., Brooklyn.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

$40.—One-family house, seven sunny rooms, bath. 1,234 Shakespeare Av., between Jerome-Ieach.



HOW DOES THIS STRIKE YOU?

WE WILL PAY YOUR FARE FOR ONE YEAR.

SIXTY HOUSES TO SELECT FROM.

How many dollars are you going to spend this year to send your family to the country for health, pleasure and happiness? Why not have your family in a home where the same can be had all the year around and where you can go home every evening from your work and enjoy life as it should be enjoyed with your family, and all it costs is what you pay for rent in the city? We do not ask you to invest in lots and wait for improvements, but we will give you a home ready for occupancy.

OUR SPECIAL OFFERS.

5-Room Houses and Bath, 50x100, $3,000. $200 DOWN,
6-Room Houses and Bath, 50x100, $3,350. $300 DOWN,
7-Room Houses and Bath, 50x100, $4,350. $400 DOWN.

$15 MONTHLY.

These homes have all modern improvements and must be seen to be appreciated. Situated 40 minutes out in Westchester County in a town of 5,500 inhabitants, with Highest standing. Fine and Public Schools, Churches, One mile from the finest boating, bathing, fishing in the East, have a train service of 60 trains daily. New York trolley running through the property; reasonably restricted. You may raise your chickens and have country life with city conveniences and still go to your work daily and be your own landlord. Before purchasing elsewhere call in with all parties interested and go up and look them over.

THE HALLEY LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, 103 PARK AVE., NEW YORK CITY
Open daily from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Monday and Wednesday, 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

SCARSDALE ESTATES

Office Open

All Decoration Day

Our White Plains office (at the Harlem R. R. Station) will be open all day Monday, May 30th.

This will be an excellent opportunity to investigate our high class developments in Westchester County.

Our automobiles will be at your service throughout the day, Monday, May 30th. Also every weekday.

WRITE FOR BOOKLET "A," a beautiful illustrated book descriptive of Scarsdale Estates.

THE SCARSDALE ESTATES
ROBERT E. FARLEY, President
White Plains, N. Y., and No. 527 Fifth Ave., New York City

ON A HILL

That's the place to build your home or buy lots. Get up in the world, too, by making this an investment that will double your money.

SOMERVILLE HEIGHTS

Is close by in New Jersey; high, dry and rising in value every day. Quick transportation; station on property. Adjoins the famous Duke's Park, on which over $15,000,000 has been spent. You get the benefit. Lots cheap now. Write to-day for FREE TRANSPORTATION AND KEY MAP.

MANHATTAN AND NEW JERSEY REAL ESTATE COMPANY
Suite 1,047 Marbridge Building. Herald square, New York.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

AMPERE EAST ORANGE

Buy now where two hundred artistic homes are being built and a neighborhood of refinement is already established, in the park which joins the cities of Newark and East Orange.

Easy payments arranged on a most liberal plan. Money loaned to build.

This is a city where sewers, water, gas, sidewalks, curbs, shade trees and street lamps are already installed.

Directly at the Station, only 30 minutes to New York via Lackawanna Railroad and McAdoo tubes.

The marvelous growth of this section invites your immediate investigation.

Be our guest upon request.

E. L. SAWYER
President.
East Orange and Ampere Land Co.
1 Madison Av., New York,
and
Terminal Building, Hoboken, N. J.

From The Chatham Press, May 21, 1910.
It was our pleasure to inspect the new house recently built by Mr. Brokaw on Maple Street. To our mind the house is one of the most complete in Chatham. The arrangements are perfect. The floors are all of the best polished oak; the windows are large and cheerful, and everything speaks of good taste and good work. As everything was done by our local mechanics, it speaks well for the quality of work done in Chatham. Some one is going to get a beautiful home to live in.
The above is what the proprietor and publisher of the Chatham local newspaper had to say in his paper about The New Ideal House, built on honor on a large plot, and now for sale at a low price and on fair terms.
Lackawanna Road, 30 minutes from New York—hour from New York City—60 daily trains—Commutation low.
POSSESSION AT ONCE.
Brokaw New York & Suburban Realty Co., 100 Broadway, New York, and Chatham, N. J., adjoining Summit.

New Westfield House, on a hill, near depot; street cars, stores, school, churches, &c.; has sewer, water, gas, electric light, hardwood finish, fine decorations, stone walk, &c. Restricted. For sale cheap on easy terms. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway, New York City.

NEWARK, N. J.
$7,500. House, 10 rooms and bath; corner plot 100x100; best section; convenient to 5 railroads; elegant lawn; fine trees and shrubs. Owner, 29 Carteret St.

Ridgewood Bargain.—Six-room house, newly decorated; every improvement; large lot; beautiful lawn; abundant fruit; ten minutes station; $4,500. For terms and photos, Smith-Slinger Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Two-family flat house, all improvements, 28 Germania Av., Jersey City, one block from car line; time to Broadway, 15 minutes; price, $5,000; terms, $1,000 cash or more. Call or address John Weitzel, 63 Webster Av., Jersey City, N. J.

At Bergenfield, 35 Minutes Out.—Elegant new cottage, six rooms, bath; lot 100x100; fine location, near station and school; price, $4,000; $800 cash, balance $25 monthly; photograph mailed. Carl Hallberg, owner Ridgefield Park, N. J.

Beautiful building plot, well located, Westfield, 80x100, $700; only $10 cash, $7 monthly. Houses all around. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway, New York City.

Plot 100x100, Westfield, only $650; forest trees; near depot, trolley, and houses; $10 cash, balance monthly. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway, New York City.

Lake Hopatcong real estate; cottages for sale and to rent; some bargains, especially in high-class property. Campbell, 150 Broadway, New York.

Ocean View, Atlantic Highlands.—Furnished bungalow to let for Summer; inquire 120 Badger Av., Newark, N. J.

Five acres, cheap and good, close to Westfield. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway, New York City.

Farms, country homes, all kinds, everywhere, bargain list mailed. Lebkuecher, 78 Bible House, Manhattan.

Artistic Nutley houses, $4,750 up; choice lots $350 up. Lambert, 90 Nassau St., N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

WEEQUAHIC PARK
NEWARK **TRACT** NEWARK
A Handsome Residential Development.

This tract is almost as accessible from New York as it is from Market and Broad Streets, Newark. This property is directly opposite Weequahic Park, one of the handsomest park developments in Essex County. The Lehigh Valley "Park View" Passenger Station is located at the property. This Railroad is operated over the Pennsylvania R. R. tracks and ferries to New York.

Upon completion of Pennsylvania R. R. tunnels under the North River, this development is only 20 minutes from New York City, WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS ON JERSEY SIDE.
TERMS THAT WILL PERMIT YOU TO BUY—MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
Agents on Property. Maps and Particulars.
Take Lehigh Valley Train (Sunday), Pennsylvania Railroad Ferries. Or take Jersey Central, Pennsylvania or Lackawanna Railroad to Newark, and take Mt. Prospect Ave. or "Main" Line trolleys to property.
FRANK J. BOCK, 800 BROAD ST., NEWARK.

BUNGALOW FARM $100.

Charming retreat in the Orange Hills, one hour from New York; fare 15 cents; 10,000 sq. feet of land; $10 down, $5 monthly.
FREE 100 fruit trees planted on each acre. Call, write, or 'phone 4360 Beekman. B. LANE, Room 324 World Building.
This Bungalow, $275.

AT BEAUTIFUL DUMONT

$300 cash, and balance same as rent, will purchase an ideal, modern, $8,000 home, 8 rooms and bath; on large plot, few minutes' walk to station. Let us send you particulars of this property.
CHARLES C. HOUGH,
110 West 34th St.

A FIREPROOF HOME

Ten big rooms, $10,000.00
Brand new; complete equipment; built to be comfy, good-looking, individual, and, above all, to wear. In Orange, N. J. Write or 'phone
Kellogg-Green Co., 1 Mad. Ave., N. Y.

THREE HANDSOME COTTAGES
for rent on the ocean front at Long Branch, N. J.; eleven, eight, and seven bedrooms, respectively; three baths each; handsomely furnished; modern; plenty of ground; garages, stables; tennis court; moderate rental for all or one cottage for Summer. Van Huel & Holtson, or local agents, Long Branch.

GENTLEMAN'S COUNTRY HOME,
with all city conveniences; House, 12 rooms, 3 baths, stable, garage; large grounds, old trees; extensive views.
E. C. HOLMES AGENCY,
Summit, N. J.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Stamford, Conn.—Would rent at $600 for season to desirable tenant an attractive old place; 11 rooms and bath; well furnished; stable, garage, garden, fruit; 3¼ acres. 787 Main, Clarke Hill.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

114TH ST., 508 WEST.—Family, moving country, will sublet to October, sunny, cool, six room apartment; new fireproof building; low Summer rates; splendid view, over Park. Apartment 74.

Bachelor apartment, two rooms to sublet for Summer; electric light, shower bath, valet, meals; also single room, with bath. Apply to Superintendent at the Westerly, 108 West 94th St.

Seven all nice rooms, completely furnished, until October; every convenience; moderate rents; Subway, elevated. A. B. Knight, 153 West 80th St.

112TH ST. AND BROADWAY.—Exceptionally well-furnished, 6 rooms and bath; all improvements. Phone 6460 Mad.

202 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Choice apartment of nine rooms, furnished, to sublet for Summer. Hand, 8th floor.

Handsomely furnished apartment, 7 rooms, bath; moderate to desirable tenant. Dyett, 228 West 128d St.

Bachelor apartments, all improvements; reasonable. Von Hoffman, 29 West 20th St.

The contents of the day's best books of fiction, biography, sport, travel, and adventure diagnosed in The New York Times Saturday Review of Books. Mailed to any address for One Dollar a Year.—Adv.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

Apartment Ownership IN HARWOOD COURT

WILL INSURE a most desirable and luxurious home in a building admirably arranged and of a radically different type from any APARTMENT HOUSE HERETOFORE ERECTED.
It will contain many new and unusual features in both DUPLEX, STUDIO, and SIMPLEX APARTMENTS.
This MAGNIFICENT HOUSE WILL BE LOCATED AT 62d St. and Central Park West, FACING CENTRAL PARK WITH 100 FEET FRONTAGE.
BY ACTING PROMPTLY CHOICE APARTMENTS MAY YET BE SECURED at ATTRACTIVE PRICES. Full particulars on application to
NEW YORK URBAN REAL ESTATE COMPANY,
J. HARVEY WOOD, Jr., President.
160 Broadway.

PORTSMOUTH & HAMPSHIRE, 38-50 WEST 9TH STREET.

Desirable modern apartments, consisting of 4, 6, and 7 rooms and bath; open plumbing, steam heat, hall boys, &c.; elevators run all night; rents $650 to $1,400.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

We store your furniture, $2; moving, $3 van-load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-606 West 45th St. Telephone 2307—Bryant.

98th St., 53 WEST.—Six light rooms and bath, all improvements; rent, $20.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

HANDSOMEST APARTMENTS, 5, 6, 7, 8 ROOMS, ONE AND TWO BATHS, $40, $50, $60, $70, AT "THE BELFORT" ELEVATOR APARTMENT, CORNER POST ST. AND HAMILTON AVE., NEAR VAN CORTLANDT PARK. BEAUTIFUL ITALIAN ROOF GARDEN AND TENNIS COURTS. WRITE FOR PARTICULARS, GERBEREUX CO., 369 SOUTH BROADWAY, YONKERS.

VAN PRAAG
522-4 West 112th St.
Between Amsterdam and Broadway. Beautiful 5 room Apartments, $37.00; telephones, etc.

FIVE ROOMS—MORNINGSIDE PARK. Housekeeping conveniences; modern elevator building; restaurant optional. Morningside Av., east cor. West 115th St.

CATHEDRAL HEIGHTS,
Five rooms, elevator, telephone. 309 W. 115th.

Choice six-room corner apartment sub-let; modern; bargain; $35. Steinberg, 795 St. Nicholas Av.

96th St., 148 West.—Eight exceptionally large, light, newly decorated; heat, hot water; reduced rent.

East Side.

THE LEXINGTON,
144-48 EAST 23D ST.
Ground floor apartment 5 large rooms and bath; all night elevator, electric light, private telephone; rent, $50.
William Henry Folsom, 327 B'way, Gram. 5928

145 2D AVE.
CORNER OF 9TH ST.
8 rooms and bath, elevator, steam heat, etc. $40-$48.
FOLSOM BROTHERS, (Inc.,) 385 Broadway.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.
FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

41st St., 336 East.—Private house, newly decorated; five rooms and tiled bath; splendid house; 3 minutes to Grand Central. Inquire 288 East 43d, store.

Bronx.

UP-TO-DATE
All Street Apartments.
3, 4 and 5 ROOMS
ALL LIGHT and AIRY
In the best houses of the Tremont section.
Exceptionally Large Rooms, Beautifully Decarated.
With bath, steam heat, hot water, electric light, double floors, hardwood trim, telephone, etc. Also nice corner for drug store.
179th Street
Corner BATHGATE and WASHINGTON AVES.
CONVENIENT TO 177TH AND 180TH ST. 3D AVE. "L" STATIONS.

The HOME With A Playground
Save Summer Expenses
Children may romp and play at will without danger from automobiles or cars. This is but ONE of the many attractive features of HOMELIFE in the BEAUTIFUL NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENT.
"The Hunts Point"
163D AND SIMPSON STS.
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD.
HANDSOMEST ENTRANCE HALL IN THE CITY.
2 or 3 rooms, kitchenette, and bath; 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms, 1 to 3 baths, at the extremely low
Rents, $300 to $1,000
HENRY MORGENTHAU CO.,
Tel. 4600 Melrose.
Open for inspection day and night.

A.—Extra choice apartments in two-family houses; large closets; rents reasonable; come and see them. 165th St. and Walton Av.

Brooklyn.

Five large light rooms and bath; halls heated and carpeted; janitor service; rent, $19 and $20, owner on premises. 89 Kingston Av., Brooklyn.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

To Rent, Furnished.—Gentleman's country place, north shore of Long Island; easy commuting; eleven rooms; all improvements; shady lawn; large piazza; rent, $75 per month. G. H. F., 980 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

Hot days coming! Cool Cape Cod! Wychmer seashore cottages, (Harwich, Mass.) complete appointments; beautiful surroundings; tennis; $675. Cape, 505 West 124th St.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN Cottage, 8 rooms, near Essex, $150 season. E.W. Leaming, 230 Lee Av., Albany, N.Y.

Seven-room cottage, furnished; one hour from city; shade trees; near Great South Bay; the Summer or longer; $25 monthly.

Bronx.

Breathe the fresh air o' nights!

Leave the "bad" air downtown. Come up to the Bronx—the air is always fine up here!
Play tennis (*free private courts for you*)—feel the red blood *jump* in your veins!
Add to your other pleasures that of living in

The A-RE-CO Apts.

At Simpson Street Subway Station
Only 30 minutes from Downtown

ELEVATOR	NON-ELEVATOR
4 to 6 rooms	4 to 6 rooms
All-night Service	$21 to $39

Large, light, perfectly ventilated rooms. Electric lights. Hardwood floors. Artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Free Tennis Courts, Swings, Sand Piles, etc., in our Private A-RE-CO Park.
Apply to Rental Office, 1028 Simpson Street (at Simpson Street Subway Station). Take Lenox Ave. Express.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Bargains in Used Pianos

STEINWAY Upright, $335. STEINWAY Upright, $175. STEINWAY Baby Grand, $[illegible]. KNABE Upright, $350. KRANICH & BACH Upright, $300. 3 WEBER Uprights, $175 each, $350. WISSNER Upright, $195. BRADBURY Upright, $115. MILTON Upright, $[illegible]. CHICKERING Upright, $200. JAMES & HOLMSTROM Upright, $175. SOHMER Baby Grand, $500. IVERS & POND Upright, $[illegible]. BIDDLE Upright, (New,) $175. FISCHER Upright, (finest style,) $300. WEBER Upright Piano, Piano, cost $1,375, few weeks use, now $1,275. HAINES Upright, $165.
New York Salesrooms for IVERS & POND PIANOS.
STRICH & ZEIDLER PIANOS.
GENUINE MATHUSHEK PIANOS.
New and Used Pianos on Convenient Terms.
Home of the Tel-Electric Player
The Tel-Electric Company,
(Tel-Electric Building)
299 Fifth Ave., Cor. 31st St.

INSTRUCTION.

Ethical Culture School Central Park West and 63rd Street.
Kindergarten, Elementary, High School and Normal Dept.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the application of ALEXANDER-BALL-COOPER COMPANY, a domestic corporation, for authority to change its name to ALEXANDER-BALL-COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given that Alexander-Ball-Cooper Company, a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York at Special Term, Part I, thereof, to be held at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 20th day of June, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing the said corporation to change its corporate name from "Alexander-Ball-Cooper Company" to "Alexander-Ball-Company."
Dated New York, May 26, 1910.
ALEXANDER-BALL-COOPER COMPANY,
By AUGUST O. HODDICK, President.
B. GERSON OPPENHEIM, Attorney for Petitioner, 277 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN APPOINTED executor of the estate of Daniel [illegible] Blackburn. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them; and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make payment to FRANK H. WYMAN, [illegible] West 83d St.

A Special Section

of Next Sunday's Times will be devoted to reproductions of scenes attendant upon the

Funeral of King Edward VII.

Representatives of all the great nations took part in these last honors to England's dead ruler. These and other scenes will be vividly shown.

This will be in addition to the usual

Beautiful Pictorial Section

which will contain fine photographs of news events and persons of interest. There will be a

FINE PORTRAIT OF JULIA WARD HOWE AT 91.
SPRING ARRIVALS AT THE ZOO.
AEROPLANE FLIGHTS AT MINEOLA.
THE 1,600 MILE MOTOR BOAT RACE.
THE WOMAN SUFFRAGE PARADE.
SOME OLD CIVIL WAR TIME PHOTOGRAPHS,
"THE SURRENDER OF YORKTOWN," PAINTED BY LAURENS.
THE COMMISSION SENT TO THE HAGUE.
FETE CHANTECLER FOR CHARITY.

There will also be a Magazine Section of well-illustrated special articles of general interest. They will include these subjects:

THE PROBLEMS OF PERSIA AND THE NEAR EAST.
PRESIDENT TAFT'S INTIMATE FRIENDS.
THE INTIMATES OF ENGLAND'S NEW KING.
RELIEVING NEW YORK'S CONGESTION.
PRINCETON'S GRADUATE SCHOOL PLANS.
HY. MAYER'S PAGE OF CLEVER CARTOONS.

Be sure to order early

Next Sunday's Times

TO LOOK INTO KEISER SALE.

Widow of Art Collector Asks President Mitchel to Investigate Auction.

The case of Hyman Van Brink, the auctioneer of the Broadway Art Gallery, against whom Mrs. Ora L. Keiser, widow of the late Gen. Keiser, obtained an injunction on Wednesday compelling him to stop an advertised sale of paintings, was brought yesterday to the attention of President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen, who has jurisdiction over auctioneers.

Mrs. Keiser called on the President at City Hall and made affidavit that pictures had been incluđed in the sale as belonging to her husband which he did not own. The matter will be investigated.

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. 15—Herr v. Tweedie Trading Co. 16—Tweedie Trading Co v. Herr. 293—In re Clipper Mfg Co. 304—In re Watts-Woodward Press. 305—In re Strachnow. 306—Consol Soap Co v. Miner. 307—French Silver Dragee Co v. U S. 309—Marks v. Firemen's Fund Ins Co. 310—Korzib v. Netherlands Am Nav Co. 312—Heinze v. U S. 312—Catchings v. Chatham Nat Bank.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Lacombe, J. Motion calendar. 1—Lungen v. Northern S S Co. 2—Frank v. Bernard. 3—Bernier v. Griscom Spencer Co. 4—Gorham Mfg Co v. Di Salvo. 5—Lovell McConnell v. Lowe Co. 6—Same v. Ramadell. 7—Strobel v. Rio de Janeiro, &c, Co. 8—Infant Incubator Co v. same. 9—Vaughan v. Hartford F I Co. 10—Motion Picture Pat Co v. Centaur Film Co. 11—McKinnon v. Cont Finance Co. 12—Am Lead Pencil Co v. Gottlieb & Sons. 12—Lovell McConnell v. Nat Auto Supply Co. 14—Mygatt v. Haskins Glass Co. 15—In re Singer. 16—Rasmus v. Fried. 17—Havens v. Frorup. 18—Ives Inventions v. Inddri Color Co. 19—Gillette Safety Razor Co v. Wolf. 20—Fallenfabriken, &c, v. Kirschstein. 21—Same v. Goldblatt. 22—Same v. Bernstein.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hazel, J.—Admiralty. 149—Haine v. City of N Y. 175—Ford v. Tug Mahoney. 176—Otis v. Tug Transfer No. 20. 176—Boffey v. Arbuckle, &c. 180—Union Ferry Co v. S S Providence. 139—Paulson v. Tugs Vigilant and Dart. 128, 141—United Transpt, &c, Co v. N Y Balt Transp Co. 191—Carter v. Yacht Aloha.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Erlanger, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Seaman v. Stirn. 2—Hermendinger v. Levy. 3—Lang v. Lang. 4—Studebaker Bros Co v. Western N Y & Penn Co. 5—Kencran v. City of N Y. 6—Montion v. same. 7—Calmon Asbestos & Rubber Works v. Asbest, &c. 8—Levison v. Hirelson. 9—State Investing Co v. Uhlfelder. 10—Same v. Weinberg. 11—Cappellino v. Fuchs. 12—Marshall v. Perry. 13—Weill v. Reiser. 14—In re Cohn. 15—Greenhman v. Dobrow. 16—In re Black Motor Car Co. 17—Frelt v. Tribune Assn. 19—Holzman v. Galant. 19—Anderson v. Smitley. 20—King v. Doerr. 21—Corsari v. Corsari. 22—McElgin v. City of N Y. 23, 24—In re Bronx Boulevard. 25—Tantleff v. Lerner. 26—In re Joachim. 27—Cowlin v. Cowlin. 28—McKnight v. Stanley Hoisting Co. 29—Mollnari v. Murphy. 30—Slovis v. Rodgers. 31—Guistino v. Mahoney. 32—Nussbaumy v. Walsh. 33—Pell v. Pell. 34—Spencer v. Hardin. 35—Noot v. Noot. 36—McCafferty v. Bloom. 37—Stapelton v. La Shelle. 38—Buhrman v. Juster. 39—Nyleoil Co v. Mears. 40, 41—Brown v. Brown. 41½—In re Leyersohn. 42—Beinhauer v. Grossman. 43—In re Cantone. 44—Equitable Life Ins Co v. Kuntz. 45—In re Malcolm. 46—Esselhorn v. Esselhorn. 47—McGill v. City of N Y. 48—Farwell v. Boody. 49—Ottingen v. Bennett. 50—Busbee v. Prince. 51—Muller v. City of Phila. 52—Laufer v. Lefkowitz. 53—Fuchs v. Herrmann. 54—Hollander v. Haigney. 55—Whiteside v. Verity. 56—La Banque Provinciale du Canada v. Reed. 57—Borglum v. Prendergast. 58—Korkatti v. Duluth, South Shore, &c, Ry. 59—Donovan v. Donovan. 60—Messe v. Meyer & Co. 61—Stein v. Silverberg. 62—Risser v. Weil. 63—Youmenhols v. Simon. 64—Wading River Realty Co v. Lopez. 65—Stuyvesant v. Schleicher. 66—Menocal v. Menocal. 67—Schwortsreich v. Andrews. 68—Standard Trust Co v. U S Restaurant Co. 69—Hustace v. Hustace. 70—Van Rensselaer v. Dorsey. 71—Brewster v. Brewster Co. 72—Messe v. Meyer & Co. 73—In re Thomas. 74—Weissner v. Central Park, &c, R R. 75—Dickinson v. Northern Bank. 76—Mente v. Benjamin. 77—De Jong v. De Jong. 78—In re Kenny. 79—Yanowitz v. Yanowitz. 80—Slade v. Squier. 81—Quinn v. La Barbera. 82—Clark v. Johnston. 83—In re Tonner. 84—Cowlin v. Cowlin. 85—King v. Hart. 86—Ambrose v. Orbach. 87—Hammer v. Arnold. 88—Williamson v. Pendergast. 89—Oppenheim v. Bloomingdale Bros. 90—Hogan v. Imperial Repair, &c, Co. 91—Kaulbach v. Knick Knack Trust Co. 92—Curner v. Curnen. 93—Brown v. Nichthauser. 94—In re Rateau Sales Co. 95—Gredinger v. Higgins. 96—Kohl v. Jetter. 97, 98—In re Brown. 99—Weissner v. Central Park, &c, Ry.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—McCall, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Gerard, J.—Motions. Demurrer. 2498—Morris v. Morris. Preferred cause. 5563—McLean v. Am News Service. General calendar. 4824—Stetson v. Stetson.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Newburger, J.—6477—Cameron v. Williams Eng & Const Co. 7492—Friedman v. Korn, 7455—Kurland v. same. 7691—Teeter v. Bklyn Range Boiler Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Henricks, J.—3431—Jones v. N Y C & H R R R. 3808—Von Lengerke v. City of N Y. 7097—Tunka v. same. 3964—Eaton v. Aste. 4020—Rheinhardt v. Fleischman. 3038—Gismano v. City of N Y. 4027—O'Neill v. same. 3903—Esposito v. same. 7480—Dromeshauer v. Pelham Operating Co. 3419—Page v. Wilson. 8478—Ross v. Ruppert. 8103—Caslin v. Reed & Barton Co. 3487—Rakas v. Astoria Marble Co. 8546—Calizza v. McGuire. 8471—Gelder v. Internatl Ore Treating Co. 2826—Wahlheimer v. Press Pub Co. 4069—Jonasson v. 20th Century Auto, &c, Co. 3990—Brady v. Wohfield. 3895—Barret v. William Young Co. 8707—Rosental v. City of N Y. 8737—Vols v. same. 4042—Quinn v. same. 4127—Gleason v. same. 1341—Schleiter v. J. W Streeton Co. 3959—Hayne v. Johnson. 3974—Massa v. Mutual Milk & Cream Co. 3984—Vaughan v. Cary. 3839—Smith v. Simpson. 452—Hartman v. N Y Cont Co. 3569—Patterson v. C Lehman Co. 3537—Wagner v. Stevenson. 8446—Weinbrenner v. Fleischman Co. 4004—Munson v. Volweiler. 4009—Capra v. Martin. 4012—Munn v. Moltzen, 4018—Graf v. Jackson. 4014—Dryglewski v. N Y Foundry Co. 4015—Munn v. Moltzen. 4018—Claffone v. Erasmo. 4031—Davis v. Weisberger. 4034—Gherson v. Hayward.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Greenbaum, J.—Inquest. 5542—Triplex Tele Mfg Co v. Brown. Inquest. 5310—Schaefer v. Schilling. Inquest. 5408—Am Bonding Co v. Sherlock Co. 5224—Brown & Sons Co v. Mallett. 5242—Cone v. Adler. 5240—Mandal v. Mishkind-Feinberg R Co. 5302—Andrews v. Dresser. 5356—Franco v. Radt. 5379—Wessels v. Bristol. 5409—Shefer v. Carter. 5414—Cauchos v. Palymero. 5068—Perley v. Williams. 4546—Brokaw v. Sherry. 5384—Green v. Coster. 4222—Majestic Hotel Co v. Lewis. 214—Old Dominion S S Co v. Kelley. 4249—Gans v. Montgomery. 4523—Paskusz v. Phila Cas Co. 4018—Flanagan v. City of N Y. 5685—Converse v. Oxford Knitting Mills. 5433—Moore v. Mooney. 5447—Wiggaman v. Man Storage, &c, Co. 5445—Phippen v. Sterling Fire Ins Co. 5464—Lee v. Jamaica Park South Realty Co. 5467—Javerbeck v. Vreeland. 5481—Eagan v. Tompkins. 5487—Asphalt Paving & Con Co v. City of N Y. 5489—Kratzenstein Co v. Clyde S S Co. 5501—Hahn v. Travis. 5508—Hackett v. McIlvaine Adjustment Co. 5507—Franco v. Radt. 5514—Walford v. Specht. 5520—Mente v. Benjamin. 5521—Title Guarantee and Trust Co v. City of N Y. 5522—Justin v. Florsheim. 5528—N Y C & H R R R v. People's Surety Co. 5537—Doherty v. Engle. 5540—Hogan v. Revillon Freres. 5553—Rothenberg v. Rothenberg. 5558—Caldwell v. City of N Y. 5572—Parcells v. Murphy. 5589—Dwight v. Guanajuato and Milling Co. 5590—Carpenter v. Hurt. 5592—Blier v. Bloch. 5596—Federal Union Surety Co v. Ostreicher. 5614—Moder v. Cohen. 5617—Taylor v. Met Fireproof Storage, &c, Co. 5627—Torchiana v. Willetts. 5643—Finck v. Teichman Eng & Const Co. 5644—Nat Surety Co v. Empire State Surety Co. 5647—McGinnes v. Weinberg. 5651—Mitchell v. McAlpin. 5653—Gibney v. Dining. 5658—Barber v. Thurston. 5676—Parber v. Garfinkel. 5226—Kupferschmid v. Kraushaar. 5468—Brower v. City of N Y. 4726, 4727, 4728—Norman v. Bergstrom. 1309—Joseph v. Sulzberger. 5210—Knick Choc Co v. Carleton. 5423—Stevens v. Marten & Co. 5476—City of N Y v. Eastern Garment Co. 5512—Carpenter v. Boston Ins Co. 5516—Mitchell v. Klaw. 5523—Luzzi v. Consol Litho Co. 5551—Buck v. Faucett. 5591—Sutton v. Hearn. 5604—Jackson v. Levine. 5607—Greenberg v. Manowitz. 5610—Wetherbee Igniter Co v. Wallace. 5624—Nussbaum v. Walsh. 5638—Kuliman v. Kest. 5668—William Hageman & Co v. Walsh. 1904—Milliard Const Co v. Aetna Ind Co.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S. Motion calendar. Frank C. Meehan, Nina L. Rieger, James S. Coleman, Elizabeth Merz, Mary I. Everdell, Antoinette Gescheidt, Giuseppe Farraro, Michele Barano, William H. Kelly, Annie W. Stern, Kate Goldberger, Diego Brundu, Mary E. Hart, Richard Walsh, Pasquale Catania, Mario Antonio Mosa, Giovanni Rosario Castano Vitale, Thomas Mc-Keon, Nicholas Neuberth, Emily Trischett, Kate Smullen, Valentine Cook, Lawrence Odell, J. George Schenk, George H. Romaine, Max Gebauer, Solomon Bachrach, Marie L. W. Brooks, Johann H. Helken, Margaret E. Dows, Henry Corse, Lena Hecht, Eugene Metaltas, Andrew Fugent, Caroline J. Bachman, James Murphy, Alfred Risberg, Gertrude M. Hankinson, Helen M. Benedict, John Dorsch, Abram T. Armstrong, John B. Doerr, Quincy A. Shaw, Elena B. De Julia, Phebe Anna Thorne, Louis Schneider, Marie E. Schneider, William Waters, Mary A. Seat, Singleton L. Crawford, Dereese L. Crawford, Mary Lyons, Cecelia Kelly, Rachel S. Morrison, Adelhait Meyer, Josephine Erbe. Wills for probate. Edward J. Parker, Mary A. Cassilow, James Maguin, Michele Scangarella, Betsy Schmalz, Charles H. Macy, Montgomery Gibson, Cecila G. Boyle, Richard W. Foley, Margaret P. Butterly, Mary Tompkins.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—McAvoy, J.; Part II., Finelite, J.; Part III., Smith, J.; Part V., Green, J.; Part VI., Donnelly, J.; Part VII., Delehanty, J. No trial calendar.

La Fetra, J., Calendar called in Part III. at 9:45 A. M. 6850—Rosenblum v. Levy. 6834—Karpf v. Singer. 7236—Gahan v. Pinchas. 7270—Hart v. Manufacturers' Co. 6250—Link v. N Y Mutual Ben Society. 6098—Kringel v. Gargullo. 4015—Corn v. B & M. 5338—Hartog v. Henschel. 7377—Marmarstern v. Schwartz. 6860—Seaman v. McQuade. 5089—Tucci v. Cons Gas Co. 5721—Schloss v. Lichtig. 7268—Morway v. Int R T Co. 1604—Lott v. Finklestein. 6905—Holpern v. Rogers. 6325—Curtis v. Dodge Co. 5397—Ferrone v. Donnelly. 7464—Zimmerman v. Holde. 5845, 5846—Majori v. Volpe. 8927½—Du Mazuel v. Brenner. 7419—Daeli v. Dilg. 6980—Bernstein v. Ritter Bros. 6990—Garfinkel v. Murphy.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—2142—Applegate v. Bergman. 2118—Nelken v. Jedel. 2119—Valenza v. United Surety Co. 2166—Fordon v. Fowler. 2173—Paoli v. Motto. 2050—Putnam v. Foley. 1998—Ponzani v. Illinois Surety Co. 1999—Cacci v. same. 2018—Domiano v. same. 2118—Krakower v. Matthes. 2108—Kaufman v. Fernwood Nursing. 2109—Murphy v. Prudential Ins Co. 2161—Harmon v. Shapiro. 2162—Sotschek Co v. Van Hagen. 2163—Baker v. Hacker. 2174—Finnegan v. Butler.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Wynne v. Borden's Condensed Milk Co—John B Golden.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J.—Daly v. Daly—James B Butler.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J.—Wm McBrien v. Lena Hall—John J Mackin.

CITY COURT—Lynch, J.—Julius Redlich v. Maurice H Gatchel—Wm J Kindgen. Caroline Bookman v. Jeane L Smith—Peter McElligott.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Clark, J. 4110—Kammerer v. Panitz. 4725—Pollak v. Pollak.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term.—Part I., Blackmar, J.; Part II., Maddox, J.; Part III., Stapleton, J.; Part V., Kelly, J.; Part VI., Jaycox, J. 8075—Buchner v. Title Guaranty Co. 1292—Dietz v. Van Buren. 8571—Sheehan v. Nassau R R. 1963—Flynn v. Nassau R R. 1642—India Wharf Brewery v. Kane. 8862—Sheehan v. Somerville. 8810—St. George Contracting Co v. City of N Y. 1284—Lynch v. Jughart. 7315—Denler v. Boncevur. 1719—Sweet v. Morris. 808—Benedix v. B H R R. 2905—Ramalli v. Brooklyn Eagle Co. 447—McHugh v. B H R R. 7231—Mayor Lane Co v. Brien. 7243—Mannington Glass Works v. Ironclad Mfg Co. 8801—Hess v. Lachfelan, Jr. 2886—Knight v. Interborough Rapid Transit. Highest number reached on regular call, 3060.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part II., May 27, Dike, J.—Actions triable by the court without a jury. 1087—Brooklyn Ash Can Mfg Co v. Rubeb. 1305—Wolfe v. Strein. Motions and ex-parte business.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT—Special Term—Humphrey, J. Tortora v. Bennett. Slavik v. Burns. Egan v. Elmendorf. Glass v. Weiss. Agnese v. De Frain and others.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

FRANK COOK.—Judge Hazel has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Jan 21 by Frank Cook, agent, of 270 West Thirty-ninth Street.

CHARLES BETTELS.—Judge Hazel has appointed Julius G. Kramer receiver in bankruptcy for Charles Bettels, wholesale dealer in cheese at 394 Greenwich Street, with a bond of $1,000.

HARRY H. HERMAN.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Harry H. Herman, clothing dealer at 2,792 Third Avenue, show liabilities of $5,893, and assets of $1,648, consisting of stock and fixtures, $1,075; accounts, $571, and cash in bank, $2.

JOHN P. REILLY.—John P. Reilly, a city employe, living at 1,976 Honeywell Avenue, the Bronx, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,015 and no assets. The debts are for books, $301; jewelry, $160; loan, $400, and on notes, $152.

CHRISTIAN LINDINGER. — Schedules in bankruptcy of Christian Lindinger, cafe, and restaurant, 92 William St., show liabilities of $11,803 and assets of $2,374, consisting of fixtures, $2,000, and accounts, $374. Among the creditors are Woodbridge Company, $3,000, rent; George Sugarman, $1,000, secured; F. Vogelin, $1,900, and Rubsam & Horrman Brewing Company, $1,300.

FERNAND DREYFUS.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Fernand Dreyfus, manufacturer of artificial flowers at 682 Broadway, show liabilities of $24,159 and assets of $2,000, stock and fixtures, sold by the receiver. He owes $933 for wages. Among the creditors are Alphonse Moses, $6,900, secured; J. H. Fithian & Co., $2,100; Alois Schwerge, Vienna, Austria, $1,185; Perkins Van Bergen, $930, and Parker-Wilder Co., $580.

WEINSTEIN & MAHER CLOTHING COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Weinstein & Maher Clothing Company, manufacturers of clothing at 18 West Fourth Street, by James, Schell & Elkus, for these creditors: Converse, Stanton & Co., $1,000; Fleitman & Co., $100, and McKenny, Field & Woodman, $500. The liabilities are $62,745 and the normal assets $62,649. The company was incorporated in October, 1908, with a capital stock of $51,000.

W. H. ROE COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the William H. Roe Company, wholesale dealers in dry goods, at 895 Broadway, by Arnon L. Squiers for these creditors: James B. Selvwright, $274; Arnold & Arnstein, $128, and Wright & Graham Company, $376. It was alleged that the company is insolvent and on May 24 admitted in writing inability to pay its debts. It was stated that the assets are slightly in excess of $15,000. The company was incorporated on July 1, 1907, with a capital stock of $100,000.

SCHLESINGER, ENGELKING & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Schlesinger, Engelking & Co., (corporation,) jobbers in toys at 2,558 Third Avenue, by Hoyn & Covington, for these creditors: George Borgfeldt & Co., $2,896; Roaring Springs Blank Book Company, 1,120, and Strobel & Wilkin Company, $2,024. It was alleged that the corporation is insolvent and made preferential payments to the Corn Exchange Bank, $200; J. Schapiro, $350; Max Schlesinger and William Engelking, officers of the company, amounts unknown. It was also alleged that at a meeting of creditors on March 18 the corporation agreed that the proceeds of fire insurance policies amounting to $14,000 should be paid to a committee of creditors for pro rata distribution among the creditors, but the corporation, without the consent of the committee, on May 19 paid $10,000 of the money to S. S. Sonnenfeld & Co., creditors, in adjustment of their claim. N. S. Smith was designated Special Master. Assets are about $18,000. The company was incorporated on April 20, 1908, with a capital stock of $25,000. Max Schlesinger, President, and William Engelking, Treasurer.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts of more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Arthur, Archibald, et al—W. H. Cummings, $100.
Baubahn, Sibylla—Royal Furniture Co., $101.
Barrett, William M., President—T. H. McCarthy, $2,345.
Blanke, Martha, or Schlesinger—Tomback & McPhee, $122.
Bonnell, George P. P.—F. D. Colcord, $122.
Bergold, Eva—Nassau Electric R. R. Co., $445.
Babcock, Archer D.—C. C. Durlingham et al., $11,889.
Carroda, Frank—Foundation Contracting Co., costs, $278.
Calvi, Minerva—M. Rothberg, $121.
Cohen, Aaron—N. Y. Butchers' Dressed Meat Co., $271.
Cook, Peter, executor—E. Fabry, $1,500.
Edwards, Nathan—Darling Brothers Co., $459.
Elcholtz, Robert W.—C. C. Burlingham et al., $2,441.
Faust, Paul—City of N. Y., $106.
Feldman, Morris—Same, $106.
Finkenauer, Ferdinand—Same, $106.
Fischman, Isidor—Same, $193.
Fitzgerald, Hugh—Same, $100.
Fleisch, William—Same, $456.
Freeman, Samuel—J. Levy, $303.
Fleming, George E.—L. Lawrence et al., $1,522.
Golden, Jacob and Isidor, (not summoned,) et al.—C. S. Fishman, $181.
Garland, Walter—City of New York, $201.
Gallo, Antonio—Same, $281.
Garrett, Seymour D.—Same, $201.
Gilbert, Elizabeth—Same, $456.
Ginsburg, Bessie—Same, $106.
Ginsburg, Max—Same, $106.
Ginsberg, Philip—Same, $106.
Glickenstein, Abraham—Same, $106.
Greenberger, Siegfried B.—Same, $201.
Griffiths, Samuel—Same, $201.
Grippen, Sarah—Same, $201.
Griffen, Henry—Same, $201.
Graves, Charles D.—City of New York, $183.
Gring, Henry—Same, $201.
Grimm, Henry F.—Same, $201.
Griffith, George W.—Same, $456.
Holmes, Edgar A., and Elinor M.—F. L. Fishhamilton, Schuyler V. C.—M. Leweck et al., $582.
Hazlett, William C.—Pittsburg Life and Trust Co., $1,230.
Howell, Finley W.—Knickerbocker Trust Co., $641.
Hays, Kate S.—C. E. McNamara, $668.
Jacobs, Emil—J. Rogallner et al., $113.
Kaufman, Morris—A. Goldman, $881.
Kennedy, James J.—H. Stein, costs, $111.
Levy, Aaron J.—S. Shultz, $426.
Leary, William J.—W. M. Smith et al., $6,083.
Luff, Harry M.—H. E. Luff, costs, $150.
Langsdorf, Sigmund, and Morris et al.—E. Lowey, $288.
Lyon, Emma—H. Carpenter, $25,980.
Mueller, Arthur, Frank, and Oswald—H. E. Kuhlman, $189.
Same—Same, $493.
Mueller, Adolph, Frank, (not summoned) and Oswald (not summoned)—Same, $201.
Moser, Adolph, and Annie—J. A. Schappert, $4,908.
McCrea, A. Wallace, et al.—J. Newmark, $316.
McGarrell, Peter—J. Sinnott et al., $814.
McGloine, Mary—Nassau Electric Railroad Co., $224.
McNichols, Mary A.—G. L. Welling, $332.
Nelson, Mark—Interborough Cigar Co., $144.
Ohrenstein, Abraham—S. Greenstein, $215.
Pope, Helen M.—T. J. Rieley et al, $163.
Rosenfelx, Samuel—R. E. Leavitt et al., $610.
Reynolds, Thomas L., et al.—P. J. Levine, $579.
Same—Same, $478.
Same—Same, $576.
Same—Same, $276.
Rothschild, Edward, et al.—F. Lowey, $288.
Rubens, Sacharo—R. Gerahensohn, $177.
Schlesinger, Martha or Blanke—Tomback & McPhee, $122.
Sullivan, Timothy D., et al.—P. J. Devine, $576.
Same—Same, $478.
Same—Same, $579.
Same—Same, $576.
Stitzer, Abraham—S. Abramson et al., $283.
Sweeney, Thomas F.—S. Hubert Guild, $223.
Schinasi, Solomon J.—J. Hubert, $1,400.
Senger, Harry and Mack W.—Stein Double Cushion Tire Co., $1,833.
Slavik, Ignatz C.—A. T. A. Schneider, $116.
Schmidt, Gustave A., (not summoned,) et al.—Alberene Stone Co., $253.
Stephan, Frederick—Alberene Stone Co., $253.
Straiton, George F.—C. C. Burlingham et al., $7,481.
Tyson, Fay L.—B. K. Marx, $234.
Villano, Joseph—J. Naclerio, $1,044.
Van Cleve, Rebecca C.—R. B. Cowing, $181.
Wolf, Alexander—Superior Savings and Trust Co., $127.
Whitmore, George—M. B. Miller et al., $234.
Wermes, Jacob, et al.—German Exchange Bank, $104.
Whitehead, Jennie G. and Frederick F.—M. Gambetti, $101.
Wetziar, Julius—M. F. C. Steindler, $4,605.
Walker, W. B.—J. L. Norman, $3,267.
White, Frank E.—F. Riker, $269.
Welsbecker, Charles, Jr.—E. Kollar et al., $2,250.
Yamin, Habid—O. W. Fredenrich, $2,058.
Yawman Tonopah Keystone Mining Co.—J. M. Manning, $359.
Bankers' Building Bureau (not summoned) et al.—J. Newmark, $318.
Standard Fashion Co. of New York—Hennessy-Robinson Co., costs, $155.
City of New York—M. E. Glimm, $2,892.
Palmer Sheet Metal Works, Inc., et al.—G. R. Sutherland, $546.
Acme Roofing Co. et al.—Same, $546.
Home Theatre Co.—Metropolitan Express Co., $1,196.
Princess Amusement Co.—H. Scarborough, $178.
Byron W. Green, Jr., Co.—17th St Realty Co., $788.
Fidelity Warehouse Co.—P. R. G. Horst, $2,252.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Cook, Frank—M. Donnelly, Nov. 16, 1909, $1,463.
Central Railroad of New Jersey—M. Whitney, May 16, 1910, $3,637.
Chemical Engraving Co.—American Tract Society, April 27, 1910, $1,097.
Faiello, Pasquale—S. Tataglione, March 23, 1910, $119.
Gregory, James and Allie S.—H. Rothschild, March 17, 1910, $166.
Kramer, Nathan—S. Seligman, May 13, 1910, $382.
Levin, Jacob—J. C. Wechsler, Oct. 21, 1909, $113.
Lidgey, Helen—H. N. Rowe, March 11, 1910, $173.
Lutz, Peter—Fowler Co., Jan. 5, 1910, $122.
Murphy, Robert P., Hotel Co.—M. C. Dyer, May 25, 1910, $473.
New York Taxicab Co.—N. Crandall, May 23, 1910, $150.
Rath, Henry C.—J. R. Maxwell et al., Oct. 22, 1903, $1,078.
St. Louis County Bank—J. Strauss, May 24, 1910, $2,602.
Schwarz, Gerson—E. Kohn et al., April 24, 1909, $540.
Silverson, Abraham—Crane Co., Dec. 13, 1907, $113.
White, Thomas F., Com.—B. Waller, April 23, 1910, $224.
Reade, Martha A.—C. Collins, April 13, 1901, (canceled,) $221.
Reichbart, Aaron—J. H. Lowenstein, May 13, 1910, (canceled,) $635.
Sitner, Abraham—Abraham & Potter, May 25, 1910, (canceled,) $243.

Hotels and Restaurants

WHERE TO DINE.
Travelers' Co., 20 West 34th St. Tel. 3473 Murray.

LÜCHOW'S
108 to 114 EAST 14TH ST. (Tel. 1480 Stuyvesant).
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE AND TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.

CAFE BOULEVARD
SECOND AVE. AND TENTH STREET.
NEW ADDITION Gentlemen's Cafe in course of construction.
OPEN AIR DINING JUNE TO SEPTEMBER

CAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, GRILL and BANQUET ROOM. MUSIC. Vocal and Instrumental.
258-260 W. 23d St.

Little Hungary 257 E. Houston. Tdh., with wine. Hungarian Music and Singers Every Evening.

MARLBOROUGH
HOTEL. B'way & 36th St. Music.
Table d'Hote Dinner $1.00. Theatre Suppers.

Herald Square Hotel 34th St., just west of B'way. A la carte.

Port Arthur Chinese Restaurant. Alc., Tdh. 7 & 9 Mott St. See Eve. Telegram.

NEW CAFE
MORETTI
51-53-55 West 35th St., bet. 5th and 6th Avs.
The New Addition
(Formerly Cafe Francis) Now Open.
BEST DINNER IN TOWN 65c
With red or white wine. MUSIC, SONG.

MOTOR CAR RUNS
Automobile Tours from N. Y., (illust'd,) 10c.

CHATEAU des BEAUX-ARTS
(HOTEL AND RESTAURANT),
on Beautiful Huntington Bay, L. I.,
NOW OPEN
"THE RIVIERA OF AMERICA."
35 miles picturesque, dustless roads, north shore, including Vanderbilt Cup course. MUSIC. Tel., 200—Huntington. BUSTANOBY BROS.

CONSUMERS PARK
Hotel. Cafe. New Summer and Winter Gardens.
1,077 Washn. Av., E. Prospect Park. Tel. 492 Flatbush.
Band Concerts. Capacity 2,000. Alc. & Tdh.

FAR ROCKAWAY ARMS L. I. Now Open. Cuisine Francaise.

GLENWOOD-HUNGARIA 25 m. Glenwood, L. I. Op. all yr. On the Sound.

LONG BEACH CASINO L. I. 38 miles. Cuisine Francaise.

Ravenhall Next to Steeplechase, Home of Elite. Coney Island

STAUCH'S CONEY ISLAND. Open all yr. High-class Rest. Alc. Music.

SUMMER RESORTS.
1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, $1.25. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

MOUNTAIN AND LAKE RESORTS.
Send ten cents in stamps to General Passenger Agent, Lackawanna Railroad, No. 90 West St., New York, for beautiful Summer Home book,
"MOUNTAIN AND LAKE RESORTS."

NEW YORK—Cooperstown.
THE NEW **O-TE-SA-GA**
OTSEGO LAKE,
COOPERSTOWN, N. Y.
"ON THE SCENIC TOUR."
will open for the 2nd season July 2nd, under the personal management of Mr. J. D. Price (of Anderson & Price Co.) For information, booklets, automobile route cards, &c., address 1122 Broadway, 248 Fifth Ave., or Hotel Bretton Hall, 86th St. & B'way, New York.

NEW YORK—Seneca Lake.
Avoid the danger of discomfort of an ocean voyage by taking your course of Nauheim Baths at
THE GLEN SPRINGS
THE AMERICAN NAUHEIM.
A Health Resort and Hotel.
The only place in America using a Natural Brine for the Nauheim Baths. Complete Hydrotherapeutic, Mechanical and Electrical equipment. For descriptive booklets and full information address Wm. E. Leffingwell, President, Watkins, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks.
THE WINDSOR,
Adirondacks,
Elizabethtown, N. Y.
A modern hotel of the most beautiful section of the Adirondacks. Rooms en suite, with private bath; orchestra, golf links. Official hotel A. C. A. & A. A. A. Large garage. Illustrated booklet on application.
ORLANDO KELLOGG & SON.

STAR LAKE INN OPENS JUNE 24TH, 1910. Altitude 2,000 feet; accommodates 200; good boating and fishing; grand scenery; no hay fever; electricity; orchestra; telephone; rooms with bath; rates reasonable. Booklet B. Address J. M. SAYLES, 289 Partridge Street, Albany, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.
THE REXMERE,
Stamford-in-the-Catskills. Opens June 23d. Private golf course. Boating. Daily concerts, etc. 40 suites, with bath. Elevators. For booklets address Moffatt & Peck, 1,180 Broadway, N. Y.

RIPLEY HOUSE, Hunter.—Charmingly located. Ideal Resort. Apply to L. A. Woodworth, Hunter, N. Y.

STONY VIEW HOTEL, Hunter, N. Y. Strictly Kosher. L. W. Meyers.

NEW YORK—Sullivan County.
SULLIVAN COUNTY
The Knoll, Woodbourne, opens May 28th under new management. Board, $14 a week.

There is health and pleasure awaiting you at
SARATOGA SPRINGS
New York State's Mineral Spring Reservation
Stop at one of the 280 Hotels and boarding places.
Walk, drive or auto through the beautiful parks and boulevards, or sit on the broad, shady verandas of the hotels.
Drink water from one of the 40 famous mineral springs and breathe pure mountain air.
There are all the outdoor and indoor exercises and amusements for those who demand either a quiet or strenuous vacation. A free convention hall seats 5,000 people.
Reached via New York Central Lines and Delaware & Hudson R. R.
We will find you a furnished cottage, boarding place, send you literature and complete information. Address
PUBLICITY COMMISSION
Room 5, The Arcade, Saratoga Springs, New York

NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs.
NEW YORK—Westchester County.

HOTEL GRAMATAN
LAWRENCE PARK, BRONXVILLE, N. Y.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
360 Rooms; 120 Private Baths. Exceptional Cuisine. New features: Electric Train Service, 28 minutes; New Golf Course, New Fireproof Garage, Tennis, and all outdoor sports.

NEW YORK—Long Island.
WATSON HOUSE
BABYLON, L. I., 55 Minutes from City.
Select family hotel; modern improvements; accommodates 150; cuisine unsurpassed; now open. EUGENE FREUND.

Garden City Hotel
Garden City, Long Island.
18 Miles from New York. Open all year.
A HIGH CLASS MODERN HOTEL.
REFINED AND EXCLUSIVE.
New a la Carte Restaurant.
J. J. LANNIN COMPANY, PROPS.

SEA VIEW HOUSE,
SAG HARBOR, L. I.
Open May 28; situated on Peconic Bay; bathing, boating, and fishing; all modern improvements; stable and livery; table abundantly supplied with products from our own farm; homelike and comfortable; rooms, single and en suite, with bath, $10 and upward; reached by L. I. R. R. and New York and New London boats. Booking office, The Mansfield, 12 West 44th St. J. K. Morris, Prop.

NEW POINT HOTEL
BY-THE-SEA, ON GREAT SOUTH BAY,
AMITYVILLE, LONG ISLAND.
Opens May 28th, under new management. Accommodates 200; modern conveniences; music, dancing, bowling, billiards, boating, fishing, bathing; also a la carte restaurant. Automobilists accommodated. Send for booklet.
NEW POINT HOTEL CO. WALTER T. PLANT, Pres. JAS. G. PLANT, Mgr., (with Louis Sherry's.)
Address Walter T. Plant, with Hotel Marie Antoinette, Broadway, 66th and 67th Sts.

The INN POINT O'WOODS, Great South Beach, L. I.
Now this season. Faces the Atlantic ocean. Very desirable. Cottages available. Illustrated Booklet. POINT O'WOODS ASS'N, Point O'Woods, N.Y.

Crystal Lake Hotel and Cottages, Freeport, L. I.; fine family hotel; modern improvements; reasonable rates; automobile parties accommodated. A. E. Frost, Prop., Freeport.

NEW YORK—Briarcliff Manor.
Briarcliff Lodge
BRIARCLIFF MANOR, NEW YORK
Under the management of DAVID B. PLUMER.
GEORGE W. TUTTLE, Assistant Manager.
N. Y. Office, Windsor Arcade. Tel., 3278 Murray Hill.

WASHINGTON, D. C.
HOTEL GRAFTON,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Connecticut Avenue and De Sales St.
A new, modern, high-class hotel. Refined accommodations, excellent cuisine. $3 per day upward. American Plan.
HARRINGTON MILLS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.
THE ABSECON,
FORMERLY THE BELMONT,
VIRGINIA AV., NEAR BEACH,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
FIREPROOF. A brick hotel with all the conveniences and comforts of home. Newly renovated throughout, entirely refurnished and new plumbing at an expenditure of $20,000. Rooms en suite with private baths. Elevator from street level. American plan

Choose From Select List---Country Board---Furnished Rooms---Boarders Wanted.

COUNTRY BOARD

25c. a line 1 time; 7 times 18c. a line a day; 30 times 16 2-3c a line a day.

Long Island.

A married lady, Barnard graduate, desires a few young girls as Summer guests; instruction in English, music, elocution, sewing, cooking, athletic sports, combined with home comforts; refined environment; located Long Island; references exchanged; $150 term ten weeks. Conscientious, L 66 Times.

Victoria Cottage, Far Rockaway.—Opens May 15; 127 Central Av., corner Wave Crest entrance; station five minutes; near ocean; first-class German table; homelike accommodations; rates reasonable. Mrs. Rohter, 58 West 72d. 'Phone, 195—Columbus.

Norece Hall, Arverne.—100 feet from ocean; block from Straiton Avenue Station, 40 minutes from New York; Christians. For particulars and reservations inquire above, or 114 West 79th St.

THE STAFFORD, Gaston Av., Arverne, Long Island.—Near ocean; 35 minutes from Broadway; table unexcelled; reasonable rates for Memorial Day.

GREAT NECK, L. I.—Fine location, near water, for refined people; 1 hour out; boat or train; best of board; references exchanged. Mrs. R. M. Ellard.

THE WELLAMORE HOTEL, Cropsey Av. and Bay 17th St.—Beautiful situation on ocean front; bathing; large grove and tennis court.

VILLA ROSA, 8799 21st Ave., 200 ft. from Bay. Unequalled cuisine; elegant rooms; large veranda; reasonable.

Harvard House, Cropsey Av. and Bay 12th St.—Large rooms, furnished or unfurnished; reasonable; light housekeeping.

Rockaway Park, 46 2d Av.—newly furnished apartments, with balconies overlooking ocean; table excellent.

Private family wishes two gentlemen to board; seaside; forty minutes to bridge. L 148 Times.

New York State.

AT GREENPORT-BY-THE-SEA. — Delightful rooms; electric lights, modern bath; all improvements; lawn tennis, verandas, good table; references. I. M. Rayner, Greenport, N. Y.

MEMORIAL DAY.—Saturday night till Tuesday morning, $4; good table; fine view; pleasant surroundings; quiet. Edna Ockenhalf, Tomkins Cove, Rock Terrace, N. Y.

Beautiful mountain scenery; large, shady lawns; modern conveniences; no children; two hours from New York. Mrs. L. H. Palmer, Sugar Loaf, N. Y.

Forty minutes from Grand Central; north end, facing Van Cortlandt Park, Broadway, 260th St.; elevated; magnificent view; trees, lawns, large verandah. Drew.

Memorial Day.—High ground; good table; all improvements; 3 miles station; rates $1.50 day. J. F. Wilkens, Pine View Farm, Peekskill.

New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., 22 South Willow St.—Large and small airy rooms; good table and service; fine verandas, spacious grounds and shade trees; three minutes' walk from Lackawanna station.

Invalids, convalescents seeking health, comfort, homelike surroundings; 'phone 427-R; applicants removed; auto free. Maple Lodge, 104 Maple Av., Montclair, N. J.

HOTEL CLARENDON, Hackettstown, N. J.—Memorial Day; pleasant surroundings; excellent table; 57 miles from New York; come and see us. A. B. Mathias, Prop.

The Plainfield, Plainfield, N. J.—Beautiful commuters' resort; high elevation; five minutes from station; forty-five from New York; first-class accommodations.

HYDROPATHIC HOME, Columbia, Butler, N. J. (Erholungsheim) water, Massage-Osteopathic treatments; diet; reasonable.

EXCELLENT COUNTRY BOARD. — Fifteen minutes Fort Lee Ferry; reasonable prices. Carner, 1,776 Plaza, city.

SUMMIT, N. J.—Airy rooms, with board; private boarding house; select location, near station. 155 Summit Av.

New England.

"ON-THE-HILL."
Watertown, Litchfield Co., Conn.
For nervous and chronic invalids; no objectionable cases; high elevation; extensive grounds, modern equipment; terms moderate.

HILLSIDE FARM will be found a very desirable place for one seeking rest and quiet of the country. Address Hillside Farm, Woodbridge, Conn.

Say you saw it in The Times.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED

20c. a line 1 time; 7 times 18c. a line a day; 30 times 16 2-3c a line a day.

LADY, teacher, desires accommodation in sanitarium in high country, Adirondack Mountains preferred, where she can secure complete rest, good nourishment, and recuperation; moderate terms desired, (under $10 per week,) and no tubercular patients. L 163 Times.

PERSONAL

40 cents per agate line each insertion.

ARMENIAN boy (orphan) 9 years of age, deserted by mother when an infant, desires a home; bright and intelligent and unusually handsome. Address L 160 Times.

LOST

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—On May 26, between 9 and 10 o'clock A. M., at 116th or 42d St. Subway, or in train, a small black pocketbook containing gold locket with three diamonds and chain, French coin, small change, a few pieces of old gold, and a brass souvenir pin. Finder will please return to Mme. Leonard, 22 West 89th St. Reward offered.

LOST.—Saturday, May 21, between Broadway Theatre and Newark, Lackawanna Railroad, black enamel bar pin, with three shells and diamonds. Liberal reward if returned to Henry Bros. & Co., 71 Broadway.

LOST — Tuesday, aquamarine and diamond necklace, frosted leaves, on 34th St., between Revillon's and Altman's, or in Altman's; reward. A. M. Henry, 50 Church St.

LOST.—Wednesday evening, in north-bound Broadway car, at Manhattan St., gold-topped umbrella with monogram. Please notify S. J. Block, 203 Broadway.

LOST—Wednesday, May 25, 1910, a Mystic Shrine jewel, from 45th St. and Madison Av. to Subway and then to 125th St., to 73 West 130th St.

LOST—On Lexington Av., between 86th and 81st, lady's gold watch, initials "M. B."; American flag. Liberal reward. 159 East 93d.

LOST.—Certificate United States Trust Co. No. B 34,354, $1,000, interest 2 per cent.; dated Oct. 11, 1909. Please return to above company.

LOST—Monday, in Sherry's, in or about Holender's, 5th Av., sapphire bar pin; liberal reward return. Burgess, 340 West 57th St.

LOST.—Lady's gold watch and fob, on West Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker Sts. Reward. Room 721, 1,137 Broadway.

LOST.—Between 9 and 12 Monday morning, cameo pin, black, with white head and pearls; liberal reward. 117 East 21st St.

LOST—Shopping, Saturday, baby locket, chain, engraved initials "D. M. K."; reward. Klappert, 1,253 St. Nicholas.

LOST—Gun metal open-faced watch, with fob having gold monogram "G. T. E." Liberal reward. 83 East 80th St.

LOST—Pocketbook containing money, Wednesday evening, May 25, either Subway or 3d Av. L. 'Phone.

LOST—Gold charm with chain, inscription "Mare Ann," last Friday, Central Park; reward. 71 East 80th.

LOST.—Round gold pin, between Madison, 3d Ave., 125th, 135th Sts. Reward. 1,987 Madi...

LOST—Gold watch, initials "T. G." B... Broadway and 125th, Crown, 248 W. 125...

$100 REWARD
WILL BE PAID AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED FOR RETURN OF JEWELRY TAKEN SUNDAY MORNING, May 22, FROM THE HOUSE OF SAMUEL VOSBURGH, 190 FAIRMOUNT AV., NEWARK, N. J.

Say you saw it in The Times.

LOST AND FOUND—CATS, DOGS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Small white dog, female, brindle eye, screw tail; reward offered. John Grobin, 1,655 3d Av., near 93d St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

FOUND

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND.—Lady's gold watch and pendant, 6th Av., 19th St., Wednesday morning. Mail description to H. H., P. O. Box 822, N. Y. City.

FOUND, May 26.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.—2D AV. ELEVATED: Books, &c.; purse, books, bills, gloves, cap, clothing, &c.; pliers, liquid. 3D AV. ELEVATED: Five umbrellas, pin, suit case, lunch bag, purse, book case, books, magazine, 3 pair gloves, 3 odd gloves, keys, belt, hat, cap, slippers, towel, &c.; tissue paper, lamp fixture, tool. 6TH AV. ELEVATED: Pair trousers, books, 4 umbrellas, package books, &c.; card case, button, books, keys, 5 pair gloves, odd glove, belt, pair shoes, coat, towel, package neckties, samples, clothes, twine. 9TH AV. ELEVATED: Basket, 4 umbrellas, spectacles, book, shirt, case, keys, apron, case, pair gloves, hat, dry goods, can polish. SUBWAY: Books, 7 umbrellas, purse, pocketbook, gloves, towel, law papers, insurance papers, clothing, apron, &c.; cloth, box, collar and letter, silk and gold stick, pair shoes, portfolio, wallet, overcoat, machine, dry battery, fishing reel, belt, knife.

FOUND, May 26.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. RICHARD PECK, New Haven Line: Belt, book. S. S. COMMONWEALTH: Veil, shaving brush, eye glasses, comb, gold chain and locket, cap, stick pin, memo books, razor, medals, cuffs, book mark, veil, pajamas, coathanger, child's night dress, night shirt, soap box, overcoat.

FOUND, May 25—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply foot of Liberty St.: ON TRAINS—Package, five umbrellas, pair gloves. May 23, ON SANDY HOOK BOAT—Pair earrings and ring. May 24, ON FERRY—Clock.

FOUND, May 25—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Pair gloves, six packages, three umbrellas.

FOUND, May 25—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Nine umbrellas, pair gloves, tie pin, comb, two packages, pocket case, commutation ticket, satchel, purse.

FOUND, May 25—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Three umbrellas, box, package.

FOUND, May 25—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Package, umbrella.

FOUND, May 25—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: ON RAILROAD TRAINS—Tooth brush and buttonhook, two water bags, two umbrellas, one glove, spectacles, nightshirt, package, penknife, hat. IN JERSEY CITY STATION—Umbrella. ON LEHIGH VALLEY TRAIN—Hat.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CANDY.

R. H. MACY & CO. require competent, experienced saleswomen for their candy department. Apply at office of General Manager.

COOK.—Willing to do little coarse washing; small family; bring references. 15 West 10th St.

LAUNDRESS, assist with chamberwork; reference required. 99 Riverside Drive. Entrance 82d St.

NURSE. — Graduate nurse for International Sunshine Sanatorium, Cropsey and 23d Avs., Brooklyn; salary, $25 monthly. Phone 149—Bath Beach.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

HELP WANTED—MALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A LARGE CORPORATION DESIRES THREE ENERGETIC MEN TO SELL LOTS IN NEW JERSEY SUBDIVISION; GOOD FRESH LEADS FURNISHED; LIBERAL COMMISSION. CALL 9 TO 12 A. M., MANAGER, SUITE 1,209, 45 W. 34TH ST.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR of experience in trade paper lines; good opportunity with well-known publishing house; offers permanent territory with control of same to right man. Call 202 East 12th St., fifth floor.

AN EXPERIENCED YOUNG MAN as stock and record clerk in dry goods department, (funeral supply house;) state reference and salary expected. D. G., Box 249 Times.

AUTO HOUSE wants young man timekeeper in shop; references required; salary $10.00. Address L 169 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Wanted, a bright young Christian man, not over 21 years, in a well-established commercial business as assistant bookkeeper; permanent position and opportunity to advance; prefer one who has actually done ledger work recently; give in your reply fac simile of your figures and writing, state what experience, if any, with references, what salary you want, and if you live with your parents. Commerce, Box 242 Times.

CANVASSERS, COLLECTORS.—Best sick and death policy produced; easy to place; experience unnecessary; speaks for itself in and out of city, (not accident insurance;) best future for producers, averaging $25 weekly; investigate. Room 510, 1,431 Broadway.

COACHMAN. — Experienced; references; in country place; caring lawn and garden; $20. Ackerman, 187 Greenwich.

DESIGNER.—Wanted, designer of gold jewelry. Carter, Howe & Co., Park and Mulberry Sts., Newark, N. J.

DIE SINKERS.—First-class die sinkers on drop forge dies, also hand and automatic screw machine operators, boring mill hands, and machine grinders; steady work and good wages. In replying give age, experience, and wages expected. The Locomobile Co. of America, Bridgeport, Conn.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES WANTED.—Write for New York examination schedule; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 2,430, Rochester, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE and insurance agents to sell a good suburban lot development within 15 miles of New York on easy monthly payments; good leads furnished; only experienced, first-class hustlers need apply; liberal inducements, salary and commission. The Kline Realty and Improvement Company, 25 Church St., city.

SALESMEN WANTED.—No experience required; hundreds of positions now open, paying from $100 to $500 monthly. Our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how to get one of them. Write, (or call,) for it today. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 1,210 D., Flatiron Building, New York. Branches, Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Atlanta.

SALESMAN wanted; the best advertised real estate proposition in Greater New York; any live salesman can make good on this proposition; call before 12:30. P. A. Johnston, 150 Nassau St., Room 804, New York.

SALESMEN to sell our stock to investors; it is the safest, surest opportunity to make money ever offered; everything guaranteed; commission only; no advances; we want real salesmen. Crescent Iron Ore Co., 1 Wall St.

SALESMAN.—Man with qualities of salesmanship for general advertising work; references an absolute requirement. Address, giving experience and references, L 154 Times.

SALESMEN, experienced, to sell houses, lots, and acreage on Long Island; liberal commission; leads furnished. Thos. Browne, 146 East 34th St.

SOLICITOR.—An excellent opportunity is offered a bright, energetic young man on a high-class financial publication soliciting subscriptions. Address, giving previous experience, if any, Box L 159 Times.

WANTED—Photo retouchers to work on prints of mechanical subjects; state age, experience, references, wages, and submit samples of work; also want good commercial artist. General Electric Company's Publication Bureau, Schenectady, N. Y.

WANTED—By automobile house, young man, 20, as assistant bookkeeper; state experience and references; salary to start $10. Address L 170 Times.

WANTED—Boy in office; age about 18; must write well, live with parents, and be willing to work. Wanamaker, M 1 Times.

HELP WANTED—MALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WANTED—Experienced circular workers and addressers. S. S. McClure Company, 44 East 23d St., New York.

YOUNG MEN WANTED.—Positions paying $1,200 to $1,800 per annum; tenement house and sanitary inspector examinations about due, we give a practical course; terms reasonable. Apply 5-6 P. M., Builders' Office, 271 West 40th.

AGENTS WANTED

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

AGENTS.—Male or female, to sell a stamp-affixing machine; every office can use it; keeps counts, and sticks your stamps; unlimited field; agents make big money. Call 9-11 A. M., 171 Broadway, Room 35.

WANTED—A good, live, up-to-date commission man to handle a grade of low-priced hosiery and muslin underwear to the jobbing trade; none but experienced men need apply. Address The Bishop-Schaffner Co., manufacturers and mill agents, 429A Broad St., Harrisburg, Pa.

HELP WANTED, EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, typewriters, office assistants, cashiers, furnished free. Wright Agency, 335 Broadway. Franklin 973.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers, furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau. Cort. 4221.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, and OFFICE ASSISTANTS wanted for positions with reliable firms; only those whose references will bear investigation; no registration fee. Gahagan's Exchange, 256 Broadway.

Domestic Help.

A. A. HOFMAYER, 320 FIFTH AV., 9TH floor.—Well-recommended servants. Telephone 4527 Madison Square.

COLONIAL BUREAU moved to 56 West 39th; strictly reliable domestic help. 5582 Murray Hill.

MISS BRINKLEY
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.
Competent servants supplied after a careful, thorough investigation of their references.

SITUATIONS WANTED, EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

CHILDREN'S, infants' nurses, seamstresses, maids, nursery governesses, housekeepers, practical trained nurses, masseurs. Mrs. Pillsbury's Bureau, 507 5th Av. 6185 Murray Hill.

COOKS, laundresses, houseworkers, chambermaids, elevator runners, usefulmen. Porter's Bureau, 142 West 133d. 94 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

RELIABLE COOKS, laundresses, housework-ers, chambermaids, day workers. Shepherd's Bureau, 107 West 133d. 6016 Morningside.

RELIABLE COLORED HELP furnished, city and country. Duncan's Help Exchange, 66 West 133d St. 'Phone 1447 Harlem.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th St; bond, $1,000, guarantees colored help; 1,119 Harlem.

VICTORIA AGENCY, 36 West 133d St., furnishes high-class colored help; city, country. (4747—Harlem.)

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ATTENDANT OR COMPANION.—Position as sick room attendant or companion to invalid by refined educated Southern woman, with many years' experience gained as the wife of a successful physician. Write to Mrs. Johnson, care of Garwood, 129 West 96th St.

A YOUNG lady desires position in country hotel to assist housekeeper, take charge of linen room, or seamstress in private family; best references. Apply Clara de Hirsch Home, 225 East 63d St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, intelligent, active worker, desires position where she can advance; moderate salary. Miss Cone, 605 Madison Av. 'Phone 2993 Plaza.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, and typewriter, experienced, competent; have earned $25 per week; will accept $20 until ability is proved; highest references. Miss C., 195 Times Downtown.

CHAMBERMAID.—Lady going abroad wishes to place her chambermaid; highly recommended. Seen at 31 East 37th St.

COOK.—A lady sailing for Europe wishes to place an excellent cook for Summer or permanently. Call or address 110 East 31st St. Thursday or Friday afternoon, after 1 o'clock.

STENOGRAPHER, five years' continuous experience; can take dictation rapidly and transcribe neatly, quickly, and intelligently; understands office work thoroughly; references; $15. Expert, C 194 Times, Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; accurate, rapid; can handle correspondence independently; possesses superior ability. L. G., 9 South Oxford St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly experienced general lines; qualified handle any work; rapid; educated; of good address; first-class references. Positive, 165 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Some experience; accuracy rather than speed; good education; good foundation for expert; salary reasonable; good speller. Quick, 167 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—One year's experience; high school education; can assist routine office duties; references; salary, $8. Miss M., 196 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Willing worker, desires position where she can advance; moderate salary to start. Miss Nahrman, 605 Madison Av. 'Phone 2993—Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, careful; any machine; transcribes accurately, intelligently; $12; references. Stenographer, 133 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, capable, and rapid; permanent position; $15. Miss Burke, 505 Monolith Building.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent speller; reads notes well; operates machine neatly; $8; C 198 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; six months' experience; willing and efficient. L 146 Times.

YOUNG GIRL wishes position; chambermaid, plain sewing; good references. Call to-day. 231 East 76th.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books, $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2239—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert all lines; books opened, closed, written up, systematized; audits $5 monthly, upward. Accountant, 2,406 Morris Av. Telephone 3528—Tremont.

ACCOUNTANT (degree) desires additional work any books, any time. P. O. Box 225, Madison Square.

APARTMENT HOUSE MANAGER will be open for engagement about Aug. 1; 12 years in present position; has a large following and thoroughly conversant with every detail. Williams, Box 100, 1,304 Broadway.

ARCHITECTURAL DAUGHTSMAN wants work for spare time evenings; 75 cents hour. L 17 Times.

A SALESMAN WHO IS A SELLER.
A man of exceptional business ability desires to connect with established, rated manufacturer requiring the services of a high-grade representative with thorough selling qualifications; (28;) highly indorsed personality. L 165 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 24, double entry, experienced and accurate, desires position offering chances for advancement; typewriting; excellent references. A. Podnus, 1,771 Fulton Av., city.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, correspondent, 27; competent. Thomas, 1,322 38th St., Brooklyn.

BOY (19) desires employment on farm or as hallboy; bright and ambitious. Address B. G., F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway, New York City.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CAPABLE young man, 29, desires a position at anything; real estate or insurance office preferred; experienced in that line. George Holst, Jr., 53 Larch St., Flushing, N. Y.

CARPENTER.—A1 practical mechanic; new alterations, general repairing; can take charge office building, hotel, landlord; reference. Feinson, 87 Bartlett St., Brooklyn.

COMPANION.—By a young man, 23 years old, speaking German, French, and English, of good appearance, having completed his courses in universities of Germany, as companion, or traveling companion. Address Dr. Rubash, 405 West 57th St.

GARDENER.—American, married, no family, willing, capable, A1 references, wishes position at once. A. W., care S. & W. Co., 50 Barclay St.

CARPENTER.—First-class; wants day's work or contracts; experienced in building cottages, country. G. R., 207 East 52d St.

CARPENTER, all around union mechanic, wants position; understands plans. James Peel, 284 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; best reference; city or country. Dunn, 326 East 62d.

CHIEF DRAUGHTSMAN.—Steam or hydraulic; in or near New York City. C 193 Times Downtown.

COACHMAN.—A lady sailing for Europe wishes to place a competent coachman, whom she can highly recommend. Call or address present employer's, 110 East 31st St., Thursday, after 1 o'clock.

COUPLE desires steady position; country; entire housework; small family; handle horse; man American; wife German, speaks French; with girl 10 years old; best references. Reliable, 325 West 50th St.

DETECTIVE seeks work by day or week shadowing, investigating. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

ELECTRICIAN.—Graduate from Hebrew technical institute; good on dynamos, motors, and gas engines; desires position with chance for advancement. B. Levinson, 339 Williams Av., Brooklyn.

ENGINEER.—Fifteen years' practical experience; take charge any plant. Douglas, 602 West 184th St. Telephone.

MAN, 28, German, handy with tools, experience in plumbing, locksmithing, carpentry, electric lighting, wishes steady position; references. Griese, 211 West 66th.

MASSAGE BY REGISTERED PHYSICIAN; EUROPEAN GRADUATE; MODERN METHODS AND APPARATUS. J 49 TIMES.

I am 24, educated, able, serious, neat; desire $15 position in business. L 120 Times.

MAN wants position of any kind; handy with tools; also painter; references. M 6 Times.

MESSENGER, &c.—By young man, colored, as office messenger, porter, hotel, bank, factory. Armores, 146 West 124th St.

REFINED YOUNG COLORED MAN desires position of any kind; references. Spauve, 73 West 133d.

TRAVELERS' COMPANION wants position; has been all over Europe, Africa, North and South America; speaks English, French German, Spanish. John Sturzenbaum, 321 West 24th, city.

WATCHMAN, NIGHTS.—Competent, sober; city references. W. Ransom, 257 8th Av.

YOUNG MAN, 18, experienced shipping clerk, wants position with a reliable concern; intelligent, willing, and faithful; good references. Benjamin Daniels, 51 West 111th St.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wishes position with commercial house, with chance for advancement; also knowledge bookkeeping. C 200 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, industrious and ambitious, desires employment on farm. Address F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 18, High School graduate, wishes position. M 1 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

I—879 WEST END AV., corner 103d, block Riverside Park, Subway express, surface cars; beautiful vine-covered corner house; finely furnished rooms; private baths; private telephones; excellent table.

22D ST., 245 WEST.—Large, small rooms; running water; early breakfast; $5.50-$6; parlor; telephone.

44TH ST., 102 WEST.—Hotel Humphrey; American plan. Two rooms with baths; single room; table board; $5 per week.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Boarders wanted; rooms; telephone; reference.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; finely furnished; running water; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; physician or family; other large and small rooms; board optional; near Central Park.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Desirable suite, private bath; single, with bath; unsurpassed cuisine; table guests.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Cool comfortable rooms; Summer rates; private boarding house; parlor dining room.

80TH ST., 141 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; high-class home table board; parlor dining; references.

82D ST., 126 WEST.—Rooms suitable for one or two; table board; American family.

82D ST., 27 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms; excellent table; Summer rate; reference.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished, large rooms; private baths; table guests; Summer rates; references.

83D ST., 127 WEST.—Cool, comfortable rooms; good table; parlor dining room; Summer rate; references.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; all conveniences; Summer rates; table guests accommodated.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Large, small, attractive rooms; parlor dining; superior table; telephone; table guests.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Near "L," Subway, and Park; desirable room; good board; telephone; references.

93D ST., 270 WEST.—Two large front rooms, bath; suite or singly.

102D ST., 243 WEST.—Private house; select locality; near Riverside; unusually large room; strictly private bath, shower; 3 closets; choice table; boarding house atmosphere eliminated; also other accommodations; reasonable.

116TH ST., 363 WEST.—Excellent accommodations in strictly private house; handsomely furnished rooms; excellent home cooking and all home comforts; reasonable rates.

120TH ST., 152 WEST.—Desirable room, with board; all conveniences; southern exposure; single room; telephone.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793—Bryant.

A LARGE, comfortable room, with board, in home refined American family; references indispensable. 2022—River. Address Owner, Box 210 Times.

ACROPOLIS HOTEL, 519 West 123d St.—Single or en suite; American or European plan.

BROADWAY, 3,686, Near 153d St.—Location unsurpassed; Riverside; quiet, cool, large rooms; fine home table; telephone; Subway; couples, families; references.

LENOX AV., 242.—Nicely furnished, cheerful rooms; Summer rates; American family; telephone.

MORNINGSIDE HEIGHTS, 400 West 118th.—Large attractive corner rooms overlooking park; glorious view; celebrated table; every convenience; room and board, $11 weekly.

THE MARBLE HOUSE,
Broadway, at 215th St., OPPOSITE SUBWAY STATION; ONLY PLACE OF ITS KIND IN CITY; FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS; large, small rooms; suites; immense grounds, overlooking Hudson, Palisades, Harlem River. 'Phone.

East Side.

111TH ST., 26 EAST, Adjoining 5th Av.—Handsome rooms, newly decorated; running water; superior table.

125TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; phone.

47TH ST., 116 EAST.—Front parlor, suitable light business or small family; table board; telephone.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—Large rooms, also one hall room, with board; Summer rates; references.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

East Side.

63D ST., 28 EAST, Corner of Madison Av.; 694-696 Madison.—Suites, with bath; also separate rooms; excellent board; parlor dining; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 40 EAST, Corner of Madison.—One block from park; beautiful rooms; excellent board; elevator.

GRAMERCY PARK, No. 1—Small room; privilege of private park. Telephone 1984 Gramercy.

Brooklyn.

5 MONTAGUE TERRACE, HEIGHTS.—Subway five minutes Broadway; convenient sea shore; all points Greater New York; neighborhood, house high class; table choicest products New York markets. 905—Main.

Bronx.

A GRAND, large room, $3.50; wide view, breezy; on Longwood Av., (917); Prospect Av. Subway 2 blocks; best board $4. Barnes.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston, on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance; special rates starting season early. Apply direct or 1,123 Broadway.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

57TH AV., 46.—Well furnished large, small rooms; breakfast served; refined surroundings; references; telephone.

7TH AV., 1,919, (116th.)—Choice rooms, single, en suite; elevator apartment. Fifth floor, south.

12TH ST., 113 WEST.—Double and single room, residential block; business people; references required.

13TH ST., 104, (West of 6th Av.)—Desirable hall rooms, adjoining bathrooms, for gentlemen.

15TH ST., 252 WEST.—Newly furnished room, all conveniences; private house; telephone.

18TH, 26 WEST.—Furnished rooms, single and double; all conveniences; $2 up. Addleg Co.

21ST ST., 355 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; single and double; convenient; newly decorated and furnished.

29TH ST., 338 WEST.—Large and small rooms, newly furnished.

43D ST., 117 WEST.—Exceptionally well furnished rooms, large and small; southern exposure; telephone; references.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished large and small rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; references.

46TH ST., 41 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, airy room, with private tiled bath, on second floor of well-kept private house; $10 a week, $35 a month; breakfast if desired; gentlemen only; references exchanged.

48TH ST., 134 WEST.—Large room and bath; for gentleman; private house.

58TH ST., 222 WEST.—Nicely furnished parlor with piano; bedroom, and adjoining bath; other rooms; telephone.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Unusually pleasant room; attractively furnished; improvements; low rental until September.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; private house; select, convenient neighborhood; moderate.

70TH ST., 103 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; not the cheapest, but the best.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Private house; large rooms or suite; private bath; gentlemen; couple; telephone.

73D ST., 177 WEST.—Large second floor front room, all conveniences; two single rooms; references.

73D ST., 179 WEST.—Large front room; hot and cold water; all conveniences; Subway.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Desirable rooms; near "L" and Subway; references; telephone.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; electric light; parquet floor; reference. Owner.

80TH ST., WEST.—Beautiful, luxuriously furnished light rooms; exclusive private family; near Subway, "L," Park; all conveniences; moderate. 7514 Schuyler.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house; large second-floor front; furnishings entirely new; moderate; references.

81ST, 108 WEST.—Newly furnished large hall rooms; private house; Subway, "L"; references.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms; suitable physicians; electrical installation; telephone; baths. Inquire mornings.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Desirable large rooms, with bath; all conveniences; also parlor for doctor.

82D, 148 WEST.—Large front room, dressing room; running water; also single; references; telephone.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, bright, single rooms; running water; well furnished; $2.50, $4. Anderson.

88TH ST., 71 WEST.—Dainty, cool, light room; lavatory; homelike; moderate; small family; references. Hayden.

88TH ST., 265 WEST.—Large, comfortably furnished room, running water; refined surroundings; private house; Subway.

91ST ST., 75 WEST.—Near Park; nice airy rooms; comfortably furnished; ample closets; elevator; electric lights; telephone; "L," Subway; $3-$7. Brown.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; running water; also small room; all conveniences.

92D, 100 WEST.—Parlor bedroom, bath; one flight; private hall; Summer rates; references. Wyatt.

94TH ST., 205 WEST.—Three nicely furnished, airy rooms, suitable two; 'phone; elevator; moderate. Sander.

108TH ST., 235 WEST.—Outside room, spotlessly kept; private family; telephone, Subway. Apartment 2.

110TH ST., 100 WEST.—Large outside room, kitchenette apartment, overlooking Cathedral. Telephone, Subway, "L." Pierce.

112TH, 504 WEST.—Large connecting, independent front rooms; two south rooms; elevator, phone. Cooke.

114TH ST., 500 WEST.—Handsomely furnished parlor suite, overlooking Columbia; with or without kitchen. Gavin.

115TH ST., 412 WEST, Morningside Heights.—Attractive parlor and bedroom, large; bathroom adjoining; two blocks from Subway; telephone; private family. Wright.

121ST ST., 206 WEST.—Large back parlor; also smaller room; reasonable; private house; telephone.

121ST ST., 231 WEST.—Front room, southern exposure, one flight; homelike. Telephone 4568—Morningside. Gotthold.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—High-class rooms; electric light, elevator; all improvements. Kenyon.

122D ST., 245 WEST.—Large and small rooms, private house; very clean and well furnished.

124TH ST., 17 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms, facing Park; all home comforts; near Subway.

136TH ST., 522 WEST.—Large, light, well-furnished room in new elevator apartment near Morningside, Riverside; one block Subway express station; business woman preferred; references. Telephone 4860 Morningside. Campbell.

143D ST., Corner Amsterdam Av., Over Bank.—Outside room; elevator apartment; running water. MacArthur.

159TH ST., 571 WEST.—Rooms; telephone; Subway; table board. Kilpatrick.

CLAREMONT AV., 130, Apartment 35.—Attractively furnished rooms, overlooking Grant's Tomb; elevator apartment; telephone; near Subway; breakfast optional; reasonable; gentlemen.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600, (corner 137.)—Two-room suite, private bath; other rooms, running water; Subway express at corner; meal accommodations. Pierson.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668.—Large and cool room for gentleman, Jewish preferred. Apartment 44.

ROOMS in clean private house; private bath, twin beds; breakfast; permanent gentlemen. 522 River.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 843, (127th.)—Handsomely furnished suites; four, five rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity; silver, linen; lowest Summer rate,

ERIE RATES GO UP FOR COMMUTERS

Smallest Advance Is Twenty-Five Cents a Month and the Largest $4.

MINIMUM WILL BE $5.50

About 20,000 Commuters Affected—Railroad Says It Has Been Losing Money on This Business.

General Passenger Agent R. H. Wallace of the Erie Railroad announced yesterday that the Erie had just filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission new rates of fare for the New York suburban district, carrying increases ranging all the way from 25 cents to $4 a month, to become effective on July 1.

The four-dollar-a-month increase applies to points forty miles or more from New York. Mr. Wallace explained that in rearranging the passenger tariffs the basis of 1 cent a mile for the sixty-trip tickets for the first eight miles was taken. For nine miles the charge is to be 4 per cent. less than the cent a mile rate, or 8.64 mills a mile. For ten miles 4 per cent. is again deducted, leaving 8.29 mills a mile, or 8.29 cents for the ten miles, and so on up to thirty miles, when the rate will drop to half a cent a mile. The result is that a minimum of $5.50 a month is established for the sixty-trip tickets.

The new fifty-trip family tickets, good for a year, are based on 2 cents a mile, less 20 per cent., or 1.6 cents a mile, while a flat rate of 2 cents a mile is to be charged for the ten-trip tickets.

Mr. Wallace estimates, taking the March sales as a basis, that the increase in rates will bring in annually about $240,000 additional revenue. It is estimated that about 20,000 persons will be affected by the advances. These figures show how the burden will be distributed:

Range of Increase.	Persons Affected.
.25 to .50	4,105
.55 to .75	5,161
.80 to $1.00	2,315
$1.05 to 1.25	4,660
1.30 to 1.50	1,911
1.55 to 1.75	607
1.80 to 2.00	336
2.00 to 3.00	42
3.00 to 4.00	9

Here is a comparison between the old and the new rates for two of the most popular tickets, those for sixty trips and those for ten trips, between New York and some of the better known towns on the Erie:

	Sixty-Trip New Rate.	Sixty-Trip Old Rate.	Ten-Trip New Rate.	Ten-Trip Old Rate.
Arlington	$5.50	$5.00	$1.50	$1.25
North Newark	5.50	5.00	1.80	1.50
East Orange	5.95	5.50	2.29	1.50
Orange	6.20	5.50	2.25	1.75
Bloomfield	6.05	5.50	2.23	1.75
Glen Ridge	6.20	5.50	2.25	1.75
Montclair	6.35	5.50	2.00	2.00
Montclair Heights	6.35	5.75	3.20	2.50
Cedar Grove	7.30	6.35	3.00	3.50
Verona	7.60	6.35	4.25	3.50
Little Falls	7.35	6.00	3.95	3.40
Garfield	6.25	5.50	2.50	2.35
Passaic	6.25	5.50	2.50	2.35
Paterson	6.95	5.80	3.20	2.95
Newark	5.50	4.60	...	1.25
Nutley	6.20	5.50	2.45	2.15
Palisades Park	6.00	5.20	2.30	2.00
Englewood	6.75	6.00	3.00	2.55
Nyack	8.95	8.30	5.50	4.25
Hackensack (Essex Street)	6.50	5.50	2.70	2.35
River Edge	7.15	6.35	3.50	3.20
Manuet	8.90	8.25	4.95	4.70
New City	9.65	9.00	6.40	5.00

Mr. Wallace said the Erie had been hauling the Jersey commuter up to the present time at a loss.

"We believe," continued Mr. Wallace, "that our patrons, a majority of whom have been using the Erie for many years, will appreciate the necessity of this action and will realize that we were compelled to file a higher schedule in order to have revenue equal to expenses.

"Let me state again that the commutation business is not, and may never be, profitable, but as there has always been a disposition to question this statement, it can only be said that the commuter sees the situation from one viewpoint, while the Auditor, who makes the cost sheets, knows the exact facts.

"The increase in cost of handling our business is due to many things. When the old commutation rates were made, for instance, the tracks were laid with sixty-seven-pound rails at $15 a ton. Now 85 to 100 pound rails are laid, costing $28 a ton, with thirty more tons to the mile. Ties were 30 cents; now they are 75 cents. Labor was $1 a day; now it is $1.75 to $2. Passenger cars cost formerly $4,700; the sixty coaches bought a year or two ago cost $8,800 each. Locomotives were $8,000; to-day the average price is $15,000. Labor of all descriptions has doubled, yet up to a certain point the full effect was not bad, because travel gradually increased."

We Can Save Money

for you on **Household Removals** to nearby or distant points with our **New Motor Vans.** They are **Speedy** and **Economical.** Let us tell you how they beat shipment by rail or water.

Phone 6900 Main, or write for estimates.

EXPERTS OF 30 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

IN GARRISON'S MEMORY.

Tablets to Him and Henry George to Be Erected Here.

A committee to honor the memories of William Lloyd Garrison and Henry George has been organized. An elaborate programme of ceremonies has been arranged for next Monday—Memorial Day—at 4:30 P. M.

The committee includes Lyman Abbott, Cornelius N. Bliss, Andrew Carnegie, R. Fulton Cutting, Bishop David H. Greer, Seth Low, George Foster Peabody, Lawson Purdy, George R. Read, William Jay Schieffelin, Gustav H. Schwab, Charles Scribner, Isaac N. Seligman, Dr. M. Allen Starr, Horace White and Bolton Hall.

Two tablets will be unveiled on Memorial Day by the committee in memory of the two great American reformers. The one to Garrison will be put in the Union Square Hotel, at Fourth Avenue and Fifteenth Street, where the abolitionist died in May, 1879. The one to Henry George will be put in the Westmoreland Hotel, at Fourth Avenue and Seventeenth Street, where the founder of the single tax movement died in October, 1897.

Wedding Presents

15% Reduction

Large Selection of Jewelry and Silverware

Howard & Co

Fifth Avenue and Forty-Seventh St.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Special sale of 200 styles of $25.00 and $30.00 suitings, reduced. Two piece suit to measure $17.00. Style and tailoring perfect. Outing trousers, white and striped flannel, $5.00.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

Kennedy 12 CORTLANDT ST.

Straw Hats
Biggest Stock
Lowest Prices

Bought by the carload Sold by the single hat

All middlemen's profits saved!

Soutit flat brimmed	.	1.49,	1.90,	2.40
English split (flat)	1.49,	1.90,	2.40,	2.90
Mackinaw roll brims	.	1.49,	1.90,	2.40
Pencil curls	. . . . .	1.90,	2.40,	2.90

LAST 16 DAYS

$6.50 Buys a $15 Suit or Topcoat.

WE POSITIVELY VACATE JUNE 11TH. Every Garment Must Be Sold. All the Newest Goods, up-to-the-minute styles. Big assortment to select from. All strictly hand-tailored garments and made for this season's trade. Everything Less Than ½ Former Prices.

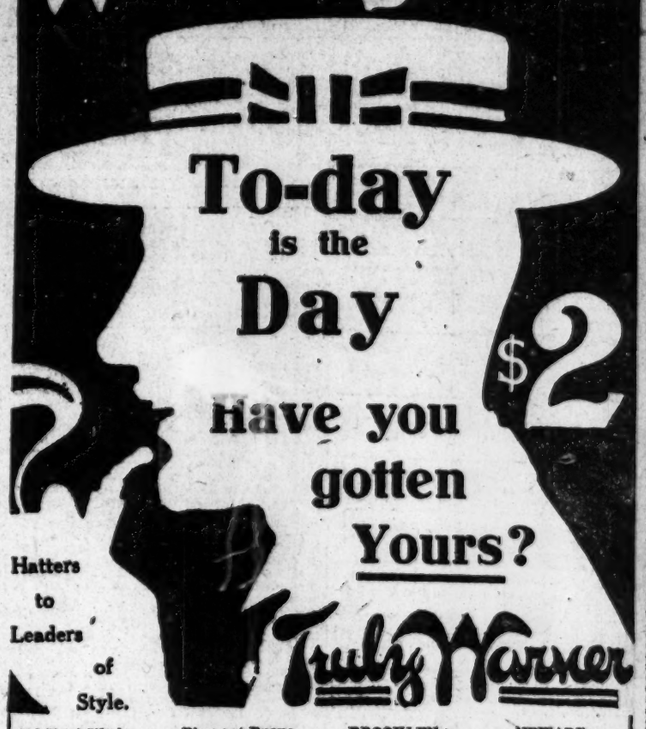
$25.00 Suits and Topcoats, now	$8.50
$25.00 Suits and Topcoats, now	10.00
$30.00 Suits and Topcoats, now	12.50
$35.00 Suits and Topcoats, (silk lined,) now	15.00

English Slip-ons, Trousers, Vests, Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits, Etc., Etc. All at less ½ former prices.

James Young, Inc., 38 NEW ST., One block from Wall St. Subway

SELLING OUT

WARNER STRAWS



To-day is the Day

$2

Have you gotten Yours?

Hatters to Leaders of Style.

Truly Warner

42d St. at 5th Av. B'way at 37th. B'way at 12th. B'way at Bleecker. | B'way at Duane. B'way at Fulton. Nassau at Liberty. 38 Park Row. | BROOKLYN: 401 Fulton Street. 722 Broadway. | NEWARK: 823 Broad St. PHILADELPHIA: 1305 Market St.

STRAW HATS in all our stores—yours at the nearest. Get it to-day, $3 or $2.

Wallach Bros.

Third Avenue, Corner 122d Street (Open Evenings)

1195 Broadway Just Below 29th Street

REAL Panama Hats, otherwhere they would cost $10—Here special at $5.

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

Memorial Day

BLUE will be the dominant color of the uniforms in the parades on Monday.

Even in citizen's dress blue is the most becoming color a man can wear. That is why we have made an especial feature of our Blue Serge Suits. Every one of them was made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx, made with especial care that it might in every way attain the Wallach Standard of Value. There are many and many models in plain blue serge here, many more in herringbone and self stripes—

all mighty attractive to look at, all mighty well made. Our Blue Serge Suits range in price from $18 to $40. At $20, $22.50 and $25 you will find values really unusual, for at those prices we make our greatest effort to give unusual values. Come in and see them, for in the seeing and wearing lies the proof of these good clothes of ours.

Fancy Suits, too, of course—a great multitude of them, and splendid light weight overcoats. Prices?

Overcoats $15 to $40. Suits $18 to $50

Special

THE run of sizes in some of our best lines of Suits has been broken. Broken sizes mean reduced prices; that is why some $20, $22.50, $25, $28, $30 and $35 Hart, Schaffner & Marx Spring Suits are now $18.

White Trousers

SEPARATE trousers of plain white serge or white serge with fine hair line stripes of black and blue. Real $6.00 Trousers, Special at $4.00.

Kno-tair

WE are the exclusive agents for Kno-tair Hose in New York. We sell Kno-tair hose because we know that no other hose at like price offers values so great. Six pairs boxed, guaranteed for six months, at the following prices:
Men's lisle like hose, $1.50.
Women's lisle like hose, $2.00.
Men's and Women's silk lisle hose, $3.00.

MOE LEVY & CO.

DISSOLVE

After thirty-one years of success it seems a shame to dissolve the partnership of such a growing, smooth-running business. It seems a shame when the season is just opening to sacrifice clothes of such beauty and quality as ours. Naturally we had prepared for a full season's business and it's easily understood that our stocks are large.

Although our stores have been crowded since the sale began, it will take more than one week's selling to perceptibly reduce the stocks. We mention this because there is just as good a choice to-day as when the sale started.

Remember that every suit is the product of our own manufacture and is sold with the same service guarantee as though you paid us the original selling price.

Men's Clothing

Entire Stock of Suits and Overcoats Divided Into These Five Lots

Formerly **$12.50** to **$14.50**; now **$9.50**
Formerly **$15.00** to **$20.00**; now **$12.50**
Formerly **$22.50** to **$25.00**; now **$15.50**
Formerly **$27.50** to **$30.00**; now **$19.50**
Formerly **$32.50** to **$37.50**; now **$23.50**

Young Men's Suits

Nobby long pants suits for youths

Formerly priced $8.00 to $10.00, now **$6.50.** Formerly priced $12.00 to $14.00, now **$8.50.** Formerly priced $15.00 to $18.00, now **$10.50.** Formerly priced $20.00 to $25.00, now **$12.50.** Sizes 32 to 37.

Men's Furnishing Items

50c. Hosiery, 3 pr. for 50c., **17c.** $1.50 and $2.00 Men's Shirts, **95c.** 50c. *President Suspenders*, **29c.** 25c. *Boston* Garters, **14c.** 50c. Otis Lisle Underwear, **35c.** 50c. *Porosknit* Underwear, **29c.** $1.00 genuine French balbriggan underwear, now **65c.** All our 50c. and 75c. neckwear, now **25c.** $1.00 and $1.50 Men's Belts, now **50c.**

Men's Straw Hats

At Walker Street and Brooklyn Stores Only.
$1.90 and $2.40 straws, now **$1.55.** $2.90 to $3.50 straws, now **$2.15.** Panamas at less than cost.

Children's Clothing

At Walker Street and Brooklyn Stores Only.

Reefers formerly $2.95, now	$1.35	$4.95 and $5.95 suits and reefers	$3.15
Suits formerly $2.95, now	$1.95	$6.95 & $7.95 suits and reefers, now	$4.25
Suits and reefers formerly $3.95	$2.55	Suits formerly $8.95 & $9.95, now	$5.50

$1.00 and 75c. Boys' Wash Suits, 39c.

MOE LEVY & CO.

Stores Open Evenings Until 9 P. M. Saturdays, 11 P. M.

1439 Broadway, Bet. 40th & 41st St., NEW YORK | 119-125 Walker St., (3 Blocks East of B'way) NEW YORK | 380-382 Fulton St., Corner of Smith St., BROOKLYN

ARE YOUR FRIENDS GOING ABROAD?

"Bon Voyage" means more than a salutation when accompanied by a gift of RIPIN'S BON VOYAGE WINE BASKET. Seasick persons relish sparkling wines when unable to partake of the lightest food. After the wine is gone—*the basket makes a convenient luggage carrier.*

A USEFUL AND SENSIBLE SUBSTITUTE FOR PERISHABLE FRUITS, FLOWERS, ETC.

THIS BASKET CONTAINS
2 PINTS EACH
WHITE LABEL CHAMPAGNE
SPARKLING BURGUNDY
SPARKLING MOSELLE

Sealed and delivered to steamer or residence **$5**

TELEPHONE INQUIRIES INVITED

RIPIN & COMPANY
342-346 W. 36th St., N. Y. City
Tel. Murray Hill 9466